Selma Evening Reporter.

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DAILY REPORTER.

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WEEKLY REPORTER.

Six months.....$10 00

Subscriptions received for a time not longer than three months for the Daily and six months for the Weekly.

Advertising Rates:

Per square of ten lines, one insertion.....$4 00
" " " one week.....18 00
" " " two weeks.....32 00
" " " one month.....60 00
" " " two months.....100 00

No advertisement received for a longer period than three months.

Obituary notices charged by the square.

PUBLIC SALES.

AUCTION SALES—The following Quartermaster Stores will be sold at public auction by Messrs. Sink & Thompson on Saturday, 1st of April, 1865:

11 Axes 10 Camp Kettles;
6 Pots; 1 Stove;
41 Ovens; 6 Ox Yokes;
46 Skillets; 39 Lids;
4 Shovels.

J C GRAHAM,
mh28 3tds Capt and Post Q M.

AUCTION SALES—Valuable Government Property—By order of Maj. E H Ewing, Chief Inspector of Field Transportation, 3d District, I will offer for sale, on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, at the Auction Store of [illegible] Wagons unsuitable for field service. [illegible]

J C GRAHAM,
mh22tds Capt and A Q M.

Montgomery Advertiser and Mississippian copy twice.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE—We will offer for sale on Monday, the 3d day April, 1865, at Cahaba, to the highest bidder, cash or credit of twelve months with interest from date, our entire Livery Stable Stock, consisting of Horses, Mules, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons, Hearses and Harness.

MOORE & BARKER.
mh 20tds

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—Under and by virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Dallas county I will proceed to sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, before the Bank of Selma on Monday, the first day of May, 1865, 14 Negroes, belonging to the estate of Garland T Gardner, deceased. Said sale is ordered for a division. Terms cash, in Confederate States treasury notes.

VIRGIL H GARDNER,
By Fellows & Haralson, his Att'ys.
mh 24 2tawtds

RARE OPPORTUNITY FOR INVESTMENT—Valuable Hotel and Furniture for sale—In pursuance of the directions of a commission addressed to the undersigned by the Hon. Probate Court of Wilcox county, Alabama, we will sell, at public outcry, to the highest bidder, in front of the Court House door, in Camden, Ala., on Monday, the 17th day of April, 1865, that very desirable property located in the town of Camden, and known as the Camden Hotel. The building is a large two story brick edifice, embracing all the conveniences for keeping a first class hotel. The outbuildings are also of brick and are ample and well arranged. Also, at the same time we will sell all the hotel furniture, consisting of a fine lot of bedsteads, beds, bedding, bureaus, wardrobes, chairs, crockery, dining tables—in fact everything that is necessary to carry on the business. The sale is made to effect a partition among joint owners and to complete the settlement of an estate. Terms, cash, in Confederate States treasury notes, or a credit of one year, at the option of the purchaser. If credit is given, note, with good security, will be required.

ALBERT TATUM,
[illegible]
RF WATSON,
W F WHEELER,
mh25 4tds Commissioners.

FOR SALE.

STEAM BOILER—A new double-flue Steam Boiler, 36 inches in diameter, with front grate bars, &c., for sale by

mh22 1w GRAHAM & WASSON.

FOR SALE—A Copying Book and Letter Press, by mh22 1tw WILSON & CO.

MULE FOR SALE—An A1 Mule, in good condition. Apply immediately at this office. mh19

FOR SALE—A fine Bolting Cloth. Call early

mh16 ARAM, PURVIANCE & CO.

FOR SALE—A good likely House Woman for sale. dec23dtf B F WEAVER.

FOR SALE—A likely Negro Girl, 16 years old, copper color, a good house girl, &c. Apply to feb14dtf E. MEYER.

FOR SALE—A Herring's Patent Iron Safe Apply to T. M. Cunningham for terms. jan20dtf

DESIRABLE PLANTATION FOR SALE—Containing 760 acres of Land, lying in Shelby county, one mile and a half from Wilsonville, about 425 acres cleared and in a high state of cultivation. On the place there are all necessary buildings, ginhouse, negro houses, stables and a comfortable dwelling, containing six rooms. Ten or twelve Negroes will be sold with the place if desired. Also, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Mules and Farming Utensils. There is a good crop of wheat and oats growing on the place. A bargain will be given if applied for soon. Inquire of W. Y. LUNDIE.
mh4dtf

ELEGANT RESIDENCE FOR SALE—This large and handsome house is situated in the town of Cahaba, Dallas county, Alabama, [illegible] miles below Selma, on the Alabama river, at the junction of the Cahaba. This residence is about a half mile from the centre of the town, on the Selma road. The house and outbuildings occupy about two acres of ground, and are all of brick, the frames and partitions throughout are eighteen inches thick; the house is forty-five feet front by fifty feet deep, two stories and a half high, raised four feet from the ground on a solid brick foundation, has four large brick columns in front and rear, with double galleries. It is heavily and handsomely finished off—contains eight large rooms, all 20 x 22 feet in the clear, with double folding doors between the rooms below, and ceilings 14 feet high, with richly frescoed moulding ceilings in the lower rooms and lower hall which is 10 feet wide. Each room has a good fire place, and the wood work throughout the house is heavy, well finished off and ornamental. There is also a third additional gallery in front, and a large and handsomely finished off observatory. The outbuildings are two stories high, with four good sized rooms in each. Also, carriage house and stables, all of brick. The premises are enclosed with a handsome picket fence with brick posts. The grounds are beautifully and tastefully laid off with evergreens and shrubbery, and in the yard is an artesian well of fine drinking water. Attached is a garden in fine cultivation, also 15 acre lots.

This place is now, having been completed since the war.

For terms, please apply to Mr. E M Perine, Cahaba; to Mr. A J Clement, Selma, or myself at Montgomery. mh25dtf W H JUDSON.

DAILY REPORTER.

Tuesday Evening, March 28.

☞ Now that Mr. Foote has resigned his seat in Congress, the Mobile Daily Advertiser suggests that Tennessee has an opportunity of filling his seat with an able, true and experienced statesman, in the person of Hon. John Bell. This gentleman has been exiled from his home, and has taken up his domicil in Georgia. The [illegible] would be benefited by his election to the vacant seat of Mr. Foote.

FROM THE FIELD.—Information was received at headquarters, yesterday evening, that Gen. Clanton, with his cavalry engaged the enemy at Bluff Springs, but being largely outnumbered, their force amounting to some 6,000, was repulsed. We have no further particulars at present.—*Mobile Advertiser, 26th.*

THE FORCE TO CONFRONT SHERMAN.—The Times' Washington special claims to have accurate information as to the number of the Rebel force that can be brought against Sherman. Beauregard superceded Hardee, when that General left Savannah, and took his force of 8,000 effective men, while Hardee went to Charleston, where there was not over two brigades. These have since probably joined Beauregard at Wilmington. Bragg had not exceeding 6,000 men, principally Hoke's division. They have fallen back towards Goldsboro, between Wilmington and Weldon. Gen. Baker had a brigade not over 3,000 strong at Salisbury. About two regiments were stationed there guarding prisoners.

The force that Beauregard could concentrate does not exceed 22,000. He has cavalry sufficient, perhaps, to swell his force to 20,000. If Sherman forms a junction with Schofield, as he undoubtedly will, it is safe to say his force will be far superior to that of Beauregard's concentrated strength and the aid he may get from Richmond.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT.—It now appears that the idea of taking Vice-President Johnson to Silver Springs, originated with Preston King, and that he accompanied Johnson and Blair to that retreat. It is [illegible] in official circles to-night that several doctors have been called in for consultation, with a view of making out a case of temporary insanity, and thus obtain an excuse to dispose of the Vice-President. The fact that Mr. Johnson was nominated at Baltimore through the influence of Weed and Seward, is much commented upon by the radicals. Seward is held responsible by them for the recent disgraceful scene in the Senate, and an effort is being made to make a point on this fact.—*Northern Paper.*

THE YANKEE CONGRESS AND THE CONFISCATION LAW.—The New York Herald, speaking of the action of the Yankee Congress upon the confiscation law, says:

Every day or two we have some new blundering in Congress. It has just committed a stupid act which throws some of its previous doings in the shade. It has by one vote—seventy-two to seventy-one—decided to repeal that portion of the confiscation act which declares that the confiscation of real estate shall not continue beyond the lives of Rebel owners.—The Constitution of the United States (article three, section three,) declares that no "attainer of treason shall work corruption of blood or forfeiture, except during the life of the person attainted." It appears incredible that legislators can be found ignorant enough to pass a law in violation of so clear a provision of the Constitution. But it may be that the object is to repeal the confiscation act altogether. In that view such oddities of legislation may be explainable.

"GOT TWO YOKES IN 'EM."—We find the following in the Montgomery Advertiser of the 19th inst.:

We saw an old African at the market yesterday whose thick skull had actually been penetrated by an idea—an idea, too, that was as novel as it was original. He was a dealer in eggs, and when counting them out to a purchaser was seen to lay the larger ones aside. "What is that done for?" queried a bystander. "Case, massa," was his reply, "them's what's so big are got two *yokes* in 'em, and is derfore wut jest twice as much as de udder single barrel ones."

SOIL ALL RIGHT.—A man boasting in a company of ladies that he had a very luxuriant head of hair, a lady present remarked that it was doubtless owing to the mellowness of the soil.

☞ A Yankee paper reports that the Southern peace agents suggested to President Lincoln that the Southern slaves were worth nine hundred millions of dollars, for which the Government should pay in case of reunion, and that the President replied: "That little bill is settled and the receipts filed away."

Letter from Gen. Forrest.

MACON, MISS., March 22, 1865.

Editors Clarion: I take the liberty of sending for publication in your columns some extracts from a letter addressed to me by Lieut. Gen. N. B. Forrest. The letter is a private one, and never was designed for publication, but its sentiments are so just, so honorable to the heroic soldier who penned it, and there are in our midst so many weak-kneed, cravens and croakers, that I feel that I cannot better serve the good cause than by asking you to give publicity and circulation to the notes of cheer which come from that distinguished soldier. His letter literally contains "thoughts that burn, and words that burn," and I know of no living man of whom it can be more truly said, "one blast upon his bugle-horn were worth a thousand men."

I am, gentlemen,
Very respectfully,
Your friend,
W. H. McCARDLE.

HEADQUARTERS FORREST'S CAVALRY,
March 19, 1865.

Dear Sir: Your favor of the 16th inst. has just been received, and I thank you for the information it contains.

* * * * * * * *

"I take the reverse position to that attributed to the gentleman to whom you refer. 'Reconstruction' is not only 'destruction,' but it is degradation and disgrace. It is far better to spend everything in fighting our cruel foe, than to reconstruct and permit him to spend it for us. We can 'reconstruct' upon no terms that would prevent confiscation and abject slavery, and rather than submit to such 'destruction' and humiliation, I am for fighting as long as there is a man left to fight with, or anything left to fight for. If it really be true that further resistance be 'destruction,' it is infinitely preferable to that kind of 'destruction' which would follow 'reconstruction.'

We can read our doom in the event of subjugation, both in the threats of the enemy and the acts of oppression which every where follow their triumphs. "Reconstruction" would require the soldier to destroy the proud ensigns of his glory, to stack his arms, lower his head in dishonor, and pass under the yoke of abolition tyranny. It would require confiscation, imprisonment and death! It would turn into our families bands of detectives to force us into [illegible] suppress the freedom of speech—deprive us of arms and the elective franchise. Every office will be filled by Yankees, the churches by Yankee, tory (or negro) preachers, and we would be made the slave of our slaves, who would be lurking spies over all our conduct! Our homes, land, property, all taken from us! I cannot see how continued resistance will bring upon us greater "destruction" than that which would follow "reconstruction." But a prolongation of the war will not destroy us. We may come out of the contest poor in this world's goods, but rich in all that constitutes the patriots wealth—freedom and independence!! We cannot afford to fail! Retreat now is more dangerous than to advance, and we can take no step backwards.

So far as I am concerned, I have burned my ships, so as to make retreat impossible; and the evidences of treachery which I see around me, have only inspired me with renewed energy and a firmer resolve to tread with unfaltering trust the path that leads to victory and independence, though it lead through tears, and suffering and blood.

Again thanking you for your suggestions, and your uniform kindness, I remain hastily, but very respectfully your friend and obedient servant,

N. B. FORREST.

MAJ. W. H. McCARDLE,
Macon, Miss.

A TALE OF A FRYING PAN.—Ex Gov. Aiken, a man of immense wealth, as every one knows, sent a large quantity of splendid silver to Winnsboro to get it out of the way of the Yankees. When the Yankees reached Winnsboro, it fell into their hands—or rather a part into the hands of certain negroes. After the withdrawal of the Yankee army, an ancient slave was found frying bacon in a magnificent silver waiter of elegant workmanship and huge value.

☞ A young lady of more beauty than sense—more accomplishments than grace of mind—more admirers than friends—more fools than wise men for attendants, is said to be a flirt.

FORTY F'S.—How many different words, beginning with the same letter, can you put together and make sense and grammar? said a little girl to us the other day. Don't know, but will try. Here goes: Five fine formed, fleshy, females, feeling foolish, fell full forty feet for fun: fearing frantic father, Fanny frowned furiously. Flora feigning fright fled fast. Florence finding Frank fighting, fainted. Fidele, forsaken forever, flaunted fantastically. Franchette follows for Fayetteville Friday fortnight.

If any of our young friends can do better we invite them to try their hand.

TELEGRAPHIC

EXCITING NEWS FROM MOBILE.

HEAVY FIRING AT SPANISH FORT!

SHARP BATTLE PROGRESSING!

ENEMY'S FLEET PARTICIPATING!

MOBILE March 27.

Heavy firing is heard at Spanish Fort. Heldsely, a sharp battle is progressing. The atmosphere is too hazy to make out anything by glass or signal. Our troops are in a line of intrenchments reaching from Spanish Fort to Blakely. The works are strong. The enemy's fleet appears to be taking part.

A dispatch this morning says Gen. Gibson drove the enemy's skirmishers in at daylight, capturing their guns, knapsacks and blankets. They ran back to their light works and appeared in a strong, extended line of battle.

On our side several men were wounded.

All quiet on this side.

FROM BELOW—GEN. CLANTON REPORTED CAPTURED.

MOBILE, March 26.

The enemy, about twenty thousand, has reached Pollard from Pensacola by this time. Gen. Clanton's command badly cut up and a majority captured. He was wounded and is a prisoner. Southern line works only to Tensas. The enemy's destination is supposed to be Montgomery and the Alabama river, near Claiborne, but a portion may be coming towards Blakely.

The operator at Canoe station abandoned his office this morning, coming to Tensas.

The enemy, about ten thousand, is advancing on Spanish Fort, from the Eastern Shore. Last night they were ten miles from the fort. We have a large force in their front. There is no demonstration on the Western Shore, and all is quiet in the city.

C. L. INGRAM.

ADDITIONAL FROM BELOW.

EVERGREEN, March 27.

I have just been handed the following letter from Mr. Jay, [a citizen of Evergreen.—*Eds. Appeal*] to Mr. Rabb: "Your note is just received. I see from its contents that you are laboring under a misapprehension about Clanton's being at Benton's bridge, with the 15th Confed, the bridge being burned, etc. The raiders crossed at Brewton bridge yesterday about 11 o'clock, a portion of the bridge was partially removed, but was repaired. There were only about thirty men there.

A soldier, who was one of the thirty, eat breakfast here a few minutes ago, who is my informant, after traveling all night to get here. He says, further, that a courier came to that point from Clanton, yesterday morning, with information that Clanton was skirmishing with his principal force, with a large force of Yankees, who came from Pensacola. They had captured eighty of Clanton's horses, and were pursuing him, and he was retreating before them, somewhere between Pine Barren and Escambia.

"The Yankees are in possession of Pollard.

ANDREW JAY."

I give you this at the request of citizens, who inform me that Jay is perfectly reliable, and that they refer to Col. Sam Jones. The citizens say it is proper to make some allowance for information derived from a scout and running soldier, but you can judge for yourself. Mr. Jay says in another letter that in the main he sees no reason to doubt.

J. D. PORTER.

FROM VIRGINIA AND THE NORTH.

AUGUSTA, March 24.

The telegraph line is down between here and Richmond.

Major John L. Hope, of Gen. Dick. Taylor's staff, arrived here this afternoon, having left Richmond on the 14th.

He reports Lynchburg strongly fortified, and says it is considered safe.

The people and soldiers at Richmond are confident, and anxious to meet the enemy.

The lines of Lee and Grant confront each other, near the Southside railroad. The Yankee forces on the north side are composed of Sheridan's late raiding force and negroes. A battle is threatening, and, no doubt, will soon ensue.

A reliable officer, lately paroled from Camp Chase, states that he came in with a party of one thousand, and reached Richmond on the 11th. He states that as they passed a French man-of-war in the James river, they cheered the French flag, and were answered by the French sailors.

No opposition was made by the Yankees.

Admiral Porter has a fleet of twenty-eight vessels on the river.

The returned prisoners are in fine spirits Five hundred Kentuckians went to Lynchburg to join Gen. Duke's command.

They report that 2,500 prisoners, including 8 officers, accepted the oath and remained at Camp Chase.

172 officers came during the months of January and February.

The average number of deaths per day was 23.

The trial of Col. Grenfel was progressing at Cincinnati; Judge Morris, of Chicago, was in custody at the same time.

Mr. W. Warden, the editor of the Chicago Times, while on the way, under guard, from the prison to the Court House, to be tried for treason, escaped and went to Canada.

A brother of Warden's commanded one of the vessels which fought the Merrimac in 1861, near Fortress Monroe.

TRAVELING.—A man coming home late one night, a little more than half seas over," feeling thirsty procured a glass of water and drank it. In doing so, he swallowed a small ball of silk that lay in the bottom of the tumbler, the end catching in his teeth. Feeling something in his mouth, and not knowing what it was, he began pulling at the end, and, the little ball unrolling, he had several feet in his hand, and still no end apparently. Terrified, he shouted at the top of his voice, "Wife! wife! I say, wife, come here, I am all unraveling!"

WANTS.

WANTED—A House for a small family, for which a liberal price will be paid. Apply at mh23dtf THIS OFFICE.

INFORMATION WANTED—Lost or mislaid, by the late Charles Lewis, deceased, five 8 per cent. First Mortgage Bonds, issued by the Alabama and Mississippi Rivers Railroad Company, numbered from 318 to 322, inclusive, each for $500. Any information concerning said bonds will be thankfully received by

GEO. C. PHILLIPS,
mh19 1tw or A M GOODWIN.

WANTED—A situation as Bookkeeper or Copying Clerk, by a young man exempt from military duty. Good references given if required. Apply at

mh16 ARAM, PURVIANCE & CO'S.

WANTED TO BUY OR HIRE—A good cook, washer and ironer. Apply at this office immediately. feb28dtf

WANTED—For the balance of the year, a good washer and ironer. A liberal price will be paid. Apply at this office immediately. feb28dtf

NEGROES WANTED—Wanted to hire for 1865, one hundred Negro Men to work on Yellow River Railroad, in Bibb county. The locality is very healthy.

By an order of the War Department, parties hiring negroes to Railroad Companies will be allowed a credit on their impressments for negroes so hired. Apply to

D. SULLIVAN,
dec14dtf Chief Engineer, Selma.

WANTED—At the Jackson Foundry, at Demopolis, Ala., all the old Castings in the country, together with laid cord Wood, &c., for which cooking utensils will be exchanged.

sept 9dtf J. O. STEVENS.

MILITARY NOTICES.

HEADQ'RS. DISTRICT OF ALABAMA,
Montevallo, Ala., March 21, 1865.

[Circular]

You are hereby ordered to notify all cotton owners, or holders, who may have cotton stored at your post, that all such cotton, if it becomes necessary, will be burnt before it will be allowed to fall into the hands of the enemy, and you will request them to have their cotton removed entirely into the country, or at a sufficient distance from any building or property which would likely be endangered when the necessity arose for the cotton to be burned. After due notice is given them, if the owners decline moving their cotton, you are hereby empowered to impress the necessary teams and laborers to remove said cotton to a point near your post where it can be burnt, if necessary, without endangering any other property, as before stated. By command of Brig. Gen.

D W Adams. Jno Rawle,
To Col Royston, Maj. and A A A G.
Com'dt of Post.

HEADQUARTERS, SELMA, ALA.,
March 23, 1865.

Owners and holders of cotton are hereby notified that the above order will be carried out strictly and to the fullest extent. By order of

Y L ROYSTON,
G W Graves, Col. Com'dg. Post.
Ass't Adj't Gen. mh24dt

HEAD'QRS DEPT ALA MISS AND E LA.
Meridian, Miss., March 10, 1865.

General Orders No. 31.

I. By paragraph 990 Army Regulations, officers travelling with organized bodies of troops on steamboats are entitled to cabin passage, and transportation will be issued accordingly.

II. Transportation furnished to officers travelling on steamboats, under any order, except with organized bodies of troops, does not entitle them to cabin passage.

III. Transportation Quartermasters and agents will strictly obey the above order.

By command of Lieut. Gen. Taylor.

mh20 6t. E SURGET,
Lieut. Col. and A A G.

☞ Selma, Montgomery and Mobile papers copy six times.—*Clarion.*

CHOLERA LARD wanted at the Alabama and Tennessee River Railroad Machine Shop.

oc18dtf HENRY GATCHELL, M. M.

DAILY REPORTER.

J. J. WILLIAMS. .... F. J. ANDERSON.
[illegible] WILLIAMS & ANDERSON.

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE CITY.

SELMA:

TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1865.

FOR GOVERNOR:

HON. WM. M. BYRD.

PRINTERS WANTED.

Three good compositors can obtain permanent situations with liberal wages by making immediate application at this office.

March 25th, 1865.

☞ The Central Warehouse Company advertise whisky barrels for sale, which they warrant to "hold."

☞ See school notice of Wm. A. Jones.

☞ The Ladies of Selma are requested to meet at the rooms of the Ladies' Aid Society this afternoon. See advertisement.

☞ Capt. C. E. THAMES and JON. HARALSON, Esq., are announced by a number of voters for Councilmen from the Second Ward.

☞ W. H. Hicks advertises a desirable dwelling house and garden for rent.

☞ See administrator's sale of property belonging to the estate of the late E. J. Bower, advertised elsewhere.

☞ Two good servants, a man and woman, are advertised for hire by B. H. Craig, administrator of the estate of the late E J. Bower.

☞ A commodious dwelling house, situated in Summerfield, is advertised for sale. Also, two buggies and harness.

☞ Sink & Thompson will sell at auction, on next Wednesday, a large assortment of furniture, bedding, crockery, &c. See advertisement.

☞ An adjourned meeting of the voters of the Second Ward is advertised to take place this afternoon at 5 o'clock, at the City Council Chamber.

WAGONS AT AUCTION.—Persons in want of wagons will bear in mind the sale of a lot of Government wagons by Sink & Thompson this day at the usual hour. See advertisement in another column.

HON. W. M. BYRD.

With emotions of satisfaction, to be measured only by the interest we feel in the affairs of our beloved State, we publish this morning a respectful and urgent call upon this gentleman, signed by a number of our most prominent citizens, to allow himself to be announced as a candidate for Governor. We join our solicitations once more with this outspoken manifestation from the people, and ardently trust that Judge Byrd will waive his disinclination to yield his name in the midst of so many conflicting claims for Executive honors—many of those claims being more apparent than real. We know his detestation of political intrigue and the arts of connivance, and we also know his modest estimate of his administrative ability; but now we think he could, without the shadow of condescension, give his name to be used at the discretion of his friends. We do not propose to run Judge Byrd as an office-seeker, for that he is not, and cannot be; but we would have it understood that the office, this time at least, seeks the man. Under different circumstances we would not be pertinacious as to the choice of the man whom we would have to serve us; but now the State of Alabama is engirdled with perils, so as to require that a wise head and a strong arm should be at her helm. No man better understands the complex theory of our Government than does Judge Byrd, and no one will be firmer in the administration of the affairs of the State. He will need no retinue of advisers in determining the limits of his precise duties, and we all will rest secure, from our knowledge of the man, that he will suffer no dishonor to taint the escutcheon of Alabama.—Firmly believing that he is the choice of a considerable majority of our people, his election rests with himself, we think, in answering this call in accordance with our wishes and his own high sense of duty.

"HISTORY REPEATS ITSELF."

Eighty-four years ago—in the winter of 1780-1—says the Constitutionalist, the British and American forces occupied almost the identical positions now held respectively by the Yankee and Confederate armies in the Carolinas. The disastrous battle of Camden resulted in the expulsion of the patriot army from South Carolina, and led to the supersedure of Gen. Gates by Gen. Greene. When the latter took command of the army, its headquarters were at Charlotte, N. C., the present headquarters of Gen. Beauregard. Greene's first movement was to send off a detachment of one thousand men under Gen. Morgan, which met and defeated Tarleton at the battle of Cowpens. Tarleton, with the remnant of his forces, retreated and united with the main body under Cornwallis, and Morgan endeavored to rejoin Greene. It was to prevent this juncture that Cornwallis moved immediately forward, and then was commenced by the patriot army one of the most remarkable retreats in military annals. It is somewhat remarkable that the line of Greene's retreat was over the identical ground now traversed by the railroad leading from Charlotte to Greensboro. Guilford Courthouse—where Greene finally gave battle—is about five miles northwest of the latter place. Speculation has already selected it as the point where our forces will be concentrated against Sherman, should he continue his flank movement upon Richmond. In that celebrated retreat, Henry Lee (better known as "Lighthorse Harry") had command of the entire cavalry force of the army, and contributed greatly to its success. He also acted a conspicuous, gallant and efficient part in the battle which followed. If fate shall decree that liberty and tyranny shall measure arms on the same field, it is not too much to expect that the worthy son of this revolutionary hero—our own peerless chief—will be there on the side of the former, to strike down and put to confusion the minions of the latter.

TO THE LADIES OF SELMA.

Again we are under the necessity of appealing to the liberality of the kind, benevolent, and patriotic ladies of Selma, but this time in behalf the noble army of Tennesseeans, who by reason of their long absence from their State, and the impossibility of receiving needful help from their loved ones at home, are in a wofully destitute condition in respect to clothing.—Our Government being unable to furnish these brave men with garments to cover their nakedness, they must remain destitute, unless you arouse yourselves to energetic action and see to it that they are supplied. They are in want of socks, blankets, shirts, and indeed of all sorts of clothing. It is said that Selma—hitherto noted for her liberality—is behind her sister towns and cities in this good work.—We hope this reproach will be taken away; but as yet, not more than one hundred and pairs of socks have been deposited at Messrs. Sink & Thompson, and a portion of this small lot hails from distant parts of the State. Should we not do better than this for the brave men who have so long protected with their bayonets our homes and property? Nay, suffering humanity to say nothing of our actual indebtedness to them, demands that we should do all in our power to make them comfortable. We cannot make restitution for all they have sacrificed for us, but we should accept with alacrity this opportunity to show that we feel generously towards them. Everybody can give something, if it be but one pair of socks. Let all contribute to the extent of his or her ability and the thing will be done.

F. S. ROUSSEAU,
Chaplain.

P. S. All articles contributed to be left with Sink & Thompson.

THE HABEAS CORPUS.—The following is the vote of the Senate on the act to suspend—or rather abolish the Habeas Corpus Writ:

Yeas—H. Burnet, Henry, Johnson, of Missouri, Maxwell, Simms, of Kentucky, and vest—6.

Nays—Barnwell, Brown, Graham, Hunter, Oldham, Semmes, Wilson, Wigfall—8.

It will be observed that those Senators who voted to abolish this safe-guard of personal liberty to establish a Dictatorship were all with a single exception from those States which have never seceded, and who are therefore without a constituency.

☞ No man can be witty when he wants to, any more than he can be hungry when he wants to—it comes to him as love does, he can't tell how nor why.

SELMA, March 22d, 1865.

Hon. W. M. Byrd:

DEAR SIR: The undersigned, a portion of your fellow citizens, believing that it is of the utmost importance in this perilous juncture that the office of Governor should be filled by a person of unquestionable fidelity, and one fully competent to discharge the important trusts and duties of that high office, and believing that you are possessed of these requisite qualifications; and with the assurance that it will meet the approval of a large proportion of the intelligent and patriotic voters of this State, respectfully request that you will permit them to announce you as a candidate at the approaching gubernatorial election.

Very respectfully,
Your friends and ob't serv'ts,

J W LAPSLEY, N H R DAWSON,
W M SMITH, A G MABRY,
J R JOHN, J [illegible] KEENAN,
J P CONODAY, GEORGE O PHILLIPS,
JON HARALSON.

FRENCH FEELING TOWARD THE CONFEDERATES.—A correspondent of the Sanantonia Herald says Gen. Lopez, the commander of the French forces at Matamoras, at a dinner given him by the Confederate officers, assured the company in substance "that not only the Imperial Government was on our side, but that the intelligence of Mexico was with the Confederate States in their struggle for liberty and independence, and that should our relentless foes ever approach the Rio Grande, he would suffer the troops to cross the river to aid us in driving them back to the sea."

There were about thirty persons at the dinner, including his officers and some merchants from Monterey, and when he toasted Gen. Lee and the independence of the South, every man present rose to his feet and drank to the sentiment with vociferous applause.

The correspondent was at the dinner and heard every word that the General said.

From the Daily Rebel.]

Alabama State Reserves.

Editor of Rebel: You will confer a great favor on that class of men known as the "Alabama State Reserves," by publishing the following letter from the Secretary of War. The truth is, there seems to be a conspiracy to swindle the battalions and regiments of this class out of their lawful rights, by foisting "appointments" of field officers upon them, whose only merit is that they are the pets and favorites of some who, without law or shadow of justice, claim the prerogative of dispensing military patronage:

CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA,
WAR DEPARTMENT,
Richmond, Va., Dec. 28, 1864.

Hon. James S. Dickinson, M. H. Cruikshanks, and others, House of Representatives:

GENTLEMEN: Your letter of the 30th ult., relative to the *legal right* of the Alabama Reserves to elect their officers, alleged to be denied them, has been received. In reply, I have the honor to state that the attention of the Department has been previously directed to this object, and instructions were sent to Gen. Withers in conformity with the act of Congress, in a letter from the Adjutant and Inspector General, of November 18, 1864, as follows:

"I am instructed by the Secretary of War to ask your attention to the 6th section of the act of February 17, 1864, which authorises the organisation of Reserves into companies, battalions and regiments. It distinctly confers the right to elect temporary and regimental officers, and it is considered, therefore, that the power of appointment does not exist. The memorandum forwarded by you shows that field officers have been temporarily appointed by you for regiments of Alabama Reserves. Those appointments are of course unauthorised, and would be illegal even if it were competent to for the Executive to appoint.

"You will perceive, therefore, that the organisation of the different regiments and battalions of your command must be completed by the election of the proper field officers."

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servant,
JAS. A. SEDDON,
Sec'y of War.

SEXTON'S REPORT.—The following is the list of interments at the City Cemeteries during the week ending March 25th:

WHITES.

March 19—J Kilenaw, Co. B, 1st Ala Reg.
" 20—Federal prisoner.
" 21—Mr Fred Vogelin.
" 23—Mrs Carter.
" 23—Sam Cooper, Co H, 180th Ind.

BLACKS.

March 19—Child, property of Mr Johnson.
" 23—Man, " " Mr McRea.
" 24—Child, " " Mr Scruggs.

JNO. MCGRATH, Sexton.

☞ Roger A. Pryor arrived in Richmond on the 3d inst., from a few months' residence in a Yankee prison.

THE JENNINGS ESTATE—The most of our readers have undoubtedly heard, at some time or another, that a large property in England, estimated at several million pounds sterling, known as the Jennings estate, has been claimed by the American heirs, descendents of the brother and sister of the English Jennings, the former of which settled in Virginia and the latter in New Hampshire. The case has been in the English Chancery Court, and the American heirs have spent considerable sums of money in prosecuting their claims to the estate, until at last, they have obtained a judgement in their favor. The estate will be a very handsome plum to divide, and the heirs will make a respectable figure in the list of income taxes when the revenue officers make their next annual returns.—Boston Herald.

PEACE.—The Louisville Journal thus refers to peace:

It is time that both sections see whether peace cannot be obtained. Every week of the continuance of the war tends to the weakness of the great prospective republic which we all hope to have after a little while. We know very well that the people of most of the Southern States have, from whatever motive or feeling, declared almost unanimously their stern and deep resolve to perish with all their households rather than consent to the restoration of the Union. Yet, calm reflection, even a very little of it, would bring them to understand, if they do not understand already, that permanent division would destroy the North, the Center, the West and the Northwest, while restoration would be salvation, and the only salvation of the South. The South should not expect, even were she twice as strong as she is, to enforce against the Federal or loyal States the awful measure of the separation of the Union, when she herself knows, and all her statesmen and politicians will acknowledge, that such a result would be immediate and eternal death to States.

WARD MEETING.

The voters of the SECOND WARD are requested to attend a meeting at the Council Chamber this (Tuesday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating candidates for Councilmen from said ward.

March 23-d1t

For Councilmen—Second Ward.

CAPT. C. E THAMES and JON. HARALSON, ESQ., Will be warmly supported at the election in May next for Councilmen from the Second Ward. VOTERS.

March 28 1865-1td

FOR SALE—Whisky Barrels, warranted to hold Apply to
mh28-1m* CENTRAL WAREHOUSE CO.

SCHOOL NOTICE—I will receive a few more Boys into my school Schoolroom in basement of the Baptist Church. Apply soon.
mh28d3t W A JONES.

FOR RENT—A Dwelling House containing 4 rooms, with large garden spot attached. Lease to run to January next. A good cooking stove and kitchen furniture can be had, if desired, by the person renting. Apply to
W H HICKS.
Water st, next door to Wayside Home.
mh 8d3t

THE Ladies of Selma are requested to meet at the rooms of the Ladies' Aid Society on Tuesday (this) afternoon at 4 o'clock.
mh28m1e E B TREDWELL, PRES.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE—By virtue of an order of the Hon. Probate Court of Dallas county, I will sell at public outcry, before the Court House door, in Cahaba, on Monday, the 10th day of April next, all the property of the estate of E J Bower, deceased, except the negroes. Terms cash.
B H CRAIG,
Administrator.

At the same time and place I will hire a negro man (an excellent servant about a lot) and a woman who is a good cook, washer and ironer.
mh28dtds B H CRAIG, Administrator.

FOR SALE—A good House with seven rooms and a lot with all necessary outbuildings on it, situated in Summerfield. Also, two Buggies and Harness. Apply to
mh28d2w* M CANNING.

AUCTION SALES—By SINK & THOMPSON.—We will sell at auction at our Auction Store, at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY 29th inst.—

1 fine mahogany Wardrobe;
1 " " Bedstead;
1 " " Sofa;
1 " " Centre Table;
1 Lounge; 2 Feather Beds;
2 Mattresses; 1 Rocking Chair;
12 cane seat Chairs;
1 lot Cooking Utensils, Crockery, &c.;
5 new Washstands; 3 new toilet Tables;
5 new work Tables; 3 new round Tables;
3 carpet top Stools, &c.

SINK & THOMPSON,
mh28 1t Auctioneers.

Tax Assessor's Notice.

WE will attend at the following places and times for the purpose of assessing the Tax in Kind of Bacon and assessing the State and County Tax for 1865 We hope the tax payers will meet promptly and prepare themselves to give in their State and county lists—

Selma	Monday & Tues.	March	20 21
[illegible]	Wednesday,	"	22
Woodlawn	Thursday,	"	23
Summerfield	Friday,	"	24
Orrville	Monday,	"	27
Athens	Tuesday,	"	28
Belleview	Wednesday,	"	29
Harrell's X R.	Thursday,	"	30
Lovel's Mills	Friday,	"	31
Cahaba	Monday & Tues.	April	3 4
River Bend	Wednesday,	"	5
Pine Flat	Thursday,	"	6
Oldtown	Friday,	"	7
Pleasant Hill	Monday,	"	10
Carlowville	Tuesday,	"	11
Warrenton	Wednesday,	"	12
Portland	Thursday,	"	13

W J & JOHN MOSELY,
Assessors Tax in Kind.
mh14 W J MOSELY, T A D C.

REWARDS.

$200 REWARD—Runaway from the subscriber in this city on Friday, 24th inst., my negro boy BOB. He is about eighteen years old, five feet six or eight inches high, has full eyes, small mouth and his front teeth are slightly decayed. He had on when he left a grey suit and a drab wool hat. For his apprehension and delivery to me at Selma, or for his confinement in any safe place where I can get him, the above reward will be paid. T. W. STREET.
mh27-dtf

$50 REWARD—Strayed from our shop, on the 10th inst, a small brown Horse Mule, mane and tail cropped short. The above reward will be paid for his return to us.
mh22d1w GRAHAM & WASSON

HEADQ'RS MIL. PRISONS, C S A,
Selma, Alabama, March 6th, 1865.

General Orders, No 1.

Having entered upon the duties of Commissary General of Prisoners by order of the President of the Confederate States, and being satisfied that it is a duty to humanity no less than the true policy of the Government to treat prisoners of war with courtesy and kindness, and believing that it is the special wish of the President so to organise this branch of the service as to ameliorate the condition and suffering of prisoners of war on both sides; and desiring at the earliest moment to confer with the Federal Commissary General of Prisoners, with a view of adopting a mutual system of kindness to prisoners, all officers having in charge Federal prisoners of war are instructed to treat them with courtesy and kindness, and to provide for them the same rations furnished our own soldiers. Early as practicable measures will be taken to erect suitable barracks and hospital accommodations

This I understand to have been the orders of the Government heretofore, and it is intended here to announce that efforts will be made by inviting the co operation of the Federal authorities, to place the treatment of prisoners on both sides on the same footing.

By order of
GIDEON J PILLOW, Brig Gen'l
and Commissary General of Prisoners

☞ Appeal, Advertiser and Selma copy twice and forward bills to S O B A gan, Chief Quartermaster, Macon, Reporter Telegraph and Confederate. [mh7-1t]

For Councilmen, 4th Ward.

MR. EDITOR:—Please announce the following named gentlemen for Councilmen from the Fourth Ward:
S K Schermerhorn,
mh 5d3t VOTERS.

TO THE VOTERS OF SELMA.

In response to the flattering call published in the city papers, as well as to the personal solicitations of numerous friends, I announce myself as a candidate for the Mayoralty at the ensuing municipal election. If [illegible] I shall discharge the duties of the office to the best of my ability. M. J. WILLIAMS.

Selma, March 7, 1865.

FOR MAYOR.

SOLDIERS WHO HAVE SEEN SERVICE.

At the request of many voters, a disabled soldier has been induced to present himself for your suffrages.

LIEUT. RANDALL D BERRY,

Well known to all citizens as being an exemplary gentleman and to *all soldiers* as a brave and gallant *soldier*, is before you.

GO TO THE POLLS AND ELECT HIM.

For Councilmen.

Ward No 1.—— —— BRUCE THOMAS.
Ward No 2.—WM HARRISON, SAM'L FOSTER.
Ward No 3.—— —— F. VOGELIN.
Ward No. 4.—WM. F. DAUGHTRY, G. B. DRAKE.
mh14

DR. W P REESE, having returned home from the army, will resume the practice of medicine. Office at old stand, on Church street. mh25d1w

PISTOLS for sale—50 pairs Colt's Pistols, navy size just received. Apply to the undersigned at the Selma Arsenal, or at his residence near the General Hospital.
mh2 dt GEORGE PHILLIPS.

J. J. WILLIAMS,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.

Office up stairs, Central Warehouse Building. ☞ Consignments of Flour and Whisky respectfully solicited. mh22d1m

REMOVAL—MISSES TULLY & SULLIVAN, Milliners and Dressmakers, respectfully inform their friends and patrons that they have removed their business to their residence on Church street, between Parkman and First streets, where they respectfully solicit the kind patronage they have heretofore received.
mh23d2w

NOTICE—I have a first rate Blacksmith to hire by the year. Also, a Carpenter. He is a very good Cooper and Wheelwright.
W H BOSWELL,
ap8d1f Fort's Post Office, Ala.

C. S. Tax Collector's Notice.

I WILL attend at the following times and places for the purpose of collecting the specific tax for 1865, as well as the ad valorum tax and tax on sales for the year ending Dec. 31, 1864, at—

Orrville	Monday,	March	27
Athens	Tuesday,	"	28
Belleview	Wednesday,	"	29
Harrell's X Roads	Thursday,	"	30
Cahaba	Monday and Tues.	April	3-4
River Bend	Wednesday,	"	5
Pine Flat	Thursday,	"	6
Oldtown	Friday,	"	7
Pleasant Hill	Monday,	"	10
Carlowville	Tuesday,	"	11
Warrenton	Wednesday,	"	12
Portland	Thursday,	"	13

JOHN ROBBINS,
[mh20tdc] C S Tax Collector, Dallas County.

Tax Payers of Dallas County,

I WILL be in Selma from the 20th March to 14th April, 1865, to receive any appeal relative to any erroneous or excessive valuation or enumeration by the assessor—(Sec. 15, Tax Act, approved 1st May, 1863.) Applications must be made in writing, setting forth full particulars, and addressed to me at Selma, Ala.

JOHN ROBBINS,
Selma, Ala. Tax. Col. 31st Dist. Ala.
March 18, 1865. [mh20d2w]