The Tuscaloosa Times.

TAYLOR & WARREN, PROPRIETORS.

FOR THE DIFFUSION OF THE MEMORABLE, THE PROGRESSIVE, THE USEFUL AND THE TRUE.

Two Dollars per Annum, in Advance.

OLD SERIES, VOL. XXXV. NEW SERIES, VOL. III.

TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA, WEDNESDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1874.

No. 5.

THE TIMES.

Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa Observer, (CONSOLIDATED.)

TUSCALOOSA...FEB. 4, 1874.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One copy one year, (strictly in advance) $2 00
Six months.....1 25

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Advertising, $1 per inch, for first insertion, and 50 cents for each subsequent insertion, or any time less than three months.

	1 mon.	3 mos.	6 mos.	8	12 mos.	$12
2 "	3 "	8	6 "	12	12 "	18
3 "	3 "	12	6 "	18	12 "	25
4 "	3 "	18	6 "	25	12 "	30

Quart. col. 1 year, (changable quarterly) $40
Half.....75
One.....100

Obituary Notices and Tributes of Respect, when exceeding ten lines charged the usual advertising rates.

Regular Weekly Packet.

THE No. 1 STEAMBOAT,

LEE,

TIM MATHEWS, MASTER,

WILL run, during the season, as a regular Packet, (commencing as soon as the river rises) from Mobile to Tuscaloosa, leaving Mobile every MONDAY evening, and Tuscaloosa every THURSDAY evening.

C. W. LOCKLIN,
President Mobile Trade Co.

Mobile, Sept. 6, 1873.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—1873 AND 1874.—FRANK STONE'S INDEPENDENT LINE FOR DEMOPOLIS, FINCH'S FERRY, NORTH-PORT AND TUSKALOOSA.

REINDEER,...Capt. FRANK S. STONE.
VICTORIA,...Capt. J. WOODIE STONE

The REINDEER will leave every

WEDNESDAY NIGHT,

For the above and all Intermediate Points.

The VICTORIA will leave every

SATURDAY NIGHT,

For the above and all Intermediate Points, both commencing their trips on the

FIRST RISE OF THE RIVER.

The Captains Stone's patrons can rely upon Courtesy and Accommodation, with No. 1 care on these Boats, and they solicit a share of the patronage of the public.

The Steamer HALE will begin early in the Fall, and will run in place of the REINDEER during the low water stage of the River.

Rates of freight and passage as low as any other boat.

FRANK STONE.
ALEX SIMPSON, Agent.
Tuscaloosa and North Port.

Oct 1st, 1873—39.

For Tuscaloosa and North-Port.

"INDEPENDENT PACKET."

THE A. No. 1, FIRST CLASS FREIGHT AND PASSENGER PACKET,

EMMA No. 2.

VAN B. GUNNISON,.....Master.
A. P. DAUGAN,.....Clerk.

WILL leave for the above, and all way Landings, every WEDNESDAY EVENING, commencing first rise in the Warrior River.

For freight or passage, apply to
CARTER & CO.,
Dec. 3, 1873. Agents, Mobile.
ALEX SIMPSON, Agent.
Tuscaloosa, Ala.

RICE MILL.

IN addition to my Corn and Flour Mill, I have a first rate Rice Mill, for Hulling and Polishing Rice, which is ready at all times for service.

OLIVER KEENE.

November 5th, 1873.—11-6m.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE OF

Valuable Property!

BY virtue of an Order of the Probate Court of Tuscaloosa County, I will sell to the highest bidder, for CASH, on the premises of the late Elijah Williford, deceased, in Tuscaloosa County, on

Thursday, Dec. 11th, 1873,

the Personal Property of the Estate of said deceased, consisting of

MULES, HORSES, OXEN, Sheep, Cows, Hogs, &c., &c.

FARMING UTENSILS,

—AND—

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

—ALSO—

A VALUABLE STOCK OF MERCHANDISE,

—INCLUDING—

DRY-GOODS,

TERMS CASH.

SALE PEREMPTORY.

A. F. PRINCE,
Adm'r. of E. Williford, deceased.

SOMERVILLE & MCEACHIN, Att'ys.

Nov. 1st, 1873.

The above sale has been postponed to MONDAY, 2nd day of February, 1874.

Dec. 17, 1873.

W. A. BATTLE, J. R. ROGERS, A. W. DE BARDELEBEN.

Battle, Rogers & Co.,

Mobile, Alabama,

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY

—FOR THE—

STATE OF ALABAMA.

BY agreement with the Executive Committee of the STATE GRANGE, we are prepared to receive and sell all Cotton and other produce consigned to us, and fill all orders at the lowest rates.

January 14, 1874—6m.

REMOVAL.

I HAVE removed to the room over Hotter & Hoffman's Store, where I am be found every day during business hours. Thanks for the liberal patronage received during the last year, and hope by strict attention to business and a desire to accommodate the customers, to merit a share of the same during the present year.

The goods I carry are all imported, and of the best quality. I will also keep on hand ready made Clothing.

Thankful for the liberal patronage received during the past year, I hope by strict attention to business, and a desire to accommodate my friends and patrons, I will give satisfaction, as I have done heretofore, to all, even the most fastidious.

Jan. 7th.—1-1m. CHAS. HETY.

GILLESPIE & MONTAGUE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

Having laid in one of the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE STOCK of DRUGS ever brought to this neighborhood, we are prepared to supply the

Trade and Physicians, at prices that defy competition.

WE SELL 10 PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than Mobile, New Orleans, Montgomery or Selma.

We handle Morphine and Quinine at 10 per cent. on P. & W's prices. Manufacturing most of our Drugs and Chemicals, we are able to duplicate any bill furnished from the North or West. We GUARANTEE the retail trade a profit of over FIFTY PER CENT. ON ALL PATENT MEDICINES.

Birmingham, being centrally located, the tariff on freight is necessarily lower than to any other point in Alabama. CASH SALES—SMALL PROFITS.

Goods securely packed and promptly shipped. Oct. 1, 1873—1y

Alabama Central Female College,

TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

JOHN F. LANNEAU, A. M., Principal.

LITERARY DEPARTMENT:

MRS. RACHEL WOODRUFF,.....Presiding Teacher.
MRS. KATE RICHARDSON,.....English and French.
MRS. JNO. F. LANNEAU,.....Literature.
MRS. J. B. GRASS,.....German.
REV. WM. H. WILLIAMS,.....Moral Phil. & Latin.
PROF. JNO. F. LANNEAU,.....Math. & Nat. Science.

ART DEPARTMENT:

PROF. J. B. GRASS,.....Music.
MISS H. N. HARRISON,.....Painting.
MISS LUCY B. FOSTER,.....Fancy Work.

HOME DEPARTMENT:

MRS. JNO. F. LANNEAU,.....Directress.
MRS. SARAH L. CALDWELL,.....Housekeeper.
MRS. MARTHA J. RIGGS,.....Matron.
MRS. RACHEL WOODRUFF,.....Governess.

The location of this College is one of remarkable *healthfulness*. Our main building, (formerly the State Capitol,) is an imposing, commodious, well ventilated structure. We strive to combine wholesome *home influence* and thorough *school discipline*.

BEST TIMES TO ENTER PUPILS, JANUARY 1st, FEBRUARY 14th, OCTOBER 1st.

Amount of ADVANCE payment REDUCED to suit the existing financial pressure.

Tuscaloosa, Dec. 17, 1873.—tf.

E. SNOW, & CO.,

ARE NOW OPENING AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING

NEW STYLES OF FALL & WINTER

Dry-Goods, Notions, Hats and Shoes,

HARDWARE, GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY,

They keep the best assorted Stock in the City, and

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES!

They call special attention to their

GENTS' AND LADY'S SHOES,

Furs, Shawls and Dress Goods.

All Goods not in Stock, ordered promptly.

The Public will remember, that this Firm have facilities for buying, unequalled by any in the City. With two buying partners, constantly in the Northern Markets, who are also connected with large wholesale interests, the firm of E. SNOW, & CO., can certainly sell better articles, at lower rates, than any other House in Tuskaloosa.

We would advise all to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WILCOX & GIBBS, & ELEES SEWING MACHINES, Constantly on hand.

Tuscaloosa, Oct. 30, 1872.

IMPROVEMENT IN

TUSKALOOSA PLOWS.

LEACH & CO.,

(Formerly Leach & Avery,)

WOULD respectfully call the attention of the Planters of the Southern States to their late improvement in Plows, for which, they have obtained Letters Patent.

The principal improvement consists in so constructing the Land Side (or bar) as to enable them to dispense with the lugs on the mould board, and attach both handles to the Land Side with one bolt, thus dispensing with the lower round and two bolts, and the Land Side acts as a lever brace to support the point of the mould-board, and needs no cross bracing.

Another improvement, as shown in the above cut, consists in making a part of the mould board detachable, thus converting it into a narrow, Subsoil Plow, and by attaching a steel wing, or half mould-board, the surface soil is turned sufficient to cover and kill grass, at the same time sub-soiling the ground. A Steel Coulter is also attached that answers the ordinary purpose, and also acts as a guard in keeping the clods off from young plants, when using the Plow in the place of a Scooter.

These Plows are made with much sharper angles, and consequently lighter draught, than any others. About 500 of them, Nos. 1, & 2, have been in use this season, and the reports from them are satisfactory to the Proprietors to make a large stock of them for the coming season.

Their facilities for manufacturing are such as to enable them to compete successfully with other reliable Establishments, in prices.

GRINDING GRAIN AND CARDING WOOL, done promptly and satisfactorily, as heretofore.

LEACH & CO.

Tuskaloosa, July 23, 1873.

Be sure you're Right, then go Ahead!

The Kennedy Fireproof

WARE-HOUSE,

IS now open for the STORAGE OF COTTON and MERCHANDISE generally, in the City of Tuscaloosa, Ala. Wooden sheds, built for commodious storage, and SECURITY against FIRE, we do not hesitate in saying, that it is

The best Warehouse in an area of 500 Miles.

It is situated at the Depot of the A. & G. C. R., which affords FEMALE REASONS, with every other market in the world. We charge

TWENTY-FIVE Cts. per Bale, as Forwarding,

FOR ALL COTTON BROUGHT TO US, CROSSING THE RIVER.

Should parties desire to ship by boat, we will deliver their cotton at the river

FREE OF DRAYAGE.

Parties on the Railroad, can have their Cotton consigned to us, and when possible, their Cotton Receipts will be sent them by return train.

BRING YOUR COTTON TO US. It is to your interest to run wagons, by putting it in unused Warehouses.

Tuscaloosa, Sept. 17, 1873.

KENNEDY, WARREN & CO.

Our Grange Department.

Patrons of Husbandry in Alabama.

Officers of the State Grange.

Master.—W. H. Chambers, Russell Co.
Overseer.—Dr. R. H. Ervin, Wilcox Co.
Steward.—S. J. Harrington, Colbert Co.
Ass't S.—Dr. W. A. O'Hara, Shelby Co.
Chaplain.—Rev. T. G. Smith, Greene Co.
Treasurer.—John H. Harris, Lee Co.
Secretary.—Gen. E. M. Law, Macon Co.
Ceres.—Mrs. L. G. Jenkins, Calhoun Co.
Flora.—Mrs. A. C. Mitchell, Russell Co.
Lady Ass't S.—Mrs. D. H. Odom, Clarke Co
Pomona.—Mrs. E. D. Connor, Marengo Co
Gate Keeper.—T. H. Ferguson, Coosa Co

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

S. S. Scott, Russell County, three years.
Dr. F. A. Cates, Perry county, two years.
W. B. Jones, Madison County, one year.

DISTRICT DEPUTIES.

1st District.—J. J. Roach, Wilcox County
2d District.—W. C. Manifee, Pike Co.
3rd District.—W. S. Gordon, Russell Co.
4th District.—G. D. Johnston, Tuscaloosa
5th District.—W. B. Jones, Madison Co.
6th District.—S. J. Harrington, Colbert Co

Grange Council for Tuscaloosa Co.

Officers for the Present Year.

Master.—Col. N. N. Clements.
Overseer.—Samuel T. Palmer.
Steward.—H. H. Sartain.
Assistant Steward.—T. J. Farmer.
Secretary.—James R. Maxwell.
Treasurer.—Dr. A. Clements.
Corresponding Sec'y.—W. G. Cochrane.
Gate Keeper.—Stephen Darden.

FINANCIAL COMMITTEE.

Rev. E. Nicholson, Dr. A. Clements, A. D. Sanders, W. R. Dodson, V. P. Nuckols.

What the Farmers of Alabama Mean to Do.

At a meeting composed of nine of the Granges of Russell county, Ala., held at Seale, on Saturday last, the following sensible resolutions were adopted without opposition:

1st. That it is the true policy, and bounden duty of every farmer, to devote in the future, a sufficient quantity of land, for corn, peas, oats, wheat, rye and turnips, for the support, not only of his own family, but for the laborers and stock on his farm, thereby making his cotton crop a surplus.

2d. That instead of paying out such vast sums of money for commercial fertilizers, every planter should make as much manure, at home, as possible, and further improve his lands by resting and rotation of crops.

3. That all persons refuse to buy farm produce between the hours of sunset and sunrise, and that each grange respectfully request the several merchants of their neighborhood not to do so.

At a recent meeting of Oakwood (Montgomery county,) Grangers, the following preamble and resolutions were adopted:

WHEREAS, We are now at the beginning of a new year—and this being the season of forming our plans and making the required arrangements for the carrying on of business transactions, and entering upon the discharge of the duties of the year; and whereas, the results of the operations of the year just closed, were, to many of us, if not to all, insufficient to meet and liquidate the expenses incurred in the same, and placed us in a worse condition, pecuniarily, than we were when the year's operations commenced; and whereas it is necessary that better success attend our efforts in the future in order to regain partially, if not wholly, what has been lost, and to insure escape from accumulated troubles, therefore,

Resolved, by the members of Oakwood Grange, (No. 157,) that we consider it appropriate and important that we begin the year's business, first, by declaring it to be our unalterable determination to exercise the most rigid and exacting economy in all things that it is possible to enforce in our affairs, and to the successful conducting of them, to the close of the year.

Resolved, That we retrench many of the expenditures usually incurred for dress and living, and that only such articles of both be purchased as may be actually necessary for comfort and good health; and that we forego indulgence in all such pleasures as are of a mere pastime character, and at proper periods, that tend to secure healthful and the needed recreation.

Resolved, That it is our purpose to superintend and direct more constantly and effectively, in person, than has been done, in the past, the labor of employees and of those who share in the division of the crops, and proceeds and to require more faithful, careful and better work—and further, that we will not yield to their unjust demands and requests, so frequently made, or allow them to manage or have their own way to so much extent as hitherto, about the manner of cultivation—believing that much of the shortcomings in the yield and the results of the crops are attributable to the bad policy of permitting ignorance in a measure to manage and conduct the cultivation and preparation of soil.

Resolved, That we will not keep away from looking after and attending to the things that require our own management because our presence and direction may be objectionable to laborers—the objections on their part being often pretended in order to slight their work or omit to perform it, remain idle, or to do something disagreeable.

Resolved, That each member of Oakwood Grange is requested to keep a record of the expenses made to each horse or mule employed on his farm during the year, and of the crops gathered and of plants obtained or labors sustained, and report the greatest results to any single animal at the close of the year, for the benefit of the Grange, and the manner and process of securing the same, in all particulars, be also reported.

The Second Jeffries and the Grangers.

Judge Kiels, of the City Court of Eufaula, seems to be desirous of emulating the fame of the infamous Jeffries. The following extract from the general presentment of the Grand Jury of the court in question will bring another phase of his character to public notice:

After careful investigation, we present that, so far as we are informed, these are the objects and purposes of the organization known as the "Patrons of Husbandry," as organized in this community. That said organization is not political in its character. We therefore are unable to agree with the views expressed by the honorable Judge of this court in his charge to this Grand Jury in which he characterized said organization as a "Second edition of the Ku-Klux.' We cannot but express our mortification that the honorable Judge of this court should have seen proper to incarcerate a member of our body without allowing said Grand Juror his constitutional right of being confronted by his accusers, or of exonerating himself by testimony in his behalf. The liberty of a citizen is too sacred to be trifled with, and constitutional barriers, once broken down, or overridden, will cease to be respected. We therefore beg to enter our protest against the act mentioned.

One Thing the Grangers Have Done.

They have broken the power and combinations of pork packers. They started out the past fall as they did the fall before, to buy pork at about three dollars—expecting, again to get double the price when they sold as they did last year. But the grangers were too sharp for them this time.—They said, rather than sell at these low figures we will pack our own pork. So all over the West the grangers combined determined to pack unless they could get what their pork was honestly worth. Pork came in slow, not fast enough to meet the demands of the packers.—The grangers went to putting up their own pork. The packers became alarmed and thought they had better make smaller profits, and so commenced offering higher prices. The grangers were firm, resolute and insisted on fair prices and the packers were compelled to pay. The result is, pork to-day is worth from $4 55 to $5 75 per hundred instead of $3.—The farmers have triumphed over the combinations of wrong men.—Millions more of dollars have been saved to them than otherwise would have been. They needed the money and have got it. They were entitled to it, and have got only what was their due. The farmers can combine on a larger and grander scale than any other class, when it becomes necessary.—*St. Louis Rural.*

Buying for Cash and for Wholesale Prices?

The purchasing agents of the Illinois Granges are buying every article necessary for the use of members at wholesale prices. In that section a good farm wagon, complete, retails at $100. The agents of the Grange pay but $70 for it. A Patron gets a plough for $16 which formerly cost him $32. The same reduction holds good in other articles. A Granger's wife can get a sewing machine for $39, which formerly outside of Grange influence, would have cost her $65, and through the same agency those who desire it, can get a parlor organ from $40 to $60 cheaper than she could a year ago. Thus, the system of co-operation among farmers, works like a charm, and facts like these establish its success.

From all parts of Missouri, says the *Rome Courier*, we hear the most flattering accounts of the Granges. Thus far the members of this organization have conducted themselves so as to win the respect of all classes; and we believe the majority of the different professions and callings concede that the farmers have the same right to meet together, and organize and work in harmony, that the bankers, merchants, lawyers, physicians and other classes have.

The truth is and it might as well be acknowledged, that poor farming makes poor land. Let our farmers put their farms in good condition, and manure and cultivate properly, and we will have good average crops every year. It is a well ascertained fact, that the manure, and good cultivation, forces the maturity of the cotton crop and it thereby escapes much of the injury inflicted by the aforesaid pests.

Says the Danville, (Ky.,) *Advocate*: The friends of the grange movement will, in all likelihood, wield an influence in the coming legislation in Kentucky. The question of whether the buyers shall go into the "open market," or be forced by the rings, is exciting some interest among the law makers. The grangers are non political, but then it would not hurt to watch their own interest even among the politicians.

The Grangers of Iowa are up and doing. They have purchased the patent of a harvesting machine, and purpose to sell it to patrons much cheaper than any manufacturers. They have also made arrangements with a sewing machine company to furnish machines at a reduction of 40 per cent. on ordinary prices.

Ingram Grange, Macon county, with forty-two members, has built a two-story hall of its own, the upper story being used for grange purposes, the lower as a school house.

A Grange in Pike County, resolves that they deprecate the mortgage system; that they recommend the legislature to repeal the lien law, that the homestead is too large, and should be modified.

The National Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry met in St. Louis, Mo., on the 4th of Feb. last.

Miscellaneous.

Heroism.

The Manchester (Tenn.) *Democrat*, of the 9th, says: A thrilling event took place at the residence of Mr. F. Cornelison, of this county, last Saturday. Just after Mr. Cornelison had left home, about sunrise, his wife heard a noise at the well, as if some one was handling the bucket, and on looking in that direction, discovered the bucket had been put in motion by some cause, and as quick as thought, it occurred to her mind that it was done by her little child, something over a year old. On approaching the well and looking down, she discovered that the water, which was six feet deep, was in a state of commotion; whereupon she was so thoroughly convinced that her babe was in the well that she gave a shriek, and in an instant, with a presence of mind and energy of action almost superhuman, lowered the bucket which was attached to a pole and the pole to a "sweep," and then descended the pole to the water, a distance of over twenty feet. The first glimpse she had been able to get of the child was its face and one hand extended upward, just before she reached the water. She immediately rescued the child from its imminent danger, and then climbed up the wall a distance of four feet. Being unable to get any higher, and there being no one on the premises at the time, she remained on the unfinished wall with her child waiting for assistance seven hours, after which they were both safely delivered from their deep and narrow prison. Luckily, the child was unhurt by the fall. The mother's hands were injured considerably during her descent along the pole.

Advertising in Dull Times.

The Milwaukee *Wisconsin* relates the following:

"After the crash of '57, when every body was almost scared to death and the croakers predicted that the country had gone to smash, a dry goods house was opened in this city, which proceeded on the principle that in order to reach the hoarded money in the pockets of the people, the proprietors must sell at very reasonable prices and advertise very largely. They worked vigorously upon this principle. Their brother merchants who did not advertise, predicted that the new comers would be ruined, as they paid too much for advertising. Nevertheless, they persisted. In a single year, they paid five hundred dollars in gold to the *Daily Wisconsin* for advertising, and at the end of seven years, they retired from business with a fortune of one hundred thousand dollars, while other merchants on the same street, some of them opposite their store, had failed."

We remember a similar instance, continues the *Wisconsin*, among our advertisers in 1857. A merchant continued his advertisement in our columns throughout the whole period of stagnation, and notwithstanding many predictions that "It wouldn't pay," his testimony afterwards was, that his sales were steady and his profits satisfactory, while many a merchant around him who "couldn't afford to advertise," saw his clerks stand idle behind the counters.

A financial panic does not mean that no one has any money. There is plenty of money in the country, and those that hoard it are just the ones to be eager for the "bargains" which a fall in prices holds out. But to buy, they must know where to buy, and the merchant who sells them will receive their cash.

How Gas Is Made.

It must interest us to know the process of making an article so extensively used in our cities, and we herewith publish a sort of gas catechism, which conveys a good deal of important "light" to the juvenile mind on this subject:

"How do they make gas?"

"First they put about two bushels of bituminous coal in a long air tight retort. This retort is heated red hot, when the gas bursts out of it, as you see it bursts out of lumps of soft coal when on the parlor fire. The gas passes off through pipes. A ton of coal will make sixteen thousand cubic feet of gas. The gas, as it leaves the coal is very impure."

"How do they purify it?"

"First, while hot, it is run off into another building; then it is forced through long, perpendicular pipes, surrounded with cold water. This cools the gas, when a good deal of tar condenses from it, runs down to the bottom of the perpendicular steam boiler, half full of wood laid crosswise. Then ten thousand streams of cold water are spurted through the boiler. Through the mist and rain and between the wet sticks of wood, the gas passes, coming out washed and cleansed. The ammonia condenses, joins the water, and falls to the bottom."

"What next?"

"Well, next the gas is purified: It is passed through the vats of lime and oxide of iron, which takes out the carbonic acid and ammonia."

"What next?"

"The gas is now pure. It passes through the big station-meter, then through the mains and pipes, till it reaches the gas jets in your room. Then it burns, while you all scold because it don't burn better."

Singular Custom.

In the island of Crete, it is customary for the friends and relations of newly married couples to give expression to their rejoicing by firing off pistols and guns at the conclusion of the nuptial ceremony, when they are generally drunk. On the occasion of a recent wedding, a young man who had returned home to replenish his powder flask, entered the cellar where the powder was kept, with a lighted candle in his hand. A few moments after he had reached his house, a frightful explosion was heard, the building and three adjoining houses being blown to fragments. The remains of the young man were found at a considerable distance.

A Beam of Light Directed upon the Lungs.

Beautiful as well as useful are the interrelations of the different sciences. For instance, it is a well known fact in surgery that when air gets into the tissues, in consequence of a perforation of the lung by a punctured rib, it does not excite putrefaction or suppuration, as it is apt to do when it acts on an external wound. In a letter to the London *Times*, Prof. Tyndall has connected with this fact his interesting and valuable observation, by means of a beam of light, that air expelled from the lungs by a forced expiration contains no floating particles, and considers that together these facts afford a complete demonstration that germs in the air, removable by filtration, are the cause of putrefaction and its associated phenomena of animalcular life.

Cromwell's Dispersion of the Rump Parliament.

We copy from an old work, before us, says the Savannah *News*, for the benefit of such readers as have not yet seen it, the famous proclamation of Oliver Cromwell, dissolving the Rump Parliament. It is a master piece of terse and vigorous utterance—happily accompanied, as it was, by corresponding action. If Old Noll had been addressing the Credit Mobiliers and salary grabbers of the Forty second Congress, he could not have spoken more appropriately:

THE INTERESTING ANNOUNCEMENT TO THE "RUMP."

"It is time for me to put an end to your setting in this place, which ye have dishonored by your contempt of all virtue, and defiled by your practice of every vice. Ye are a fractious crew, and enemies to all good government. Ye are a pack of mercenary wretches, and would, like Esau, sell your country for a mess of pottage; and like Judas, destroy your God for a few pieces of silver. Is there a single virtue now remaining among you? Is there one vice you do not possess? Ye have no more religion than my horse. Gold is your God. Which of you has not bartered away your conscience for bribes? Is there a man among you that has the least care for the commonwealth? Ye sordid prostitutes, have you not defiled the sacred place, and turned the Lord's temple into a den of thieves? By your immoral principles and wicked practices, ye have grown intolerably odious to a whole nation. You, who are deputed here by the people to get their grievances reversed, are yourselves become the greatest grievances. Your country, therefore calls upon me to clean this Augean stable by putting a final period to your iniquitous proceedings in this house, and which, by God's help and the strength he has given me, I now intend to do. I command you therefore, upon the peril of your lives, *to depart immediately out of this place! Go*—Make haste! Ye venal slaves, begone! Take away that shining bauble there, the speaker's mace, and then lock up the doors."

Keep it up.

We clip the following from the *Memphis Appeal*—and on it hangs a tale:

Whenever a gentleman wants anything published, whether of interest to the public or only an individual, he is willing and will propose to pay. Somebody must pay for it, and hereafter it will not be the printer. The fact that the proposed publication would interest the public has nothing to do with the matter in issue. Newspapers are private, not public property. They are published to make money for their owners, and if any one would use them they must pay the cost. Never did we go to a merchant and get his goods for any public purpose without paying, and if we and hundreds of others—the public—employ a lawyer about a street or other highway we pay the lawyer. The dodge is very tiresome, it is very old, and we hope to hear of it no more forever. If you want some scheme ventilated, whether it interest yourself alone with thousands, you and your thousands must pay the cost.

Man Should Rule Circumstances.

Man's highest merit always is, as much as possible to rule external circumstances, and as little as possible to let himself be ruled by them. Life lies before us as a huge quarry lies before the architect: he deserves not the name of an architect except when out of this fortuitous mass, he can combine with the greatest economy and fitness and durability, some form the pattern of which originated in his spirit. All things without us, may I may add, all things in us, are mere elements; but deep within us lies the creative force, which out of these can produce what they were meant to be and which leaves us neither sleep nor rest, till in us one way or another, without us or in us, that same have been produced.—*Goethe.*

Origin of "Old Hickory."

A correspondent of the Jackson (Miss.) *News*, tells how Gen. Jackson got his title of Old Hickory. He says he got the story from Capt. William Allen, a near neighbor of the General, and who messed with him during the Creek war. During the campaign, the soldiers were moving rapidly to surprise the Indians, and were without tents. A cold March rain came on, mingled with sleet, which lasted for several days. Gen. Jackson got a severe cold, but did not complain, as he tried to sleep in a muddy bottom among his half frozen soldiers. Capt. Allen, and his brother John, cut down a stout hickory tree, peeled off the bark, and made a covering for the General, who, was with difficulty persuaded to crawl in to it. The next morning, a drunken citizen entered the camp, and seeing the tent, kicked it over. As Jackson crawled from the ruins, the tipper cried, "Hello, Old Hickory! come out of your hack, and fine us in a drink."

☞ The value of accent in reading is finely illustrated by the following interrogatories and answers:

"*Will you* ride to town, to-day?"
"Of course, I will."
"Will *you* ride to town to day?"
"No; but my brother will."
"Will you *ride* to town to-day?"
"No: I will walk."
"Will you ride to *town* to-day?"
"No; I shall go to the country."
"Will you ride to town *to-day*?"
"No; I shall go to-morrow!"

Here are five different meanings to one sentence of a half dozen words, and all expressed by the accent. Of these the first relates to the will, the second to the individual, the third to the manner of going, the fourth to the place and the fifth to the time.

Colorado Game.

A Denver paper says: The game of Colorado consists of buffalo, elk, black and white-tailed deer, mountain sheep, antelope, cinnamon, black, and grizzly bear, wild turkeys, sage hens, blue or mountain quail, ducks of all kinds, except canvas-backs, geese and brant, swan, curlew of several varieties, and in the spring and fall snipe and plover for a few days as they migrate north and south. We have also a few California and State quail, imported for breeding purposes. The following fur bearing animals are numerous: Beaver, otter, mink, marten, weazel, red, gray, black, and silver-gray fox, besides many varieties that are supposed to be a cross of the different distinct species; also, a very small animal of the fox kind, known here as the swift, the large gray and white timber wolf, white and gray coyote, and black prairie wolf, panther or California lion, lynx, wolvereen, catamount and wildcat, badger, skunk, ground-hog or woodchuck, and other minor species."

☞ Young men, look at this: Out of 4259 petitions filed in the Executive office of Kentucky, since January 1870, asking Executive clemency, 3106, or about three fourths of the petitioners, charge their troubles to the use of intoxicating drinks.

☞ Coleridge, when lecturing while a young man, was once violently hissed. He immediately retorted: "When a cold stream of truth is poured on red-hot predjudices, no wonder that they hiss."

Stranger to Him.

A young Jonathan took it into his head one day to get a wife. He accordingly locked about him, and very soon made such selection as suited him, and was not long in striking a bargain and settling the preliminaries. He then applied to a clergyman to perform the ceremony.

"But are you prepared for such an important change in life," inquired the reverend gentleman.

"I guess I be," says Jonathan, "for I've got my land paid for, and I own a yoke of steers and a cow."

"Very well," says the clergyman, with a long breath and a sober face, "all these may be proper in their places, to be sure; but have you ever thought of salvation?"

"Sal Vation!" says Jonathan, "who under the sun is she? I don't want her for a wife. I want Nell Baker."

The minister explained his meaning.

☞ A lady made a complaint to Frederick the great king of Prussia:

"Your majesty," said she, "my husband treats me badly"

"That's none of my business," said the king.

"But he speaks ill of you," said the lady.

"That," said he, "is none of your business."

☞ "If I put my money in the savings bank, when can I get it out again?" asked one of the newly arrived. "Oh," said his friend, "sure an' if you put it in to day you can draw it out to morrow by giving a sixty days notice."

A LUDICROUS MISTAKE.—A gentleman accustomed to the signature of a firm in which he was a partner, having to sign a baptismal register of one of his children, entered it as a son of Smith, Jones & Co.

☞ "My dear," said an affectionate spouse, to her husband, "am I not your treasure?" "Oh yes" was the cool reply, "and I would willingly lay it up in heaven?" What an insulting wretch.

☞ The Missouri *Harrisonian* advertises four hundred and twenty cow bells for sale, and explains that it took them from a hardware man in payment for job work.

☞ A young gentleman, at Kansas City sent seventy five cents to New York, recently, for a method of writing without pen or ink. He received the following inscription on a card: "Write with a pencil."

☞ "Thomas," said a father to his son, "don't let that girl make a fool of you." Look sharp. Remember the adage, that love is blind." "Oh, that adage won't wash," said Tom; "talk about love being blind! Why, I see ten times as much in that girl as you do."

☞ A doctor went out for a day's hunting, and on coming home complained that he hadn't killed anything. "That's because you didn't attend to your legitimate business," said his wife.

☞ "Came to his death while mowing hit on the head with a long a hundred stew pan, in the hands of his wife," was the verdict in a recent case in Illinois.

☞ A marriage, on a railway train, may properly be termed a railroad tie.

☞ If you want to make a hostile in the world, take five newspapers and a piece of tape.

What one Man and a Boy Can Do.

Mr. J. V Braswell, living in Hinds county, Miss., about eight miles from Jackson, planted cotton the 12th of April, 1873, on creek bottom land, and by his own labor, and that of a son, (who went to school one-half his time,) on eleven acres of land made ten bales of cotton, and on 6⅞ acres made 178½ bushels of corn. Mr. Braswell also made 60 bushels of sweet potatoes, and oats enough to feed his mule all next summer. This crop was made with one mule and a single plough. In addition, Mr. B. made 1,116 pounds of pork on the place. The past season was very unfavorable, and yet many say that farming will not pay Any good, industrious man can make a good living, and money, if he farms as Mr. Braswell did, and we can say to our Northern friends, who are writing about lands in this State, that, there are many who have done even better than the above.—*Farmers Vindicator.*

Pay for Slaves.

It is announced, whether with any foundation in truth we know not, that a Radical of high standing will introduce a bill in Congress during the present session, providing for compensation for the emancipated slaves.

The New York *Herald* says, that while it is evident no such bill can pass at the present session, there is no telling what may happen between this time and 1876—the ambitious Republicans, anxious to secure the vote of the South, in the Presidential election of that year, may favor this measure.

Who knows? The South may yet get justice. The fact is, if her people and Representatives will be true to themselves, the day is coming when by proper combinations, they can force the arrogant North and East to accord to them their rights.—*Southern Watchman.*

A Terrible Weapon.

A new gun, the invention of James P. Taylor, of Knoxville, Tenn., is being tried at Colt's armory, Hartford, Conn. The Springfield *Republican* says: "It is claimed that it will discharge 800 balls a minute, and has been known to discharge 1,200. There are twenty four barrels, sixteen in the outer circle and eight inside. They do not revolve, but are all convergent, so that at 500 yards, the balls will all strike within a circle of one foot. It is a terrible wepon. Arrangements are in progress for their manufacture at Colt's.

Jefferson Davis on Cushing's Letter.

The New Orleans *Picayune* says: "Mr. Jefferson Davis, being asked to relate the circumstances connected with the Cushing letter, told the gentleman who questioned him on the subject, that he had no recollection of such a letter, that he did not remember receiving any letter from Mr. Cushing at the time referred to, and that he had no knowledge of the person in whose behalf the letter purports to have been written. This is a strange fact, as the incident is one which would be likely to impress on a memory so tenacious as that of Mr. Davis."

☞ The Demopolis *Journal* puts forth the following issues, for the coming canvas in this State, to which we add No 5, that no man be allowed to cast his vote who is not clear of the tax books for the tax year preceding the election. A law of this sort would add thousands of dollars to the school fund of the State:

1. Repudiation in toto of Railroad indebtedness.
2. Abolition of Board of Education and remodeling of the school system upon a more economical basis.
3. General reduction of salaries and retrenchment in every department of State government.
4. Abolition of all useless offices, such as Commissioner of Industrial Resources, &c.

☞ A secret organization exists in Cuba, not less terrible than the famous 'Thugs' of India A few days ago, five dead bodies were found in the streets of Havana, each with a stab through the heart. Scarcely a morning passes that the ghastly traces of this secret body are not discovered. It is a terribly significant fact that, in every instance, the victim of midnight assassination has been a Spaniard, who was known to have been conspicuous in the horrible outrages that have been perpetrated upon the families of Cuban sympathizers and members of the Masonic fraternity.

☞ The last census returns show the existence of more trades and professions, among women, than one would suppose possible. Besides women farmers, there are forty five female stock herders, five barbers, twenty four dentists, two hostlers, three professional hunters and trappers, five lawyers, 535 physicians, ninety seven clergywomen, four gun strokers, thirty three gunsmiths, seven gunpowder makers, sixteen ship riggers, with a large number of artisans, mechanics, inventors, telegraph operators and teachers of navigation.

☞ Recently, while Wm. H. Conkling, superintendent of the animal department of Central Park, New York, was feeding the camels, the largest male of them suddenly lifted him up by seizing him with his teeth, and then violently threw him to the ground. Not satisfied with this, the animal stepped on him till he had broken his right leg, and would undoubtedly have continued the attacks but for the interference of the keeper, who hit him on the snout. It was a case of jealousy. Conkling having recently nursed the female companion of his assailant during a brief spell of sickness, to the gratification of the patient, and to the ire of its mate.

☞ A story comes from Marengo, Iowa, of a girl who is marked by the figures of two rattlesnakes. "On the front of her neck," continues the description, "are the rattles, complating a perfect picture, and shedding regularly every year. It should have been added that the snakes hiss whenever anybody approaches. No story should be allowed to stop short of a good climax.

☞ A Titusville paper says: "A man called at one of our shoe stores, yesterday, and vainly essayed to get on either numbers 11, 12 or 13 shoes. The store-keeper then suggested that he should put on a dinner pair of stockings and try on the box."

THE TIMES.

Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa Observer, (CONSOLIDATED.)

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

JOS. W. TAYLOR, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 4, 1874.

COUNTY POLITICS.

Tuscaloosa a WHITE Man's County, and WHITE men should rule it—a Democratic County and Democrats should fill the County offices. The question then is, shall the WHITE Democratic MAJORITY or the BLACK Radical MINORITY, rule the County.

The Federal census of 1870, shows that there were then, in this County, 11,787 whites and 3,294 blacks, or 3,493 more whites than blacks. The ratio of increase of the two races in the county being assumed to be about equal, the numerical disparity, between them must be as great in 1874 as it was in 1870. The *whites*, therefore, have a preponderant majority of population in the County.

They have, also, a proportionate majority of voters in the County.—The ratio of voters, to the aggregate of population, is usually assumed to be as *one* to *five*. The 3,493 white majority of 1870 would therefore yield 698 as the majority of white voters in the county, for that year, and it must be, upon the conceded basis of an equality of race-increase, in the county, proportionately as large now, as it was then.

The whites, then, have a decisive majority, both of population and of voters in the county. Tuscaloosa is, therefore, a *white* man's county and *white* men should rule it, on the clear and indisputable ground that the majority should govern.

It is also, a Democratic County.—Of that fact there cannot be the shadow of a doubt. We are unwilling to concede that there are as many as 150 white men in the county who vote the Radical ticket. But to make "assurance doubly sure," upon the point, suppose we put down the number at 200. The majority of white voters in the county, as we have shown above, is 698. Deduct the Radical *white* vote, and we have 498 or in round numbers, 500, as the Democratic majority in the County. We do not believe that majority to be a unit less, but rather by many units larger, than that number.

This estimate, based upon the census of 1870, the known ratio of voters to the aggregate of population, and the conceded smallness of the Radical *white* vote in the County, furnishes a more reliable test of the Democratic majority in Tuscaloosa, than did the election of 1872. For, it is well known, that the full strength of the party was not brought out nor its real majority polled, in that election, owing to dissatisfaction with both the National and State tickets, which induced many democrats to absent themselves from the polls. The "Bolter's movement," also, distracted the party and reduced its majority.

It is a known fact, too, that the Democratic party of the county is composed almost exclusively of white men, while the blacks constitute an overwhelming majority of the Radical party of the county. We may, therefore, with perfect fairness and propriety, designate the former as the white, Democratic majority, and the latter as the black Radical minority, party of the county.

The practical question, then, which we wish to submit, in view of the facts above stated, is this—shall the *white* majority or the *black* minority rule Tuscaloosa county, and shall the *Democratic* majority or the *Radical* minority furnish the incumbents of the several county offices?

We shall have a practical answer to that question at the next November election. Our impression as to what that answer will be is very decided. We do not believe that the *white* men of the County of Tuscaloosa will permit the *black* men to assume the rule of it in whole or in part. We do not believe that the Democratic *majority* will permit the Radical *minority* to elect any of the county officers. If we regarded either of these results as at all doubtful, we should be heartily ashamed of the white men and the Democratic party of the county.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Bills introduced in the House for the purchase of Monticello homestead house of Thomas Jefferson, and granting all public lands in Alabama for school purposes. Morrison R. Waite, of Ohio, confirmed as Chief Justice. The President approved the salary bill, it reduces the pay of members of Congress to the old rates, but leaves the salary of the President at the standard of increase fixed by the salary grab bill. A prolonged discussion in the Senate on National finances. The bill to establish a branch mint at St. Louis, passed. The subject of female suffrage to be brought before the House at an early day. A proposition before the House to establish a new bureau of Mining and Manufacture. A bill introduced in the Senate to restore the franking privilege for three months. A bill introduced in the House, removing all troops from the Southern States to the border, for frontier protection, also bills pensioning the soldiers' widows of the Mexican war, pensioning the widow of James D Orr, of South Carolina, and for furnishing army rations to the destitute people of the South. Louisiana affairs discussed in the Senate. The Sykes-Spencer election case undergoing investigation before Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections.

CURRENT TOPICS.

☞ W. Page McCarty, was recently tried in Richmond, Va., for killing John B. Mordecai, in a duel last May. Four days were consumed in the trial. The jury brought in a verdict of involuntary manslaughter, and fixed the prisoners fine at five hundred dollars. The present law of Virginia, makes killing, in a duel, murder, and how such killing can be called *involuntary*, we do not know.—It is clear that the Virginia law against duelling is a dead enactment on the statute book.

☞ The London *Lancet* calls attention to the fact that the sewing machine is injurious to the health of those who habitually employ it for many hours together. It has an exciting and exhausting effect upon the nervous system and produces other symptoms which show that the employment is a hazardous one and gradually breaks down the health.—The writer thinks that steam should be adopted as the motive power of the machine, and the female hand retained as the guide of the machine thus set in motion.

☞ The negro exodus from Alabama is gratifying for many reasons, and for this one in particular, it will invite white immigration into the state. The white people of other countries are not willing to come to a State where a dense negro population will expose them to the repulsive influences, social, political and industrial, exerted by such a population.

☞ We clip the following paragraph from the Jefferson *Independent*:

Harris Campbell, of Coosa county, quit the Grangers, because in his opinion they were opposed to the Republican party, of which Harris is a shining light. He was right, the Grangers are opposed to monopoly and fraud, and the Republican party sustains and fosters both.

☞ Hon. J. L. Pennington, of Lee, has left for Dakotah; Grant appointed him Governor of that territory, and the people there hearing that he was a negro, became very much excited and disgusted. They will find, however, that the *white* is skin-deep in him, as he is what the Hayneville *Examiner* calls a "white negro," being an intense Radical.

☞ The infamous character of Butler's Civil Rights Bill, may be infererred from the fact, that Messrs White, Pelham and Sheets, three of the Radical Congressmen from this state, are opposed to it.

☞ The State *Journal*, of the 21st ult., says, there were 1,000 colored people in the public square of Montgomery, two days before, the majority of whom were preparing to leave for Texas, Mississippi and other South western States. This is a most pleasant item and we record it with delight.

☞ Two Coosa County negroes, kakluxed a third one, and have been sent to jail to await trial for the offense, and in the same County, three white men have been arrested and bound over for an alleged violation of the Enforcement Act.

☞ Montgomery has now four daily papers and one weekly. "Competition may be the *life* of trade," but, we predict, it will be the *death* of at least a majority of the Montgomery newspapers.

☞ The name of George S. Houston, of North Alabama, is looming up conspicuously as the Democratic candidate for Governor, at the November election.

☞ The Grand Duke Alexis, of Russia, is about to publish a book giving an account of his American tour. A St. Petersburg critic, who has seen the advance sheets of the work, pronounces it very readable and thinks it will be a valuable contribution to the literature of the period.

☞ The Greenville *Advocate* says, many of the young men, of that city, have decided to leave that place and go into the country to cultivate farms. Their example should be commended to the imitation of all the young men of the state, in both town and country, who are unemployed.

☞ The Livingston *Journal* thinks there are indications of a rupture between the black and white Radicals of this state, growing out of the claims of the former, to equal rights as applicable to office-holding, without respect to equal qualifications.

☞ The exodus of negroes from West Alabama, continues. A good Providence smiles upon the people of that section of the State.

☞ The Gas Company of Montgomery, is charging exorbitant prices for inferior light, and the city papers are ventilating it for its extortions.

☞ Eufaula has a most sensible City Marshal. He gives notice to vagrants that, unless they go to work, they will be arrested, without respect to "age, race, or previous condition."

☞ At the recent election, in west Florida, on the question of annexation to Alabama, the vote stood—ayes 1,046 nays 659.

☞ The burning of the Leith (Eng.) Flouring mills, last week, involved a loss of $3,750,000, and threw 400 hands out of employment.

WEST ALABAMA ITEMS.

GREENE.

The mules, with which Mr. Rufus Chambers was having a load of cotton hauled to Steele's Bluff, ran away, making a complete wreck of the wagon, breaking the negro driver's leg and killing one of the mules. A regular term of the Court of County Commissioners to be held on next Monday. Good Templars carry the day in Eutaw. The *Whig* says that not one of its subscribers, that has settled with it, has stopped his paper. Eutaw lawyers all returned from Supreme Court. Miss Lucy Bouchelle, died near Boligee, on the 14th ult.

SUMTER.

A special term of the Circuit Court, held last week. A negro woman, aged 84, died near Jones' Bluff, and funeral was attended by 127 of her descendants—representing four generations. Business revived in Gainesville, and the town more prosperous. A meeting of the Sumter Council of Granges held on the 12th ult., and important resolutions adopted.

PICKENS.

About 40 negroes left the county, in one company, lately, they belonged, says the *West Alabamian*, to a roving, idle, dissatisfied, and thriftless class of negroes, and the people are glad to get rid of them. Many marriages in the county.

HALE.

Agricultural work progressing favorably in the county. Good Templars increasing.

University of the South.

We clip the following from an interesting and well written communication to the Mobile *Register*, from a correspondent who writes under date of January, 1874, from Sewanee, Tenn. The extract gives an encouraging account of the condition and prospects of a noble and rising Institution of learning in the South, and it affords us great pleasure to lay it before our readers:

The history of the University is too well known, South, to need a lengthy notice now. Conceived in the heads of farseeing men, who felt that *concentration* was the only way by which American universities could ever hope to rival those of England and Europe, and planned by some of the ablest representatives of the ten Southern States, the beginning of the war found it with an endowment of *over fifty thousand dollars*, and with prospects far superior to those of any institution in the South. The war swept literally all away except the domain of 10,000 acres. In 1868, it was revived with *nine* students present. Since then, *five hundred and sixty* have matriculated, coming from 15 or 16 States. During the last term, and this, two hundred and sixty have been present, with a corps of eighteen professors and teachers. Although begun in an unbroken forest with only five houses, with a population barely numbering in all more than fifty souls, there has been over $200,000 invested here in different ways since then, and the population has increased to between 800 and 900. These facts speak volumes for those who have worked for the University, and also to those who have sons to educate.

The past year has been, all in all, a very pleasant one, with hardly a jar to disturb the quiet and harmony of the "Mountain." There has been plenty of work for all, and much has been done, by professors and students.

Owning the land with entire municipal control, as granted by the charter, free from all political interference, the bane of Southern "State institutions," removed from the temptations and vices of the cities, with just enough discipline to control but not oppress, the University offers as many advantages. This fact is most clearly shown by the roll of matriculants. Moreover, they offer as first class men at the heads of schools; they offer as fine mountain air free from the breath of cholera and yellow fever, with plenty of hearty, healthy exercise. Many parents in Texas, Alabama, Florida, Louisiana and the lower portions of this State have returned heartfelt thanks that their sons were at "Sewanee" during the last spring and summer when the small-pox, cholera and yellow fever were almost proving health to be a hollow mockery.

Our two Literary Societies are said, perhaps too kindly, to be inferior to few even of much older institutions. They certainly are well organized. And above all, they *work*. For physical exercise, we have two large Base Ball Clubs, well officered and well played. One named after the gallant soldier recently buried in Selma, and the 'Sewanee,' after our own beautiful mountain home. I am aware that many Americans, and nearly all the English, sneer at base-ball. But if John Bull does sneer, that is no reason why American youths and men should not have a national game; and although *we* like cricket, still there is equally as much skill and pluck required in base-ball. We think it can be played moderately and courteously, but still with a "vim." Many of our best players come from Alabama, some from Mobile. We however, propitiate John Bull by playing the real Rugby and Cambridge game of foot-ball, having learned it from one of the Faculty a Cambridge man.

But I fear that this communication is getting too lengthy. To be brief then, the University is founded upon an idea; that idea is to turn out not only first-class scholars, but also men—men with their hearts educated as well as their heads—fully rounded, manly, Christian gentlemen. And as a student, I must say that should this idea fail of being executed in us, that the blame will rest with us, and not with the University.

J. A. V. H.

☞ To show the animus of the Radical party in Alabama, it is only necessary to cite the fact, that, nearly every Radical paper in the State sided with Gov. Davis in his attempted usurpation in Texas. That was before their Master, at Washington, had spoken so emphatically. After that, they were somewhat like the boy that the calf run over.—*Jacksonville Republican.*

☞ The people of Great Britain and Ireland, numbering more than 31,000,000 of whites, are landless tenants, tilling the soil by permission, upon the payment of onerous rent.—They own not an acre of the land of their birth.

☞ Up to last Saturday, Cincinnati had, this season slaughtered 541,761 hogs, against 527,016 to corresponding date last season.

☞ A bill is before Congress, to abolish the Electoral College, and choose the President and Vice President by the direct vote of the people.

☞ A Kentucky farmer recently sold a Berkshire sow and her nine pigs, eight months old, the aggregate weight of sow and pigs being 3,000 pounds.

☞ Five highwaymen robbed a mail stage, near Hot Springs, Ark., last week. From six passengers, they took money and valuables amounting to $20,000.

Gleanings from our Exchanges.

California pays $1,000,000 a year, to Scotland, for wheat bags.

Some planters around Albany, Ga., are paying $100 to $125 per year, to hands, with board.

LONDON, Jan. 26.—Dr. Livingstone died in the interior of Africa of dysentery.

The Georgia negroes are leaving that State at the rate of one thousand per week. Happy, happy Georgia!

The Auditor of Alabama is in Philadelphia, having the "sinking fund" obligations printed.

Ex Governor Smith has discovered a copper mine of great richness, in Randolph county. The Governor is likely to become a copperhead.

The United States treasury realized the past fiscal year, $1,037,283 from sales of old material, condemned stores, etc.

The London *Figaro* says, that since the year 1851, two and a quarter millions of people have emigrated from Ireland to America.

The Baptist denomination is, to-day, numerically seventeen times as strong in proportion to the population as it was one hundred years ago.

New Zealand flax is proposed as an article of production in California, the climate of that State being said to be well adapted to its cultivation.

There is a belief that all the pensioners of 1812, in the South, who were dropped during the war, will be restored, in which event a large amount of back pay will have to be provided.

It costs the State of Missouri over $02,000 a year to transport its members of the legislature to and from the State capital, although every one has a free pass on the railroads.

The centenary of Goldsmith's death will fall on the 4th of April next, and there is talk of commemorating it in England at the Crystal Palace, and erecting a statue of the author.

A. Waunack, of Macon, Ga., has recovered $1,925 from the city, for the burning of his store by Christmas firecrackers. The case will be appealed. It is said that Waunack, himself, sold the fire-crackers.

The Catholics claim to have 8,000,000 connected with them in religious belief in the United States. That is one fifth of the population.

Mrs. Cramer, and three children, and Mrs. Benter and two children, are dangerously ill at Aurora, Indiana from eating pork in which there was Trichena. It is thought they cannot recover.

Dr. Tazewell Tyler, third son of President Tyler, died in San Francisco, a few days ago. [He was a brother of Col. Robert Tyler of Montgomery.]

The London *Times* estimates that 74,000,000 bushels of wheat will be required from this country to supply the market of Europe, until the crop of 1875 is harvested.

Ex Chief Justice James Thompson, of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, fell dead in the Supreme Court room on the morning of the 29th ult.

California has about 8,000,000 sheep The wool crop in two shearings, at an average of ten pounds per head, would amount to 80,000,000 pounds, or 15,000,000 more than the total product of the United States in 1871.

A Juror in the Circuit Court of Leon county, Florida, in reply to a question from the Solicitor, remarked that he believed every man who violated the laws of his country ought to be murdered.

Samples of Alabama coal were recently sent to the Pensacola Navy Yard for trial. The officers making the test said it would compare favorably with the Cumberland coal used in the Department of Engineering.

Mr. G. Selig, who has for some time been doing business in Dallas, Texas, has moved with his family to Auburn. He does not give a flattering account of Texas; and says many of the people who have gone from Lee county, would like to return.

Some idea of the number of pigeons roosting this fall, near the town of Talladega may be inferred from the fact, that 30 tons of manure, if the *Reporter* is correct, have been taken from the spot by the thrifty planters of this vicinity.

Newspaper properly, in New York City, is valued at $14,250,000, and is classified as follows: *Herald*, $5,000,000; *Post*, $1,250,000; *Times*, $1,200,000; *Tribune*, $2,000,000; *Mail*, $150,000; *Telegraph*, $1,500,000; *Sun*, $1,300,000; *Advertiser* $250,000; *Journal of Commerce*, $500,000; *News*, $800 000.

The following are three distinct estimates of the incoming cotton crop, all from sources having extensive correspondence and devoting particular attention to crop reports:

	Bales.
N. Orleans Cotton Exchange..	3,582,000
Agt'l Bureau at Washington..	3,700,000
N. Y. Financial Chronicle.....	4,065,000
Average of the three.....	3,982,000

—or about 43,000 bales below the actual crop of last year.

The *Advertiser* learns that 15,000 tickets for negro emigrants have been taken upon the roads leading from Montgomery westward and southward. About one-tenth of the number, it is estimated, were from Georgia, the remainder were from Montgomery and neighboring counties.

The cruelty of some parents, exhibited even at weddings, is terrible to behold. An Illinois bride has not yet recovered from the shock with which she received the presents of her father—a washtub, axe, three flat irons, and a collection of baking dishes and sauce pans.

Mrs. Marshel Bazaine is a beautiful Mexican woman, only twenty eight years of age, and with bright, intelligent features. She is said to favor Adelina Patti, and to love her husband devotedly. They have two children, a boy and a girl, the first five years old. No wonder the old man became excited when his sentence was announced.

☞ The negroes in the Dixon's Mill's neighborhood, Marengo, county, says the Demopolis *News-Journal* have built a large log house for a commissary store room, in anticipation that President Grant is about to bring down quantities of provisions for their use and benefit. They assemble at their provision depot in large numbers, with their sacks, expecting to meet their friend, the President, with the anticipated supply of provision,—but thus far they have had to return with empty sacks. It is about time that the poor dupes, who have been promised so much by those who control them, politically, and have yet received nothing, should be undeceived.

☞ Mr. Cullen, of Blount, one of the most practical patriots of the State, was in Montgomery, last week. Mr. Cullen has been successfully endeavoring, for a year or two past, to colonize immigrants, principally Germans, in this State. He has founded at one place in Blount, 115 German families, and is now preparing to bring in 500 more. This is why we term him one of the most practical patriots in this State. He has hit upon the right method to pursue with respect to immigration. 'Colonization" is the word.

Advertiser of Jan. 27.

☞ A Rhode Island jury were out 6 days debating on a hog case involving $7, and then recommended both to the mercy of the court.

☞ From all the information we can gather, we conclude there was never a better prospect for a wheat crop in East Tennessee, than we have the present season. From all parts of this division of the State we hear the most favorable reports.

Knoxville *Press* and *Herald.*

☞ Advertising is absolutely necessary; even divine worship needs to be advertised; else, what is the use of church bells.—*Lamartine.*

☞ The 70 pairs of English sparrows, ordered by the board of trade of Albany, to prey upon the cotton catterpillars, have arrived in good order. They cost $1,10 per pair, and incidental expenses, $5,50, making a total cost of $82,50.

☞ A market street man ate 12 dozen of Mexican oysters, and $100 worth of silver nails was expended on his coffin. His friends are about to erect a monument, of oysters over his grave, with the following characteristic inscription to his epicurean memory: "Good-bye valve!"

A "Life of Washington" in Japanese, consisting of forty four volumes, illustrated, has just been published in Yeddo. Washington is represented in the costume of the present time, with a moustache, a cane and a Skye terrier.

☞ A Coosa farmer's wife fell in the well, and was missed by her husband for three days, when the unusual stillness about the house, caused him to search for her. He is now looking for another wife.

☞ The work of codifying the laws of the United States, into a single volume, has been completed, and it only remains for Congress to accept the book and officially recognize it.

☞ There are sixty seven persons in N. York city worth $1,000,000 and over. With few exceptions, they are self made men—as the phrase runs—that is, they did not inherit wealth, but accumulated it through their own exertions.

☞ The national debt statement shows an increase in October, of $3,038,578; in November, of 9,018,576, and in December, of 8,453,272—in three months, of $20,521,426.

☞ Festus wished his lady love was all lips, and Nero wished the human race had but one neck, but a Persian lover distanced both when he sent a bottle of perfume to his sweetheart with the sentiment:—"When you smell this you will wish you were all nose."

☞ The report of the State Auditor of Mississippi shows a deficit in the last year's treasury account, of $673,000.

☞ Agazziz used to claim that it was just as proper to say "a pint of milch," as to say a "milch cow," and the old man had a level head.

The coal strikers of Pennsylvania, numbering some sixty thousand, have decided to accept the reduction of wages, and thus ends another strike

TAGS DENNISON'S Patent Shipping Tags! Over Two Hundred Millions have been used within the past 10 years, without a complaint of loss by Tag becoming detached. *They are more reliable for marking Cotton Bales than any Tag in use.* All Express Companies use them. Sold by Printers & Stationers everywhere. Oct. 29, 3m.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

For over FORTY YEARS this PURELY VEGETABLE LIVER MEDICINE has proved to be the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for Liver Complaint and the painful offspring DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEAD-ACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heart Burn, CHILLS AND FEVER, &c., &c.

After years of careful experiments to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our *Original Genuine Powders*

The Prepared,

a Liquid form of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, containing all its wonderful and valuable properties, and offer it in

One Dollar Bottles.

The Powders (price as before,) $1,00 a package Sent by mail.....1.04

☞ CAUTION ! ☜

Buy no Powders or PREPARED SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, unless in our engraved wrapper, with Trade mark, Stamp and Signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Nov. 6.—1y.

☞ Land Deeds, and Deeds of Trust, for sale at the Times Office.

Premium Chromo, GARDEN & FLOWER SEEDS.

Before ordering elsewhere, send for Catalogue, which is now ready, and will be mailed gratis, on application.

"Our Chromo, 'The Little Florists,' a beautiful Parlor Picture—pronounced by judges a success—is now sent free to all who favor us with orders to the amount of FIVE DOLLARS.

Chase Brothers & Woodward, SEEDSMEN, Rochester, N. Y.

Jan. 14, 1874.

FILLEY'S FAMOUS LOW RESERVOIR CHARTER OAK STOVES

Are Suited to all Climates, AND FAMOUS FOR BEING BEST TO USE! CHEAPEST TO BUY!! EASIEST TO SELL!!!

Famous for doing more and BETTER COOKING, BEING IT Quicker and Cheaper Than any Stove of its size.

FAMOUS FOR GIVING Satisfaction Everywhere, AND BEING Especially Adapted TO THE WANTS OF EVERY HOUSEHOLD.

SOLD BY EXCELSIOR Manufacturing Company, ST. LOUIS, MO., AND PRICHETT & BEERMAN, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

AUCTION —AND— Commission House.

THE undersigned has taken the Store on Main Street, next door East of Spiller's "old corner," and opposite Maxwell's old "Bee Hive," for the purpose of conducting a General Auction & Commission Business, and hopes by close attention to business, to receive a share of public patronage. Those who may be kind enough to favor me with their patronage, will please send in all articles to be sold at Auction, on FRIDAY, of each week, as my regular Auction days will be on SATURDAY. I will also inform the public, that I will attend to all out-side Sales, either in Town or County, at much lower rates than has heretofore been the custom. Of this, you will be convinced, when you hear my rates for selling.

I have recently received a good Stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, etc., which will be sold at prices to suit the times T. F. SAMUEL.

January 7th, 1874—1-tf.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN HAIR RENEWER.

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid, glossy appearance. A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*; which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N.H.

HESTER & HAYS, Agents.

Mar 5 20 1873.—11-1y.

H. H. CRIBBS, Tuskaloosa. GEO. VIDMER Mobile.

CRIBBS & VIDMER, Wholesale Dealers in GROCERIES, WESTERN PRODUCE AND LIQUORS, Rectifiers of and Agents for several Celebrated Brands of Whiskies, Nos. 37 & 39 NORTH COMMERCE STREET Mobile, Alabama,

Oct. 8th, 1873.

J. HAUSMAN & SON, Bakers and Confectioners, (Next door to Searcy's Book Store,) KEEP on hand a supply of TOBACCO, CIGARS, PIPES, FANCY GOODS, FAMILY GROCERIES, CONFECTIONERIES, BREAD & CAKES OF ALL KINDS, FRUITS AND TOYS.

☞ They will sell by wholesale or retail, and as cheap as can be bought in this or any other market.

Dec. 17, 1873.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at the Times Office.

NOTICE.

HAVING closed my business in Tuscaloosa, I must now request those indebted to me, to call and settle up all their old accounts and notes, without further delay.

I will be at the Saddle and Harness Shop of Robt. Hatten, at J. P. Turner's old stand. In my absence, Joseph McGahey, or Henry M Gown, are authorized to receive payments and receipt accounts for me.

C. M. FOSTER.

Jan. 7, 1874.—4w.

Thos. P. Lewis, WATCHMAKER —AND— JEWELLER, TUSCALOOSA, ALA., MAIN STREET, (TWO DOORS EAST OF DR. LITTLES DRUG STORE,)

HAS just received a new and large assortment of Materials for Watch and Clock Repairing.

He pledges himself to the public to pay special attention to whatever work may be left with him, and to finish it up to the future.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS ALSO KEPT FOR SALE.

ACCORDEONS Tuned and Repaired at short notice.

SPECTACLES, SUITABLE FOR ALL AGES, MADE A SPECIALTY.

WATCHES AND SOLID GOLD RINGS.

Promptly ordered when wanted.

He proposes to order Gold and Silver Watches for parties, at very small advances, thus saving, to those giving orders, from $5 to $10 on Silver, and from $10 to $25 on Gold Watches, without any risk to those giving such orders. Also Jewelry, Masons, Odd Fellows, Good Templars and Grangers Pins, Rings, &c., on hand.

Tuscaloosa, Dec. 17, 1873.

UNDERTAKE.

THE undersigned informs the citizens of Tuskaloosa and vicinity, that he has purchased a FINE NEW HEARSE. And will keep on hand a full supply of Coffins, Metallic Caskets, Etc., of all sizes, which will be furnished at the LOWEST TERMS.

Persons desiring the services of an Undertaker, will please call and examine my Stock.

I am also prepared at all times, to do HOUSE FURNISHING AND BUILDING. All Kinds of Cabinet Work Done FURNITURE Made and Repaired in the best Style.

Having secured good workmen, I shall do nothing but good work. If you need anything in my line, call on me.

H. MAASSEN.

Tuskaloosa, July 9. 27-1y.

THOS. L. HARRISON. FRANK D. FORSTE.

HARRISON & FOSTER, Commission Merchants, DEALERS IN BAGGING, ROPE, BACON TIES, —AND— WESTERN PRODUCE, No. 9, NORTH COMMERCE STREET, Mobile, Ala.

Sept. 17, 1873. 6m.

LITTLE GEM CONFECTIONERY,

L. P. Hendrix, Proprietor. (Next door to Berry & Horner,) DEALER in all kinds of Fruits, such as PINE APPLES, COCOA NUTS, BANNANAS, ORANGES, FRESH LEMONS, APPLES, &c., &c. A fine stock of TOBACCOS & CIGARS, always on hand.

☞ Fresh CABBAGE, a specialty.

☞ Give me a call, all ye who are hungering and looking around for "good things."

☞ Terms, CASH—No *time* here.

Tuscaloosa, Dec. 17th, 1873.

OPAL BAR, TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

FOR THE BEST DRINKS AND THE FINEST LIQUOR CALL N MABRY & MOORE, AT THE OPAL BAR —AND— RESTAURANT, OYSTERS, Ham and Eggs, Game, DUCK, TURKEY, FISH, VENISON, &c.

☞ Meals served at all seasonable hours.

January 14, 1874.

LEROY BREWER, HUGH L. HOPPER. THOS. DUGGAN, C. A. HARRIS.

L. Brewer & Co., WHOLESALE GROCERS, AND DEALERS IN Northern and Western Goods, —AND— RECTIFIERS AND DEALERS IN DOMESTIC & IMPORTED WINES AND LIQUORS, —ALSO— COTTON FACTORS, *And General Commission Merchants,* AGENTS OF THE Orange Powder Works, Home Bitters, French Cognac Bitters, Gold Seal Champagne, Corner Commerce and St. Louis Stress. MOBILE, ALA.

FOR RENT.

A GOOD DWELLING in this city. Also, 40 Acres of Cleared Warrior Bottom Land. Apply at once.

S. A. M. WOOD, Agent.

January 7th 1874—2w.

THE TIMES.

Independent Monitor, } (CONSOLIDATED.)
Tuscaloosa Observer, }

TUSCALOOSA, FEB. 4, 1874.

ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD.
Change of Schedule.

MAIL & EXPRESS TRAIN GOING SOUTH

Leave Chattanooga	6.15 P.M.
Arrive Birmingham	2.35 A.M.
Leave "	3 15 A.M.
Arrive Tuscaloosa	7.25 A.M.
Leaves "	7.40 A.M.
Arrives Eutaw	1.00 P.M.
Leave "	1.20 P.M.
Arrives Meridian	8 50 P.M.

MAIL & PASSENGER TRAIN GOING NORTH

Leave Meridian	2 45 A.M.
Arrive Eutaw	9.15 A.M.
Leave "	9.35 A.M.
Arrive Tuscaloosa	2.20 P.M.
Leave "	2 40 P.M.
Arrive Birmingham	6.15 P.M.
Leave "	6.35 P.M.
Arrive Chattanooga	4.15 A.M.

☞ The Train from Chattanooga to Tuscaloosa and back, is an Express Train, thence to Meridian and back to Tuscaloosa, is Accommodation and Freight.

COMMERCIAL.

MOBILE COTTON MARKET.

MOBILE, February 2, 1874.
GOOD ORDINARY—13½ to 13¾c
LOW MIDDLINGS—14½.
MIDDLINGS—15c.

TUSCALOOSA MARKETS.

TUSCALOOSA, February 4, 1874.

COTTON—Low Middling, 13 c
APPLES—Dried, per bushel, 1.00
BAGGING, per yard, 18 to 20 c
TIES—Per pound, 10 c
BACON—Clear Sides, per pound, 9½ to 10c.
HAMS—13 to 17
COFFEE—Per pound, 35 to 40 c
CORN—Per bushel, 75 c
CANDLES—Per pound, 20 to 25 c
CABBAGE—Per head, 25 to 50 c
LARD—Per pound, 11 to 12½ c
MOLASSES—Per gallon, 75 c to 1 00
SUGAR—Per pound, 12 c
SALT—Per Sack, 2 00 to 2 25
CHICKENS—Each, 20 to 25 c
EGGS—Per dozen, 15 to 20 c
BUTTER—Country, per pound, 25 c
LIME—Western, per bushel, 50 c
MEAL—Per bushel, 90 c
BEEF—Per pound, 5 to 8 c
FODDER—Per hundred, 1 00
FLOUR—Per barrel, 9 00 to 11
SHINGLES—Per thousand, 2 50
KEROSENE—Per gallon, 50 to 60
IRON—Per pound, 6 to 8 c
NAILS—Per pound, 8 c
PORK—Mess, per barrel, 17 00
TEAS—Per pound, 1 to 1 50
MACKEREL—Per kit, 2 25.
TURNIPS—Per bushel, 1 00
POTATOES—Sweet, per bushel, 75 c
" Irish, per bushel, 2 00
PEAS—Per bushel, 1 00
TOBACCO—Per pound, 60 c to 1 00
WHISKEY—Per gallon, 1 50 to 5 00
VINEGAR—Per gallon, 80 c
VENISON—Per pound, 10 c
COAL—Per bushel 15 c
WOOD—Per load, 1 00 to 1 50; Pr. cord, 3

☞ Large crowd and several auctions in town on Saturday.

☞ River in fine boating order.

☞ Several minor improvements going on about town.

☞ Judge Moody and daughter, Miss Sallie Moody, gone to Mobile.

☞ Commissioners Court meets on next Monday.

☞ Dr. Stillman returned from Memphis.

☞ Steamer "Emma" at our wharf on Saturday, and the "Talley" on yesterday. Both excellent Boats.

☞ Gen. Johnston will address the people of Tuscaloosa County on the subject of the Farmers Grange at South Sandy Church, on the 20th inst.

Concert.

By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that a Public Concert will be given at the Alabama Female Institute" to night, by Mrs. Gould's Class in Vocal Music.—We trust that a large audience may be present on the occasion.

The "Orphan at Home."

Don't forget Prof. Bristow's concert on Friday night, at the Concert Hall of the "Tuscaloosa Female College," for the benefit of the "Orphan at *home*."

☞ We are indebted to Messrs. Battle, Rogers & Co., for a late "Mobile Daily Market Report," and to Messrs. R. and P. A. Weaver, for a copy of the "Annual Report of the Mobile Board of Trade."

Gold and Silver!

The highest cash price for Chickens, Potatoes, Eggs, Butter and other country produce, will be paid, in gold or silver, to parties bringing the same to the TIMES office.

☞ Fourteen hundred and forty-nine young ladies were counted, coming down from FONTAINE & SHAW'S PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY, on that bright and lovely day, (Saturday last)

☞ Mr. W. H. Wilds announces himself a candidate for Tax Collector. He is a very worthy gentleman, and if elected, will make an efficient officer.

Wanted!

Fifty Thousand Dollars, Confederate money, in One Thousand Dollar Bills. Apply at this office.

Thank You!

The Union Springs *Herald and Times* compliments our paper very highly. We thank our contemporary for his compliment, which is rendered more valuable by the fact, that the *Herald and Times* is, itself, one of the best papers published in the State, being conducted with marked ability.

Knock Down Argument!

What's that you say, Doctor, that a good fire and well-cooked food is the life of a man? Yes, remarks a bystander, and my wife says the way to have both, is to buy L. D. BROWN'S *Red Ash Coal!!*

☞ Hallie's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer will positively restore gray hair to its original color. Give it a trial.

Delinquent City Tax-Payers.

An important notice to tax payers who have failed to pay their municipal taxes, will be found in another column. The City Collector, Mr. Burton, has no discretion in the premise. He is compelled, by law, to take the step he proposes, and no censure, therefore, can be justly visited upon him by anyone. The best way for delinquents to do, is to come forward and pay their city taxes, and thus relieve Mr. Burton from the discharge of a very unpleasant duty.

Fire!

At an early hour, on last Saturday morning, the residence, of Hon. J. M. Martin, of this city, was discovered to be on fire, in the basement. By prompt exertions of the family, and the timely help of others, the fire was extinguished before any serious damage had been done to the house. The fire is believed to have been incendiary in its orgin. Capt. Martin hands us the following card of thanks for publication:

A CARD.

Mr. Editor.—I desire to express my grateful acknowledgements to those, who, by prompt and well directed effort, saved my residence from fire on the morning of the 31st ult. J. M. MARTIN.

Feb. 2d 1874.

Board of Underwriters for Tuscaloosa.

A number of gentlemen in this city, representing various Insurance Companies, North and South, have formed themselves into a Local Board of Underwriters, for the purpose of insuring property, and have established Board rates. The town has been rated, by Maj. H. C. Wood, of Florence, Ala., Special Agent of the Phœnix Insurance Company, at Hartford, Connecticut. Persons, either in the city or county, wishing to insure property, have now the opportunity of doing so, at the National Board rates. J. H. Fitts, Esq., has been elected President of the Local Board, and Capt D. M. Scott, Secretary, through whose politeness, we have been furnished with these facts.

PHOTOGRAPHS!—"Secure the shadow, 'ere the substance fades."—Now is the time to do it, while FONTAINE & SHAW, are taking such excellent pictures, and at prices, too, within the reach of all.

☞ E. SNOW & CO., will sell you the best Shoes—the most Fashionable Dress Goods—the cheapest Domestics—the most fragrant Cigars and the nicest line of Fancy Articles, to be found in Tuskaloosa.

Tax Collector's Sale of Lands.

In arranging the advertisements for the present issue of our paper, we transferred that of the Tax Collector, to our fourth page, which was struck off last Saturday. On Monday, Capt. Horner requested us to withdraw the names of several parties who had paid their taxes, during the week; but it was then too late. In consequence, several persons will find their names in the list, that Captain Horner intended to have struck out from it, and which we should, of course, have omitted, had we received notice in time. No blame, therefore, attaches to Capt. Horner or ourselves, for the retention of the names in the list. They will not appear next week.

Meeting of Tuscaloosa Grange Council.

This body will convene, pursuant to adjournment, in Odd Fellows' Hall, in this city, on Tuesday, the 10th inst. All the Committees appointed at the last meeting of the Council, are requested to meet at 10 o'clock, on the morning of that day. A full attendance of members, both of the Council and of the Committees, is earnestly requested. Important business will come before the Council for consideration.

☞ The "Alabama University Monthly," alluding to the election of Professor Lupton, to the chair of Chemistry, in the Vanderbilt University, says: "No better Professor of Chemistry, we think, can be found, and we congratulate the Vanderbilt in having obtained the services of one who is so well filled for that branch of instruction."

Fresh Garden Seeds.

J. Little & Son, have just received a large supply of fresh Garden Seeds, for sale at low prices; and also Almanacs, for 1874, for gratuitous distribution. Call and get supplied.

Hon. N. H. Browne.

Our *venerable* young friend, N. H. BROWNE, has made a "sensation" by getting married. The Alabama University *Monthly*, after announcing the marriage, says: "We always thought that this distinguished gentleman was a wise man, and now we know it."

The Montgomery *Advertiser*, also, announcing the Marriage, adds:

"The congratulations of the season to Mr. Browne and his bonnie bride, together with all the kind wishes which sincere friendship can dictate."

Good Templar Item.

We clip the following from the news column of the Selma *Times*:

Rev. J. Hamilton, Grand Worthy Chief Templar, delivered a most interesting address before the Good Templars of Mobile, on Tuesday night last. The reverend gentleman stated that the noble order numbers over ten thousand members in Alabama, and that lodges have been established in almost every town in the State.

☞ New lot of Rugs and Cocoa Foot Mats, just received by E. SNOW & CO.

Alabama University Monthly.

The February number of this Magazine, opens with an extract from an unpublished poem of the late Judge A. B. Meek, entitled "The Pilgrims of Mount Vernon." We always read the productions of this lamented son of genius, whether in prose or in verse, with admiration, not unmingled with a feeling of mournful regret, that he has been forever lost to the young Literature of the South. He was a poet, an orator and a scholar, and wrote with equal facility and grace, both in prose and in verse.—The present extract is a poetic gem of rare merit; and if it be a fair specimen of the poem from which it is taken, the "Pilgrims of Mount Vernon" should, by all means, be given to the public. It will not only add largely to Judge Meek's reputation as a poet, but will form a valuable contribution to the poetic Literature of the South.

The next article in the Magazine, entitled "Words—their Use and Abuse," is a continuation of the slashing and able critique commenced in the December number, upon the recent work of two Northern Professors, entitled "One thousand Mistakes Corrected." It is scholarly, searching and unanswerable. The author wields a graceful and very learned pen.

"Across the Line," is a humorous sketch, done up in capital style. We laughed as heartily over it as we ever did over any of the scenes in the Simon Suggs of Hooper, or the "Georgia Scenes" of Longstreet. The author is evidently a practised writer, possessing uncommon powers of humor.

The article headed "Mobile and Tuscaloosa," is graphic, animated and extremely interesting, and is fully equal, in literary merit, to its companion sketch, in the preceding number of the Magazine.

The other articles, in prose or verse, are creditable. The editorials are sprightly, and possess the rare merit of brevity and point. Upon the whole, the present number of the Magazine, may be regarded as the best one that has yet been issued.

☞ Gents new style Hats, and elegant style Paper Collars, for sale by E. SNOW & CO.

Negro to be Hung.

We publish, as a matter of interest to our local readers, the following head-note of the decision of the Supreme Court, in the case of Hampton Wade, the colored man who was convicted of a heinous crime, at the last term of our Circuit Court, and sentenced to be hung. The Supreme Court, it will be seen, affirms the judgment of the Court below, and its sentence must, under the law, be carried into effect, in sixty days from the commencement of the term of the Supreme Court in January. Wade, therefore, must be hung early in March:

Hampton Wade, appellant vs. The State of Alabama, appellee; appeal from the Tuscaloosa county Circuit Court.

PETERS, C. J.—The accused, on the trial of a prosecution by indictment, has the constitutional right to demand the nature and cause of the accusation against him. [Const. Ala, art. 1, sec. 8; 45 Ala. 21.]

It is also his statutory right to have a copy of the indictment, if he is charged with a capital offense, served upon him, if in confinement, at least one entire day before the day appointed for the trial; but this right is waived if he received, in due time, an imperfect copy of the indictment, and permits the jury to be impanelled and sworn and charged with his trial before he objects to service of the imperfect copy of the indictment, if the copy served upon him is sufficient to make known to him the offense with which he is charged.

A female child eight years old is a competent witness for the State in a prosecution under section 3663, of the Revised Code, for an attempt to abuse her person, as there pronounced as a capital offense.

It is within the discretion of the court, on the trial of a criminal prosecution for the offence forbidden by the 3662nd section of the Revised Code, to permit a witness for the State, who is under 10 years of age, a female, and the person alledged to have been abused, and who is much embarrassed and distressed by her position in court, to be asked leading questions by the solicitor, as to the manner of the outrage inflicted upon her, for the purpose of eliciting the whole truth:

The exercise of said discretion is subject to review, in this court, but it will not be interfered with, in such a case as this, unless it has been clearly abused.

The judgment of court below affirmed, and that court will see that the judgment and sentence, against the appellant, said Hampton Wade, is carried into execution, unless in the meantime, the said Hampton Wade is otherwise discharged by due course of law.

SHOES! SHOES!! SHOES!!! Full stock, good and cheap. Call on E. SNOW & CO.

Handsome Gift to the University Library.

Mrs. M. B. Stafford has presented to the library of the University of Alabama, a valuable collection of books, about one hundred and twenty volumes, from the library of her husband, the late Prof. S. M. Stafford. Many of these works are rare and valuable. Some of them are enriched by marginal and other notes from the critical and able pen of Prof. Stafford, and on this account especially, are highly prized.

Although Prof. Stafford had retired from the Chair of Ancient Languages in the University long before we became a student, yet we know that his memory is very dear to the Institution and to hundreds of distinguished men throughout Alabama who enjoyed his teachings and who unite in speaking of him as a model Professor—an accomplished scholar—and a devoted instructor. We learn that our Faculty passed resolutions warmly thanking Mrs. Stafford for the handsome addition to the University library.

Alabama University Monthly.

☞ The NEW SAFETY LAMP—the safest and best lamp in use, for sale by E. SNOW & CO.

☞ Printing on Postal cards, executed neatly, cheaply, and with dispatch at the TIMES office.

"Pro Bono Publico."

The decrease in the price of goods, in the Northern and Eastern markets, forces us to reduce the prices on all our goods, and we now say to those who have the CASH, that they can buy Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, Shirts and Underwear, and every thing in our line, cheaper than ever before. Now, gentlemen, if you have the "Wherewithal," just walk into our store, and we will convince you that what we say is not "idle words," but will assure you, by axioms, that we will do what we say. That we need money, we do not deny, and every honest man who desires to pay his debts, will sacrifice his property to meet the demands of his creditors, just what we propose to do. Come, and look for yourselves, and you will be satisfied.

"A word to the wise is Sufficient."

Nov. 26. D. M. SCOTT, & CO.

Death of Mr. Richard N. Harris.

The Tuscaloosa papers announce the death of Mr. R. N. Harris, an old and highly respected citizen of that city.

Mr. Harris was a native of North Carolina, but had been a citizen of Alabama for a period of forty to fifty years. On moving to this State, he settled in North Alabama, near Courtland, if we mistake not, whence he moved in 1836, or '37 to South Alabama, and settled 14 miles South east of Greensboro,—where he resided for fifteen to twenty years, and then moved to Tuscaloosa.

It was our good fortune to make Mr. Harris' acquaintance, soon after he moved to this portion of the State, and to have cultivated with him some what intimate social relations,—we can therefore bear personal testimony to his worth. A devoted husband and parent, a kind master, a good neighbor, an excellent citizen, and a sincere christian. Such a man as Richard Harris, is rarely to be met with. He was attacked, some six or seven years ago, with paralysis, since which time, his health has been very poor. He was found dead in his bed on the morning of the 21st, and is supposed to have died of heart disease. His age was 75 years.

Alabama Beacon.

MARRIED:

At the residence of the Bride's father, Mr. A. C. Robertson, on Jan. 6th, by Rev. John C. Foster, Mr. ALLEN W. HOWARD and Miss RUTH J. ROBERTSON—all of this county.

On the 25th of January, at the residence of Mrs. M. A. E. Kitchens, by Rev. John C. Foster, Mr. WILLIAM LETT, of Greene county, and Miss LUCY A. TAYLOR, of this county.

In the Havana neighborhood, at the residence of Dr. J. W. Strudwick, on the 22d inst., by Rev: R. H. Cobbs, Mr. HARDY F. HILL and Miss LELIA ALLEN.

In North Port, on Tuesday evening, 3d inst., by Rev. C A. Stillman, Mr. SAMPSON MCGEHEE and Mrs. MALINDA THOMPSON.

Announcements.

☞ We are authorized to announce W. G. COCHRANE, E-q., a candidate for the Office of Judge of Probate for Tuscaloosa County, at the election to be held in 1874.

☞ We are authorized to announce Capt. WM. H. JEMISON, a candidate for Judge of the Probate Court of Tuscaloosa County, at the election in 1874.

☞ We are authorized to announce H. H. BROWN, a candidate for Judge of Probate of Tuscaloosa County. Election November, 1874.

☞ We are authorized to announce MARK BROOKS, a candidate for Tax Assessor of Tuscaloosa County, at the next Election.

☞ We are authorized to announce W. H. WILDS, a candidate for Tax Collector for Tuscaloosa County, at the election in November, 1874.

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office for the week ending February 1st, 1874, and if not called for in one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office:

Blake, R	Mayfield, Mrs Rebecca
Collier, Mollie	Mathes, Wm S
Corbin, Henry	Nelson, Henry
Emmerson, Kate	Randel, John
Fortenberry, N J	Patten, D M
Foster, Mrs Manda	Terry, Wm
Kingston, George	Saunders, Turner
Harris, R E	Waver, S
Johnson & Abbey	

R. BLAIR P. M.

LAST NOTICE!

DELINQUENT City Tax-Payers are hereby notified, that if they fail to pay their Taxes, by the 15th of February inst., I will proceed to advertise and sell property, as the law directs, to satisfy said Taxes. I respectfully urge upon the Tax-payers, to come forward and settle, and thereby avoid cost.

☞ Office, at the Store of Miller & Burton. E. M. BURTON, City Collector.

Tuskaloosa, Feb. 4, 1874.

Free Concert!

A Public Concert will be given by Mrs. GOULD'S Classes in Vocal Music, at the Ala. Female Institute, THIS (WEDNESDAY) NIGHT.

The citizens, generally, are respectfully invited to attend.

The Female Department will be opened at the Institute, on Monday next, and a few more boys, large or small, will be received.

B. GOULD, Principal.

Wednesday, Feb. 4, 1874.

C. BARNES' TEMPLE OF ART,

87, Dauphin Street, opposite the Public Square,

Carte de Visites, Rembrants, IMPERIAL, & QUARTER SIZE PHOTOGRAPHS, Beautifully Colored in Water or India Ink.

Solar Life-Size Portraits, Plain, or Colored in Oil, Water or Pastel, EQUAL TO THE BEST

In any City South or North.

Feb. 4, 1874.

Great Reduction in Prices!

"OAK CITY HOTEL"

NOT CLOSED, BUT WIDE OPEN, with the *best rooms, best beds,* and *best furnished table* in Tuscaloosa.

CALL AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES!

Terms, per day, only, ... $ 2 00
Table boarders, per month, 16 00

Tuscaloosa, Feb. 4, 1874.—3m.

New-York Store!
100,000 DOLLARS WORTH OF NEW FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!!!
THE LARGEST, BEST, AND MOST COMPLETE STOCK OF
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, FANCY GOODS, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c. &c.
all of which will be sold AT PRICES LOWER THAN THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.
IMMENSE SUCCESS! CROWDED HOUSES! THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID FOR COTTON.
DRY-GOODS, CLOTHING, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, CAPS, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c. &c.
Also, a complete line of GROCERIES!
DON'T FAIL TO CONVINCE YOURSELF AND SECURE BARGAINS!
October 1, 1873.

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND LBS. OF BACON,
For Sale at 7¾ to 9.
ONE THOUSAND Barrels of Fresh Ground FLOUR,
From Wheat Grown in 1873.
Nov. 12. T. L. HUDGINS.

P. FARRELL,
OFFERS for sale, at his old stand, next door to John Snow's Hardware Store,
Confectioneries of all kinds,
LIGHT BREAD, CAKES, PIES, JELLIES, PICKLES, FRUITS, NUTS, TOBACCO, CIGARS,
And all kinds of Shop Goods,
which he sells to purchasers, at *reduced prices.* He is also prepared to furnish a complete outfit, in the way of Cakes, Pyramids, &c., for Soirees, Parties and Wedding Entertainments. His assortment is large and complete, rivalling establishments of the like kind in cities.
PAT. FARRELL.
Tuscaloosa, Dec. 17, 1873.—3m.

NEW CHRISTMAS GOODS!

GEO. A. SEARCY & CO.
Nov. 5, 1873.

CITY WAREHOUSE.

THIS Commodious and very advantageously located Warehouse, situated on the bank of the river, is now prepared to offer to all whom it may concern—Planter and Merchants—such accomodations for the complete handling of

Cotton and Merchandise,

as are unsurpassed in this or any other city.

With an experience of six years in the business, I feel competent to satisfactorily discharge all duties entrusted to my care, and will give everything my personal attention.

The storage on cotton, first month, 50 cents per bale, and each month, thereafter, 25 cts. per bale. Twenty five cents, per bale, will be paid as ferriage, on Cotton coming from North-Port.

H. S. ROUKE.

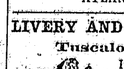
Tuscaloosa, Sept. 10, 1873.

LOUISVILLE FURNITURE STORE!
(Capt. Karsner's old Stand)—Main Street—Tuskaloosa.
C. W. STOKES,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
FURNITURE,

BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES, BUREAUS, CHAIRS, TABLES, MATTRESSES, WASH STANDS, SPRING BED BOTTOMS, PARLOR FURNITURE, DINING ROOM SETS, and all kinds of Household Furniture. Elegant Window Shades &c. &c. ☞ I am prepared to conduct the Undertaker's business, and have an ELEGANT NEW HEARSE and a large stock of FINE BURIAL CASES and CASKETS.
☞ *All kinds of Repairing Done Neatly. Terms CASH. PROMPTLY.*

ATLANTA PAPER MILLS.
JAMES ORMOND, Proprietor.
BROWN, NEWS and WRAPPING PAPER, of all Sizes and Weights.
FOR SAMPLE OF NEWS
☞ SEE THIS SHEET. ☜
Orders solicited, and promptly filled.
Office on Broad Street, Next door to "Constitution" Office,
ATLANTA, GA.

LIVERY AND SALE STABLE.
Tuscaloosa, Ala.



HAVING rented the Brick Stable, formerly kept by Capt. S. F. Bell, I will carry on the business at that convenient and popular stand, for the year 1873.

Carriages, Buggies, and Horses always at hand, for hire on reasonable terms. Horses will be boarded by the day, week, or month, and be cared for well—as I have the very best hostlers in my employ. My business receives my constant and undivided attention, and I solicit the continued patronage of my friends and the public generally.

January 15th. W. H. BEAN.

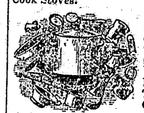
G. A. SEARCY. E. PHILIPS.
GEO. A. SEARCY & CO.,
Book Sellers and Stationers,
TUSCALOOSA, ALA., & MERIDIAN, MISS
Largest Stock, Lowest Prices.
"We won't be Undersold."
March 5th, 1873.—3-tf.

THE Best Selection of Fall and Winter Goods.
MERCHANTS will find it to their interest to call and examine our Wholesale Department, before going to distant Markets.
FRIEDMAN & LOVEMAN, at the "Atlanta Store," have now on hand

P. T. BRADY,
TUSCALOOSA, ALA.,
INVITES his old friends and customers in the community to examine his
New Stock of STAPLE GOODS
—AND—
Family Groceries,
Consisting of almost every article in the line of
Family Supplies,
And all kinds of
TABLE DELICACIES,
JELLIES, SAUCES & SPICE,
And a great variety of
CANNED GOODS
FRUITS,
OYSTERS,
FISH,
&c., &c.
His Wines, Liquors,
—AND—
CORDIALS,
Are of a superior quality. His
TEAS
Are warranted extra fine
He has been careful in the selection of his Goods to get the best articles in the market.
Coffees & Sugars
of different varieties to suit the tastes of Purchasers.
His Stock is large and will be continually replenished, All of which he will sell at the
Lowest Cash Prices
AT THE
Corner of Main and Market Strs.
The great Thoroughfare of the city.
March 12th.—10tf.

AT LITTLE'S DRUG STORE,
CAN BE FOUND A
Large and well-selected stock of
Landreth's Garden Seeds.
ONION SETTS,
EARLY ROSE POTATOES,
BEST ENGLISH SODA,
GROUND PEPPER,
SPICES,
KEROSENE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
SWEET OIL,
WHITE LEAD—(Pure,)
And every thing usually kept IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.
HOSTETTER'S,
DRAKE'S,
WALKER'S VINEGAR, Bitters
BRANDY,
WHISKEY and WINE,
For Medicinal Purposes.
Try Little's COUGH MIXTURE!

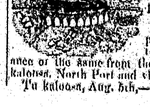
Stoves, Tinware, &c.
WE have on hand a large Stock of the very best variety of COOKING & HEATING
STOVES.
Our CHARTER OAK has gained a reputation for even baking, that makes it a house-hold treasure to all whom it may want of a Cook Stove. Our Premium Stove, DACOTAH, is becoming very popular. We guarantee these Stoves to be just what we say they are.
We keep BUCK'S IMPROVED BRILLIANT—no better Stove in the market. Also, the WATCHMAN, the MATCHLESS, and other patterns—all of which we insure to be good Cook Stoves.



Our stock of LAMPS is complete, embracing a large variety, with the latest improved burners—the (ARGAND, with Porcelain Shade.)—The best Kerosene Oil. Castings of all kinds. Full stock of all kinds of TINWARE, and various other articles necessary for housekeeping, &c.
☞ Tin Roofing, Guttering, and Job-Work, done at low figures.
PRICHETT & BEERMAN,
Tuscaloosa and North Port, Ala.
Feb. 1, 1872.

E. S. CHISHOLM,
DENTIST.
HAS permanently located in Tuscaloosa, and respectfully tenders his professional services. He has devoted sixteen years exclusively to the study and practice of Dentistry, in all its branches, and will be prepared by
The Tennessee Dental Association.
The North Ala. Med. Association.
W. H. Morgan, M.D., D.D.S., Ex Pres. American Dental Association.
S. J. Cobb, Ex Vice President American Dental Association.
Tuscaloosa, May 24, 1873.—1y

DENTAL CARD.
Dr. R. E. Watkins



WILL continue the practice of his profession at his office over P. T. Brady's store.
Thankful for past favors, hopes to merit a continuance of the same from the citizens of Tuscaloosa, North Port and vicinity.
Tuscaloosa, Aug. 5th,—31-tf.

$78 A WEEK TO AGENTS.—Fastest Selling articles out. Three valuable samples for ten cents.
J. BRIDE, 767 Broadway, New York.
Feb 4 5 4w

RUPTURE SEELEY'S HARD RUBBER TRUSSES Relieve comfort and cure the Rupture. Pure Steel Spring TRUSSES coated with hard rubber, highly polished. Free from all sour, rusty, chafing, stinging or girthing impleasantness. Cool, cleanly, light, safe and durable. Unaffected by bathing. Always reliable. Every desirable pattern, including the new HARD RUBBER ELASTIC SHIELD TRUSS. Sent by Mail or Express. Sold by all dealers. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Establ'd, 1857 Chestnut St., Phila., & 637 Bdwy, N. Y. Beware of japanned imitations

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A Tried and Sure Remedy.
Sold by Druggists. 4w

$2500 ALWAYS MADE with our splendid COMBINATION PROSPECTUS.
It represents Sample Pages and Style of Binding of 50 *intensely interesting* and useful books, that SELL in every Family. *Best thing ever tried by Canvassers.* AGENTS WANTED to make a permanent business on these Works. Send $1,50 for Prospectus, THE ONLY OUTFIT NEEDED, choose territory and commence at once. For Illustrated Circulars and Liberal Terms, address JOHN E POTTER & CO, Pubs., Philadelphia, Pa.

RHEUMATISM NEURALGIA
FACTS STUBBORN
THE J. F. FULLER.—Being sworn, says, I graduated at the University of Penn's in 1835, and after 30 years' experience, perfected Dr. Fuller's Vegetable Rheumatic Syrup. I guarantee it an infallible cure for Nerve, Kidney and Rheumatic diseases. Sworn to, this 8th April, 1871.
F. A. OSBORNE, *Notary Public, Phila.*
We Clergymen were Cured by it, and will testify to its virtues.
Rev. Thos. Murphy, D. D., Frankford, Phila. Rev. Geo. Phillips, Media, Pa. Rev. J. E. Buchanan, Churchville, Md. Rev. H. G. Smith, Pittsford, N. Y. Rev. Jos. Rogers, Phila. Church. Phila., &c. Afflicted should write Dr. Fuller, Phila., for explanatory Pamphlet & guarantees, gratis. $50 Reward for any incurable case. No cure no pay. Large 8 oz bottle, $1. Sold by druggists.

200 PIANOS AND ORGANS.
New and Second Hand, of First-Class Makers, *will be sold at* LOWER PRICES *for cash or on installments*, in City or Country, during this Financial Crisis and the Holidays, by HORACE WATERS & SON, No. 481 Broadway, than ever before offered in New York. Agents wanted for the sale of Waters's celebrated Pianos, Concerto and Orchestral Organs. Illustrated Catalogues mailed. Great inducements to the trade. A large discount to Ministers, Churches, Sunday Schools, Etc. 4w

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES OF EUROPE say the strongest Tonic, Purifier Deobstruent known to the medical world is
JURUBEBA.
It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, removes vesicle obstructions and acts directly on the Liver and Spleen.—Price $1 a bottle. JOHN Q. KELLOGG, 18 Platt Street, New York. 4w

DR. PIERCE'S ALTERATIVE GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY
cures all **Humors** from the worst **Scrofula** to a common **Blotch** or **Pimple**. From two to six bottles are warranted to cure **Salt Rheum or Tetter, Pimples on Face, Boils, Carbuncles, Erysipelas and Liver Complaint.** Six to twelve bottles warranted to cure the worst **Scrofulous Swellings and Sores Pains in Bones and Sore Throat** caused by **Poison in Blood** or mercurial treatment. By its wonderful **Pectoral** properties it will cure the most severe recent or the worst lingering **Cough** in half the time required by any other medicine and is perfectly safe, loosening cough, soothing irritation, and relieving soreness. Sold by all Druggists. R. V. PIERCE, M. D., **World's Dispensary**, Buffalo, N. Y.

DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS
The only known Medicine
THAT AT THE SAME TIME
Purges, Purifies, and Strengthens the System,
DR. TUTT'S PILLS are composed of many ingredients. Prominent among them are Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry, so united as to act together; the one, through its admixture with other substances, purifying and purging; while the other strengthening the system. Thus these Pills are at the same time a tonic and a cathartic, a desideratum long sought for by medical men, but never before discovered. In other words, they do the work of two medicines and do it much better than any two we know of, for they remove nothing from the system but impurities, so that while they purge they also strengthen and hence they cause no debility and are followed by no reaction.
DR. TUTT'S PILLS have a wonderful influence on the blood. They not only purify without weakening it, but they remove all noxious particles from the chyle before it is converted into fluid, and thus make impure blood an utter impossibility. As there is no debilitation so there is no nausea or sickness attending the operation of this most excellent medicine, which never strains or tortures the digestive organs, but causes them to work in a perfectly natural manner; hence, persons taking them, do not become pale and emaciated, but on the contrary, while all impurities are being removed, the combined action of the Sarsaparilla and Wild Cherry purifies and invigorates the body, and a robust state of health is the result of their united action. Price, 25 cents a box. Sold by all druggists. Depot 48 Cortlandt Street, New York. 4w

NEW-YORK HARDWARE STORE!
J. SNOW & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Hardware, Paints and Oils, SASH AND BLINDS,
GLASS, &c., &c., &c.
January 7, 1874.

Special Notice.
—:o:—
Tuskaloosa Female College.
—:o:—
PUPILS intending to come to the Tuskaloosa Female College, are hereby informed that if they will notify me of their purpose, I will furnish them a Certificate that will pass them over the A. & C. Railroad, at half fare.
☞ Papers that advertise for us, please take notice.
B. F. LARRABEE,
President.
Tuskaloosa, Ala., Jan. 20, 1874.

WITHDRAWN.
HAVING sold out my entire interest in the Cotton Mills, at Kennedale, Ala., and all the effects and property connected therewith, to R. B. Baugh, Jno. S. Kennedy, Wm. H. Hays and O. C. Seed, who have assumed to pay all the firm debts—
I hereby give notice, that I am no longer a member of the firm of
BAUGH, KENNEDY, & CO.,
and I bespeak for said firm the good will and patronage of my friends.
J. G. W. LEFTWICH.
Tuskaloosa, Jan. 14th, 1874. 4t.

DOSSIE ROBERTS,
AT his shop, one door West of Foster's old Corner, on Main street, offers his services, as a Barber, to the public.—Thankful for past favors and anxious to secure future patronage, he will spare no pains to please his customers. His shop is fully equipped with all necessary instruments and appliances in the line of his business, and he hopes that his long experience as a barber, and his strict attention to customers, will secure him a liberal share of public patronage.
Feb. 17—50-tf

TAX COLLECTOR'S SALE.

WILL be sold, on the FIRST MONDAY in MARCH, 1874, before the Court house door, in the City of Tuscaloosa, at the hour of 12, M., for State and County Taxes, for the year 1873 (and previous years) the following described property, to-wit:

Beat No. 1.—H. T. BRAUGHTON.

	Sec.	Twn.	Rge
SE qr of SW qr	18	18	9 W
SW qr of SW qr	18	18	9

Tax and cost $5,01.

J. W. BAGWELL.

NE qr of NE qr	6	17	9 W
NW qr of NE qr	6	17	9
SW qr of NE qr	6	17	9
SE qr of NE qr	6	17	9

Tax and cost, $3,34.

AMERICA CHRISTIAN.

NE qr of SE qr	10	18	9 W
NW qr of SE qr	10	18	9
SW qr of SE qr	10	18	9
SE qr of SE qr	10	18	9
NW qr of SW qr	11	18	9
SW qr of SW qr	11	18	9

Tax and cost $5,25.

J. C. CHRISTIAN.

NW qr of NE qr	20	18	9 W
NE qr of NW qr	20	18	9
NW qr of NW qr	20	18	9
SW qr of NW qr	20	18	9
SE qr of NW qr	20	18	9
SW qr of NE qr	20	18	9
SE qr of NE qr	20	18	9
SW qr of SW qr	20	18	9

Tax and cost, $6,21.

SAMUEL C. DUNN.

SE qr of SW qr	34	17	9 W
SW qr of SE qr	34	17	9
NE qr of NW q	3	18	9 W
SE qr of NW qr	3	18	9
NW qr of NW qr	3	18	9
SW qr of NW qr	3	18	9
NW qr of SW qr	3	18	9
NE qr of SE qr	4	18	9
SE qr of NE qr	4	18	9
NE qr of SE qr	4	18	9

Tax and cost, $9,95

J. L. EARNEST.

NE qr of SE qr	5	17	8 W
NW qr of SE qr	5	17	8
SW qr of SE qr	5	17	8
SE qr of SE qr	5	17	8

Tax and cost, $17,29.

SMITH T. H. GAMMONS.

SE qr of NE qr	20	17	9 W
SW qr of NE qr	20	17	9
SE qr of NW qr	20	17	9
NE qr of SW qr	20	17	9
NW qr of SE qr	20	17	9
NE qr of SE qr	20	17	9
SW qr of SE qr	20	17	9
SW qr of NW qr	21	17	9

Tax and cost, $7,11.

A. W. HOWARD.

NE qr of NE qr	14	24	3 E
NW qr of NE qr	14	24	3
SE qr of NE qr	14	24	3

Tax and cost, $5,01.

EST. ABRAHAM ISOM.

SW qr of NE qr	6	22	7 W
SE qr of NW qr	6	22	7

Tax and cost, $3,35.

MRS. PRECILLA JONES.

NE qr of SW qr	15	18	10 W

Tax and cost, $3,51.

H. W. JONES.

SE qr of SE qr	35	17	10 W
SE qr of SE qr	36	17	10
SW qr of SW qr	36	17	10
SE qr of SW qr	36	17	10
NW qr of NW qr	1	18	10
SW qr of NW qr	1	18	10
NW qr of NE qr	1	18	10
SW qr of NE qr	1	18	10

Tax and cost, $9,45

MINERVA JONES.

NE qr of SE qr	7	18	9 W
NW qr of SE qr	7	18	9
SW qr of SE qr	7	18	9
SE qr of SE qr	7	18	9
NE qr of NE qr	18	18	9
NW qr of NE qr	18	18	9
SW qr of NE qr	18	18	9
NW qr of NW qr	18	18	9

Tax and cost, $9,45.

WM. D. MILTON.

SE qr of SE qr	13	17	9 W
NW qr of SE qr	13	17	9

Tax and cost, $2,71.

DR. S. J. MONROE.

NW qr of SW qr	4	17	8 W
SW qr of SW qr	4	17	8
SE qr of SW qr	4	17	8

Tax and Cost, $6,36.

ISAAC NABORS.

NW qr of SW qr	18	17	8 W
SW qr of SW qr	18	17	8
SE qr of SW qr	18	17	8

Tax and cost, $4.75.

MARION HAMNER.

SW qr of SW qr	5	17	8 W
SE qr of SW qr	5	17	8
SW qr of SE qr	5	17	8
NW qr of NE qr	7	17	8
SW qr of NE qr	7	17	8
SE qr of NE qr	7	17	8
NE qr of NW qr	7	17	8
SE qr of NW qr	7	17	8
NE qr of SW qr	7	17	8
SE qr of SW qr	7	17	8
80 acres N of Yellow Creek in SE qr	7	17	8
NW qr of NW qr	8	17	18 W
SW qr of NW qr	8	17	18

Tax and cost $12,54.

JAMES W. TIPPER.

NE qr of NW qr	16	17	9 W
NW qr of NW qr	16	17	9
SW qr of SW qr	16	17	9
SE qr of NW qr	16	17	9
NE qr of SW qr	16	17	9
NW qr of SW qr	16	17	9
SW qr of SW qr	16	17	9
SE qr of SW qr	16	17	9
NE qr of NE qr	20	17	9 W
NW qr of NE qr	21	17	9 W
NE qr of NW qr	21	17	9
NW qr of NW qr	21	17	9

Tax and Cost, $8,95.

JACOB TAYLOR.

NE qr of NW qr	14	17	8 W
NE qr of SW qr	14	17	8
SE qr of SW qr	14	17	8
N e qn w q	23	do	do
n w q n w q	do	do	do

Tax and Cost, $4,46.

MRS. MARY WINCHIESTER.

Sw Fraction	4	18	7 W
Sw qr of Nw qr	4	18	7
SE qr of Nw qr	4	18	7
SE qr of NE qr	5	18	7 W
NE qr of Nw qr	5	18	7
Nw qr of Nw qr	5	18	7
NE qr of NE qr	6	18	7 W
Nw qr of NE qr	6	18	7
Sw qr of NE qr	6	18	7

Tax and Cost, $6,36.

Beat No 2—J. W. APPLING.

Nw qr of Nw qr	34	17	10 W
Sw qr of Nw qr	34	17	10
W half of Sw qr	34	17	10
All East of North River			

Tax and Cost, $10,94.

RICHARD APPLING.

Nw qr of NE qr	32	17	10 W
Sw qr of NE qr	32	17	10
Nw qr of SE qr	32	17	10
Sw qr of SE qr	32	17	10
NE qr of Nw qr	32	17	10
SE qr of Nw qr	32	17	10
NE qr of Sw qr	32	17	10
SE qr of Sw qr	32	17	10
NE qr of SE qr	32	17	10

Tax and Cost, $9,60.

JO.N W. BAKER.

SE qr of SE qr	7	17	9 W
Sw qr of Sw qr	8	17	9

Tax and Cost, $3,39.

W. T. SLAUGHTER.

SE qr of SE qr	18	17	10 W
NE qr of NE qr	19	17	10
Nw qr of NE qr	19	17	10
Sw qr of NE qr	19	17	10
SE qr of NE qr	19	17	10
SE qr of Sw qr	19	17	10
20 acres W h Sw qr SE qr	19	17	10
Sw qr of Nw qr	20	17	10 W
Nw qr of Nw qr	30	17	10 W
NE qr of Nw qr	30	17	10
SE qr of Nw qr	30	17	10
25 acres on W half of Nw qr of NE qr.	30	17	10

Tax and Cost, $27 93.

F. M. WELCH.

NE qr of Nw qr	30	18	10 W
Nw qr of Nw qr	30	18	10
Sw qr of Nw qr	30	18	10
Nw qr of Sw qr	30	18	10
Sw qr of Sw qr	30	18	10
Nw qr of Sw qr	30	18	10
Sw qr of Sw qr	30	18	10
SE qr of Sw qr	25	17	11
SE qr of Sw qr	25	17	11 W
Sw xr of SE qr	25	17	11
NE qr of NE qr	36	17	11 W
Nw qr of Nw qr	36	17	11
Sw qr of Nw qr	36	17	11
SE qr of Nw qr	36	17	11
Nw qr of NE qr	36	17	11

Tax and Cost $14,35.

JOHN WALLACE.

NE qr of Sw qr	1	17	10 W
NW qr of Sw qr	1	17	10

	Section.	Town.	Range
NE qr of SE qr	2	17	10
Nw qr of Sw qr	2	17	10
Nw qr of NE qr	35	17	10 W
NE qr of Nw qr	35	17	10
Nw qr of Nw qr	35	17	16
Sw qr of Nw qr	35	17	10
SE qr of Nw qr	35	17	10
Sw qr of NE qr	35	17	10
Sw qr of SE qr	35	17	10
Sw qr of Sw qr	35	17	10

Tax and Cost, $8,95.

MARY WATSON.

S half NE qr of NE qr	1	19	12 W
NE qr of NE qr	1	19	12
SE qr of NE qr	1	19	12
NE qr of SE qr	1	19	12
Nw qr of SE qr	1	19	12
E qr of SE qr	1	19	12

Tax and Cost, $5,25.

JOHN G. WILLINGHAM.
Lots in New Lexington, Nos 42, 43, 62 and 63
Tax and Cost, $22.26.

Beat No. 3.—JOHN S. COOK, Agent.

Sw qr of SE qr	5	19	11 W
Nw qr of Sw qr	5	19	11
SE qr of Sw qr	5	19	11
Sw qr of SE qr	5	19	11
Se q se qr	5	19	11
NE qr of NE qr	6	19	11 W
NE qr of Nw qr	6	19	11
SE qr of Nw qr	6	19	11
Sw qr of NE qr	6	19	11
SE qr of NE qr	6	19	11
NE qr of SE qr	6	19	11
Nw qr of SE qr	6	19	11
Sw qr of SE qr	6	19	11
SE qr of SE qr	6	19	11
Nw qr of Nw qr	8	19	11 W
Nw qr of Sw qr	8	19	11
Sw qr of Sw qr	8	19	11

Tax and Cost, $10,65.

BOSWELL FREEMAN.

Sw qr of Nw qr	1	18	12 W
Nw qr of Sw qr	1	18	12
NE qr of Sw qr	1	18	12
Sw qr of SE qr	1	18	12
Nw qr of SE qr	1	18	12
SE qr of SE qr	1	18	12
Sw qr of Sw qr	1	18	12
NE qr of NE qr	12	18	12 W
Nw qr of NE qr	12	18	12
NE qr of Nw qr	12	18	12
Nw qr of Nw qr	12	18	12
SE qr of Sw qr	12	18	12
Sw qr of NE qr	12	18	12
NE qr of SE qr	12	18	12
Nw qr of SE qr	12	18	12
20 acres on East NE qr of Sw qr	12	18	12
Sw qr of SE qr	12	18	12

Tax and Cost, $13,37.

TOBIAS MOORE.

Sw qr of nw qr	29	18	12 W
nw qr of sw qr	29	18	12
Sw qr of sw qr	29	18	12
Se qr of nw qr	30	18	12 W
Nw qr of se qr	30	18	12
Ne qr of sw qr	30	18	12
Nw qr of sw qr	30	18	12
Sw qr of sw qr	30	18	12
Se qr of sw qr	30	18	12
Sw qr of se qr	30	18	12
Se qr of se qr	30	18	12
Ne qr of ne qr	31	18	12 W
Nw qr of ne qr	31	18	12
Ne qr of nw qr	31	18	12
Nw qr of nw qr	31	18	12
Sw qr of nw qr	31	18	12
Se qr of nw qr	31	18	12
Sw qr of sw qr	31	18	12

Tax and Cost $14,70.

JOHN M. MILLS.

Se qr of ne qr	4	19	12 W
Sw qr of ne qr	4	19	12
Nw qr of se qr	4	19	12

Tax and Cost, $5,26.

ALEXANDER STEWART.

Sw qr of nw qr	9	18	12 W
Se qr of se qr	9	18	12
Sw qr of nw qr	10	18	12 W
Se qr of nw qr	10	18	12
Nw qr of sw qr	10	18	12
Sw qr of se qr	10	18	12
Sw qr of sw qr	10	18	12

Tax and Cost, $5,40.

GILBERT WATSON.

Nw qr of ne qr	31	18	11 W
Ne qr of nw qr	31	19	11
Nw qr of nw qr	31	19	11
Sw qr of ne qr	31	18	11

Tax and Cost, $8,85.

Beat No. 4.—JOHN T. BRENT.

Nw qr of se qr	25	18	11 W
Ne qr of sw qr	25	18	11
Sw qr of se qr	25	18	11
Ne qr of ne qr	36	18	11
Nw qr of ne qr	36	18	11
Ne qr of nw qr	36	18	11
Nw qr of nw qr	36	18	11
Sw qr of ne qr	36	18	11
Se qr of ne qr	36	18	11
W half nw qt of se qr	36	18	11
Ne qr of sw qr	36	18	11
Se qr of sw qr	36	18	11
W half sw qr of se qr	36	18	11

Tax and Cost, $15,70. (for '72 & '73)

MICHAEL GRIFFIN.

sw qr of sw qr	2	18	10W

Tax and Cost, $2,16.

EST. FLEMING HATHCOCK.

nw qr of sw qr	15	18	11W
sw qr of sw qr	15	18	11

Tax and Cost, $2,71.

WILLIAM ROGERS.

ne qr of sw qr	8	18	11W
nw qr of sw qr	8	18	11
sw qr of sw qr	8	18	11
nw qr of nw qr	17	18	11W

Tax and Cost $4,80.

D. H. STANLEY.
Lots in New Lexington, Oak Hill 1, 2, 28, 29 and 73
Tax and Cost, $3,00.

MRS. A. E. WINN.

ne qr of sw qr	17	18	10W
nw qr of sw qr	17	18	10
se qr of sw qr	17	18	10
ne qr of ne qr	19	18	10W

Tax and Cost, $6,51.

ISAIAH WOOTEN.

sw qr of se qr	2	18	11W
ne qr of nw qr	11	18	11
se qr of nw qr	11	18	11
sw qr of se qr	11	18	11

Tax and Cost, $4,95.

Beat No. 5—J. M. AARON.

se qr of se qr	30	18	7W
ne qr of ne qr	31	18	7W
se qr of ne qr	31	18	7
se qr of sw qr	31	18	7
se qr of se qr	31	18	7
Sw qr of nw qr	6	19	7
Se qr of nw qr	6	19	7
Nw qr of se qr	6	19	7
Ne qr of sw qr	6	19	7
Se qr of sw qr	6	19	7

Tax and Cost, $6,51.

WILLIS HOSMER.

ne qr of sw qr	35	19	7W
nw qr of sw qr	35	19	7
se qr of sw qr	35	19	7

Tax and Cost, $3,19.

J. C. HUMPHREY.

nw qr of nw qr	5	19	7W
sw qr of nw qr	5	19	7
ne qr of sw qr	5	19	7
nw qr of sw qr	5	19	7
ne qr of ne qr	6	19	7W
se qr of ne qr	6	19	7
ne qr of se qr	6	19	7
se qr of se qr	7	19	9W
sw qr of nw qr	7	17	9
se qr of nw qr	7	17	9
nw qr of sw qr	8	17	9W
sw qr of sw qr	8	17	9
ne qr of se qr	8	17	9

Tax and Cost, $13,45.

Beat No. 6—H. W. DOSS.

sw qr of nw qr	34	19	9W
sw qr of ne qr	34	19	9
se qr of ne qr	34	19	9
ne qr of sw qr	34	19	9
nw qr of sw qr	34	19	9
sw qr of sw qr	35	19	9W
nw qr of se qr	35	19	9
sw qr of se qr	35	19	9

Tax and Cost, $10,95.

A. J. GARRISON.

se q of nw q	35	18	9W
sw q of ne q	35	18	9
nw q of se q	35	18	9
ne q of sw q	35	18	9
se q of sw q	35	18	9
sw q of nw q	2	18	9W
nw q of nw q	2	18	9
se q of nw q	2	18	9
ne q of se q	8	19	9W
se q of se q	8	19	9

Tax and Cost, $5,21

ROBERT HAMNER.

ne q of se q	9	18	9W
nw qr of se qr	9	18	9
ne q of sw q	9	18	9
nw q of sw q	9	18	9
nw q of sw q	9	18	9
se q of sw q	9	18	9
sw q of se q	9	18	9
se q of se q	9	18	9
ne q of ne q	16	18	9W
nw q of ne q	16	18	9
ne q of nw q	16	18	9
nw q of nw q	16	18	9
sw q of nw q	16	18	9

se q of nw q	16	18	9
sw q of sw q	16	18	9
se q of sw q	16	18	9
ne q of se q	17	18	9W
nw q of se q	17	18	9
sw q of se q	17	18	9
se q of se q	17	18	9
ne q of ne q	20	18	9W
nw q of ne q	20	18	9
ne q of nw q	20	18	9
nw q of nw q	20	18	9
sw q of nw q	20	18	9
se q of nw q	20	18	9
ne q of sw q	20	18	9
nw q of sw q	20	18	9
sw q of sw q	20	18	9
se q of sw q	20	18	9
ne q of se q	21	18	9W
nw q of se q	21	18	9
sw q of se q	21	18	9
se q of se q	21	18	9
ne q of ne q	28	18	9W
nw q of ne q	28	18	9
ne q of nw q	28	18	9
nw q of nw q	28	18	9
sw q of nw q	28	18	9
se q of nw q	28	18	9
ne q of sw q	28	18	9
nw q of sw q	28	18	9
sw q of sw q	28	18	9
se q of sw q	28	18	9
ne q of se q	29	18	9W
nw q of se q	29	18	9
sw q of se q	29	18	9
se q of se q	29	18	9
ne q of ne q	32	18	9W
nw q of ne q	32	18	9
ne q of nw q	32	18	9
nw q of nw q	32	18	9
sw q of nw q	32	18	9
se q of nw q	32	18	9
ne q of sw q	32	18	9
nw q of sw q	32	18	9
sw q of sw q	32	18	9
se q of sw q	32	18	9
ne q of se q	33	18	9W
nw q of se q	33	18	9
sw q of se q	33	18	9
se q of se q	33	18	9
ne q of ne q	4	19	9W
nw q of ne q	4	19	9
ne q of nw q	4	19	9
nw q of nw q	4	19	9
sw q of nw q	4	19	9
se q of nw q	4	19	9
ne q of sw q	4	19	9
nw q of sw q	4	19	9
sw q of sw q	4	19	9
se q of sw q	4	19	9
ne q of se q	5	19	9W
nw q of se q	5	19	9
sw q of se q	5	19	9
se q of se q	5	19	9
ne q of ne q	8	19	9W
nw q of ne q	8	19	9
ne q of nw q	8	19	9
nw q of nw q	8	19	9
sw q of nw q	8	19	9
se q of nw q	8	19	9
ne q of sw q	8	19	9
nw q of sw q	8	19	9
sw q of sw q	8	19	9
se q of sw q	8	19	9
ne q of se q	9	19	9W
nw q of se q	9	19	9
sw q of se q	9	19	9
se q of se q	9	19	9
ne q of ne q	16	19	9W
nw q of ne q	16	19	9
ne q of nw q	16	19	9
nw q of nw q	16	19	9
sw q of nw q	16	19	9
se q of nw q	16	19	9
ne q of sw q	16	19	9
nw q of sw q	16	19	9
sw q of sw q	16	19	9
se q of sw q	16	19	9
ne q of se q	17	19	9W
nw q of se q	17	19	9
sw q of se q	17	19	9
se q of se q	17	19	9
ne q of ne q	20	19	9W
nw q of ne q	20	19	9
ne q of nw q	20	19	9
nw q of nw q	20	19	9
sw q of nw q	20	19	9
se q of nw q	20	19	9
ne q of sw q	20	19	9
nw q of sw q	20	19	9
sw q of sw q	20	19	9
se q of sw q	20	19	9
ne q of se q	21	19	9W
nw q of se q	21	19	9
sw q of se q	21	19	9
se q of se q	21	19	9
ne q of ne q	28	19	9W
nw q of ne q	28	19	9
ne q of nw q	28	19	9
nw q of nw q	28	19	9
sw q of nw q	28	19	9
se q of nw q	28	19	9
ne q of sw q	28	19	9
nw q of sw q	28	19	9
sw q of sw q	28	19	9
se q of sw q	28	19	9
ne q of se q	29	19	9W
nw q of se q	29	19	9
sw q of se q	29	19	9
se q of se q	29	19	9
ne q of ne q	32	19	9W
nw q of ne q	32	19	9
ne q of nw q	32	19	9
nw q of nw q	32	19	9
sw q of nw q	32	19	9
se q of nw q	32	19	9
ne q of sw q	32	19	9
nw q of sw q	32	19	9
sw q of sw q	32	19	9
se q of sw q	32	19	9
ne q of se q	33	19	9W
nw q of se q	33	19	9
sw q of se q	33	19	9
se q of se q	33	19	9
ne q of ne q	4	20	9W
nw q of ne q	4	20	9
se q of ne q	4	20	9
nw q of nw q	4	20	9
sw q of nw q	4	20	9
se q of nw q	4	20	9
ne q of sw q	4	20	9
nw q of sw q	4