The Tuscaloosa Times.

FOR THE DIFFUSION OF THE MEMORABLE, THE PROGRESSIVE, THE USEFUL AND THE TRUE.

Two Dollars per Annum, in Advance.

TUSCALOOSA, ALABAMA, WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1874.

No. 18

Alabama Central Female College,

TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

JOHN E. LANNEAU, A.M., Principal.

TEACHERS IN THE DEPARTMENTS.

MRS. RACHEL WOODRUFF, Principal Teacher, Vocal Music, English and French.
MRS. KATE RICHARDSON, Assistant Teacher, Literature, German.
MRS. JNO. E. LANNEAU, Moral, Phil. & Latin.
MRS. F. DUGRASS, Math. & Nat. Science.
REV. W. H. WITHERS, Ancient Languages.
PROF. JNO. E. LANNEAU, Math. & Nat. Science.
PROF. F. DUGRASS, Painting.
MISS H. NO HARRISON, Fancy Work.
MISS LUCY D. FOSTER, Governess.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

MRS. JNO. E. LANNEAU, Directress.
MRS. SARAH HOLDWELL, Housekeeper.
MRS. MARTHA DURIGGS, Matron.
MRS. RACHEL WOODRUFF, Governess.

The location of this College is one of remarkable *healthfulness*. Our main building, formerly the State Capitol, is an imposing, commodious, well ventilated structure. We strive to combine wholesome *home influence* and thorough *school discipline*.

BEST TERMS TO ENTER PUPILS, JANUARY 1st, FEBRUARY 1st, OCTOBER 1st.

☞ *Amount of ADVANCE payment REDUCED to suit the existing financial pressure.*

Tuscaloosa, Dec. 17, 1873.—1y

E. SNOW & CO.

ARE NOW OPENING AND CONSTANTLY RECEIVING

NEW STYLES OF FALL & WINTER

Dry-Goods, Notions, Hats and Shoes,

HARDWARE, GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY,

They keep the best assorted Stock in the City, and

SELL AT THE LOWEST PRICES.

They will pay special attention to their Jobbing Trade.

GENTS' AND LADY'S SHOES,

Furs, Shawls and Dress Goods.

All Goods not in Stock, ordered promptly.

☞ *The Public will remember, that this Firm have facilities for buying, unequalled by any in the City. With ten buying partners constantly in the Northern Markets, who are also connected with large wholesale interests, the firm of E. SNOW & CO., can certainly sell better articles at lower rates than any other House in Tuskaloosa.*

We would advise all to examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere.

WILCOX & GIBBS, & REESE SEWING MACHINES, Constantly on hand.

Tuscaloosa, Oct. 20, 1873.

GILLESPIE & MONTAGUE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,

BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA.

Having laid in one of the LARGEST and MOST COMPLETE STOCKS of DRUGS ever brought to this neighborhood, we are prepared to supply the trade of Tuscaloosa and North Alabama, on the most favorable terms.

WE SELL TO PER CENT. CHEAPER

Than Mobile, New Orleans, Montgomery or Selma.

We handle Morphine and Quinine at 10 cents per oz. We also have on hand a full and complete stock of Manufacturing supplies for our trade, and Chemicals we are able to duplicate any bill during the season. We will WAGER the retail trade, a great saving of FIFTY PER CENT. ON ALL PATENT MEDICINES.

Birmingham being centrally located, the tariff on freight is necessarily lower than to any other point in Alabama.

☞ CASH SALES—SMALL PROFITS.

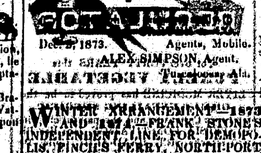
☞ Goods securely packed and promptly shipped. Oct. 1, 1873—1y

For Tuscaloosa and North-Port.

"INDEPENDENT—PACKET"

THE A. No. 1, FIRST CLASS PACKET

VAN HOOSE, Master.
A. P. DAVIS, Clerk.



Dec. 17, 1873. Agents, Mobile.

ALEX. SIMPSON, Agent, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

Mobile Restaurant!

ICE CREAM SALOON.

VIAGGI announces to his friends and the public, that he is prepared to furnish MEALS *at all hours, during the day*, with "the very best" that can be provided.

Private apartments given to Merchants, Clerks and others, who may find it inconvenient at times, to take their meals at regular *hours*, and he is prepared to *provide for them*, at any time, to suit their convenience.

Also will keep up the Ice Cream Saloons for Ladies and Gentlemen, during the season; and I think I can please all who favor me with their custom.

Gentlemen will find the best article of Cigars, and Chewing & Smoking Tobacco, to be had in the city.

Call and see me, at No. 3 Dauphin St.

May 28, 1873. D. A. VIAGGI.

Stoves, Tinware, &c.

WE have on hand a large Stock of the very best variety of COOKING & HEATING

STOVES.

Our CHARTER OAK has gained a reputation for even baking, that makes it a house-hold treasure to all who are in want of a Cook Stove. Our Premium Stove, DACOTAH, is becoming very popular. We guarantee these Stoves to be just what we represent them.

We keep BUCK'S IMPROVED BRILLIANT—no better Stove in the market. Also, the WATCHMAN, the NATCHEZ, and other Stoves, all of which we insure to be good Cook Stoves. Do not fail to call and see.

Our stock of LAMPS is complete, comprising many new styles, with the latest improved burners, the (KERAMIC), with Porcelain Shade.

Well stock of all kinds of TINWARE, and various other articles necessary for housekeeping.

☞ We do not deem it necessary to say more at this time, but invite all to call and see for themselves.

PRICKETT & BIRMAN.

Feb. 1, 1874.

J. E. TUTTLE & CO.,

BANKERS,

TUSKALOOSA, ALABAMA.

Will receive Money on Deposit, subject to Check at sight, and allow Interest on Time Deposits.

Will buy and sell Exchange on New York, and all the principal cities of the United States.

Will make Collections on all points in the United States, and remit promptly on receipt of Exchange.

Will receive Gold, Silver, Coupons and Government Securities, for which we will give the highest price in Currency.

Will give special attention to the collection of Claims, and all other business incident to a Banking House.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Sept. 23, 1871.—1y.

Our Grange Department.

THE GRANGES.

One writer says: "The word grange is Roman by birth, English by association and American by adoption.—It signified a corn farm where tithes and rents due religious houses were kept."

The Maryland State Grange requests manufacturers and dealers in agricultural and farming implements of all kinds to discontinue the practice of demanding exorbitant pay for separate pieces or parts of such, when needed for repairs.

Nashville (Tenn.) *Banner*: "At the last regular consultation meeting of all the Grangers in Sumner county, it was said they agreed that a certain business establishment was 'bogus' and that all Grangers were warned against having any business with 'bogus.' So much for bogus business."

The Master of the Missouri State Grange in answer to a correspondent, asking if Grangers should take stock in railroads, discountenances the idea as antagonistic to agricultural development and prosperity. He urges that all Grangers keep aloof from entangling alliances with such monopolies.

Indiana Grange: "About the 20th of February, Mr. Thomas Hale, of Moffitt's township, Macon county, had his house and his entire stock of provisions for the year burned, together with his farming implements. The fire had not died out before the Grangers of the vicinity had commenced to rebuild. They had soon cut and hewn logs enough to build a twenty-foot house, 18x24." The roof is being finished now. "Let those who have heretofore sneered at the Grangers read a lesson in practical charity from this." It has been charged by some of the enemies of the Order, that selfishness was the motive that actuated them in organizing. In no class is there a greater amount of the milk of human kindness than in the agricultural.

Gallatin *Tennessean*: "Some really good and intelligent people in our midst are considerably exercised, because they fear the Grangers secretly intend to take a hand in the politics of the country. We assure these gentlemen that they need not trouble themselves about this matter. The part that the Grangers will take in the politics of the day, will be taken as common citizens of a common country, and openly. Each one will follow his individual convictions of duty, and vote for such men and for such measures as he thinks will best subserve the interests of the country and promote its progress. While the Grange is no political organization, the matters and questions that come before it for solution, require the exercise of thought, and the investigation of facts incident to it, have educated its members, and their conviction of political duty will be the result of their own study, and not the dictated deductions and wishes of so called leaders."

The Executive Committee of the National Grange of Patrons of Husbandry are maturing a plan for the formation of a statistical bureau in connection with the National Grange, for the collection and dissemination of information in regard to the condition of crops throughout the country. The new bureau will be located at Washington, D. C., and in charge of Dr. W. Aiken, Secretary of the State Grange of South Carolina. Subordinate Granges will report direct to the State Granges all information of interest relating to the crops, and the different State Granges will report by telegraph to the statistical bureau at Washington, which will compile and summarize these reports in a monthly report of crops in all sections of the country, and will simultaneously transmit a report by telegraph, monthly, to all State Granges, which, in turn, will furnish it to every subordinate Grange within its jurisdiction. This information will not be furnished to the press for publication, it being intended exclusively for the benefit of the members of the Order.

Spanish Clover South.

"This plant, sometimes called Spanish clover, is one of the greatest boons that has yet fallen upon the South, and to whom we are indebted for it, is a mystery that, most likely, will never be solved. The same plant grows in Japan, and that circumstance led Pro. the botanist, to name it Japan clover. No one has had the slightest idea of how it got from Japan, but the most reasonable conclusion at which we can arrive is, that the seed, or possibly a single seed, was brought across in something shipped from that country. It is an air feeder, and therefore does well on almost any character of soil, though it prefers such soils it best. The rapidity with which it spreads, is perfectly astonishing, the moment bees or beetles are winged, and therefore can give us no idea of how they obtain their quick transits from place to place.—*Mobile Register.*

Farming Pays in Alabama.

"Those who pretend that sensible farming does not pay, may get a better idea of the subject from the following paragraph, from a letter of J. S. Maxwell, of Tuscaloosa, in the *Southern Farmer*:

"With twenty one regular hands and enough extra to tide over, and utilizing the mules to work, we made, by crop is about as follows: Fifteen hundred bushels corn, proof cats, or two dollars and twenty-five cents per one hundred, value of corn. I have moreover, six fine young mules, ready for sale. The young mules will be for sale. The young mules will be for sale. The young mules will be

THE FLOODS.

Pitiful Flight of the Negroes.

[From the Memphis Avalanche, April 25]

A Memphis merchant, who has been down the river three hundred miles, returned yesterday, and states that the condition of the people in the overflowed sections, is tenfold worse than is generally believed. The whole coast country is under water, and the inhabitants have been compelled to leave their homes and fly for safety to the higher lands. The negroes have left the plantations along the river bottoms and congregated in great numbers around the towns and country stores. These people have no money, and are not only in rags, but almost on the ere of starvation. In the early part of the year, the merchants and storekeepers advanced supplies and provisions to the negroes who would give them a mortgage or lien upon the incoming crop. In this way, the negroes were enabled to procure clothing, food and groceries, to suit their wants, and the merchants were guaranteed payment for the same because of the mortgage. As the flood increases, the merchants can not continue to furnish the means of making a crop, the merchants can not continue to furnish provision and clothing, as they have been accustomed to do. The negroes, therefore, have nothing upon which to rely, for subsistence, and their condition is truly pitiable. At many places, they have been driven almost to desperation by hunger, and threaten to mob storehouses so as to get something to eat and wear. At some places, the merchants and citizens are issuing four pounds of meat and a peck of meal *per capita* a week to these unfortunate persons, allowing nothing for children. The gentleman informs us that, many places are so densely packed with refugee negroes that the citizens are in danger of having their houses invaded and property destroyed by these half-famished creatures. All who have enough money to pay their fare, lose no time in boarding steamboats in order to leave the stricken country. Stock of all kind has been drowned in the bottoms, and should famine be averted for the present, the great loss in the future will be unprecedented. From such a source. The above is a state of affairs exists from here to the gulf, and no one can contemplate the hardships and miseries of the people along the river without feeling a desire to do something for their alleviation. A Memphis gentleman stopped at Friar's Point a few days ago, to attend to some mercantile business, but was immediately drafted into the river gang and put to work on the levee, which was in great danger of being broken by the strong current. The Memphis man went to work very cheerfully as he was engaged in a good task. After finishing his month's work, he drew his rations and left for home. The levee was sufficiently strengthened, it is thought to resist the action of the turbulent stream.

Perils of the Flood.

The steamer Lulu D., Captain Jack Stone, arrived from Pickensville, on the Tombigbee river, Sunday night about 10 o'clock and from one of the passengers, Mr. John Bowzer, we have received a harrowing account of the distress and suffering occasioned by the overflow of the Bigbee and tributary streams.

Plantations along the river were entirely submerged, the occupants sitting on the tops of houses, on the fences, cattle swimming around about and in one instance was seen a crowd of little children astride of a fence, their feet just out of reach of the water. Three pigs floating down the river on a log was a novelty, but the rising mirth caused thereby was suppressed by the sight of the houses of their owners floating near them.—No one can describe the terrible devastation that has fallen like another plague upon our country people of the bottom lands.

Houses lodged on the east bend of the river several miles, white and black were discovered in a perilous condition, some in trees and one in a house. There were plenty of canoes, people on the other bank of the river in possession of skiffs, but they did not go to their relief. The parties in peril might have escaped on floating logs or been rescued by those on the other bank, who however were loth to go, for anxious for Capt. Stone to endanger the lives of his passengers by running into the dangerous trap, where seen and un seen difficulties prevented the attempt and reluctantly leaving them to the care of those who could easily assist them, the boat came down the river at lightning speed. On Saturday the river had fallen above but had risen below Demopolis.—*Mobile Graphic.*

The Flood in North Alabama.

The Montgomery *News* of Friday says: "Passengers who arrived in this city, yesterday, say the ocean of water between here and Nashville is truly astonishing. The rise at Tween-hee and Calera, was higher than at any time during the season. At Decatur, the whole face of the earth appears to be covered with the floods. Between the Tennessee river and Swan Lake, a few miles the other side, is one uninterrupted sheet of water. A large quantity of stock has been cut off, and as the water encroaches on the stock they come nearer the railroad, which is the only land visible. The owners, to keep them off the track, have them tied to telegraph poles, and men set to watch them to keep passing trains from killing them. The railroad, however, is in good condition, and trains make regular schedule time."

EXTRACT.—The Selma *Times* of the 22d, says: "The river was still rising, but slowly, yesterday, and is now within six and a half feet of the high water mark of last month. We have a knowledge of the Alabama extending back to our childhood, and we have no recollection of ever before seeing three big rivers within six weeks. Should it rise even two and a half feet more, thousands of acres below will be submerged and immense damage done." Our information from the officers of the Tally is later than this, and from the heavy rain yesterday, which seemed general, the fears of the *Times* will doubtless be realized.—*Mobile Register*, 24.

☞ A gentleman just from Indianola, Texas, informs us that, on Wednesday last, Morgan's Texas Railroad, near Brashear City, was being submerged rapidly by the water from a crevasse some 30 miles distant, and fears were entertained that the road would be impassable within a week unless the crevasse was stopped.—*Mobile Register*, 25.

THE TIMES.

Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa Observer, } (CONSOLIDATED)

PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.

JOS. W. TAYLOR, Editor.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6th, 1874.

Not Advisable.

The State Central Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, publish the following as

A SUGGESTION.

Several communications, from leading citizens attached to the Democratic and Conservative party, have been addressed to the State Executive Committee, requesting the Committee to suggest through The *Press* that each county authorize the Delegates to the State Convention to unite, when assembled there, with the other delegates in their District Circuit or Division, and make nominations for Congress, the Board of Education, Circuit Court Judges, and Chancellors. Moreover, on enquiry, it is discovered that some counties in the Chancery Divisions, are not in the Judicial Circuits. From all of which it is manifest that two separate District Conventions would have to be held if Conventions were specifically called to nominate Judicial and Congressional candidates.—Now, under these circumstances, the State Executive Committee, while claiming no authority to require it as a matter of party rule or discipline, would respectfully counsel the people of the Circuits and Districts to choose Delegates to the State Convention having reference to these nominees, and to authorize such delegates during the State Convention proceedings, to meet in their respective District Conventions for the purpose of making Judicial and Congressional nominations.

ROBERT TYLER, Chairman.
H. C. SEMPLE,
T. R. BETHEA,
P. T. SAYRE,
T. H WATTS,
State Central Committee.

We receive, of course, any suggestion emanating from the State Central Committee of our party, with the respect due to the known ability, patriotism and eminence of the gentlemen who compose it. But we are compelled to say, after mature consideration, that we do not think it advisable for the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, to act upon this suggestion. It might, indeed, save time and expense, for the District, Circuit and Division nominations to be made in the manner suggested by the Central Committee. But these slight benefits would, in our judgment, be purchased by costly sacrifices. In the first place, it is clear that the delegates to the State Convention, would constitute a very inadequate representation of the Districts, Circuits and Divisions for which it is proposed, that they shall make nominations.—These nominations can be made more judiciously, and more satisfactorily to the constituent bodies, by local Conventions than by delegates to the State Convention, and to these local Conventions we think they should be left free to act.

A more serious and controlling objection to the "suggestion" of the State Central Committee is this:—There are twelve Circuit Judges, six District members of Congress, twelve members of the Board of Education and four Chancellors, to be elected in November, for which it is proposed by the "suggestion," that nominations shall be made at the State Convention, besides nominations for three Supreme Court Judges, seven State officers, and two members of Congress for the State at large, which properly devolve upon that body.—It is clear, that the business of the celebrated, to the State Convention will be so very largely increased and complicated, by the proposed arrangement. The aggregate of the nominations which it is proposed to devolve upon the State Convention, is forty six. For each one of these nominations there will be several candidates. Each candidate will have several friends pressing his claims. The result will be, that there will be forty six rings, cliques or combinations, all competing, combining, intriguing and canvassing, each for its favorite aspirant. The Convention will become a very Babel of confused counsels and voices. Better, far better, let its action be confined simply to the nomination of a State ticket and two candidates for Congress from the State at large. In no other way, can we hope to secure the best ticket, and the strongest State ticket that can be put in the field, and without such a ticket, defeat again awaits us in November.

☞ Congress refuses to do anything for the relief of the oppressed tax-payers of South Carolina. The Radical party has murdered the State by its infamous oppressions, and its sexton refuses it the right of decent sepulture. The unburied corpse of a once glorious commonwealth cries to heaven for vengeance on the Radical murderer.

☞ Radical hatred of the South and its men, was manifested in the Federal Senate, a few days ago, by the report of the Judiciary Committee recommending that the disabilities of John Forsyth and Raphael Semmes, in this State, be not removed. The unimpassion of the Radical party is proving strong in death.

☞ The State scrip, recently issued, is made receivable for all dues, taxes, imposts assessed or levied for the use of the State, and for all fines and forfeitures assessed against defendants, in all of the courts of the State. This is the act of December 19th, 1873.

☞ The flood in Mississippi has driven the deer and other game out of the swamps and even into some of the towns of the State. On Friday there were several bucks and does running the streets of Natchez, and some were killed.

Congressional.

The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, report against Sykes, and in favor of Spencer in the Alabama Senatorial contest. Senate Judiciary Committee report unfavorably, on the bills to relieve the political disabilities of John Forsyth and Raphael Semmes, of Alabama. Presidents veto of the Inflation bill, sustained in the Senate. The Legislative appropriation bill passed the House. The petition of the South Carolina tax-payers reported against by committees in both Houses. President proclaims the ratification of the extradition treaty with San Salvador. The new postal treaty signed. The amount appropriated by Congress for relief of sufferers, from the overflow of the lower Mississippi, is 890,000.

☞ The Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Barbour, have issued a stirring and powerful address to the people of that county. From it, we glean the following facts, which we commend to the tax-payers of the State: On the 1st of July, 1868, when Alabama passed into Radical hands, the State debts and liabilities amounted to $7,004,396,92. In two years of Radical rule, the State indebtedness, actual and contingent, including railroad bonds, had swelled to $38,398,673,78! In 1860, the county, city and town taxes in Alabama, were $321,004; in 1872, they were $1,526,008.—Yet, in 1860, the assessed value of property in Alabama was $432,198,762; in 1870, only $156,770,387!—That as the Committee forcibly say, five-eighths of our property had been swept away, and yet on the remaining three-eighths, these gentle (Radical) rulers demanded nearly five times as much taxes, as in honest times we had to pay on the whole five and three eighths put together!

☞ The Mobile *Register*, says that Mrs. Easton, a daughter of the late Col. John R. Blocker, of Greene, desires to adopt the stage as her profession. Her histrionic representations, some years ago, attracted great attention at the time, and proved her to be an actress of uncommon promise.

☞ The election of Gov. Washburne, of Massachusetts, as Sumner's successor in the Senate, is a step from the sublime to the ridiculous. Sumner was a magnificent fanatic, Washburne is a small potatoe, any way you may take him.

John C. Calhoun.

In 1837, John C. Calhoun whose perspicacity was so wonderful that his prophecies have become history, addressed the Senate of the United States:

"Be assured that emancipation itself would not satisfy the fanatics; that gained, the next step would be to raise the negro to a social and political equality with the whites; and that being effected, we would soon find the present condition of the two races reversed. I speak with full knowledge and a thorough examination of the subject, and, for one, see my way clearly. One thing alarms me—the eager pursuit of gain which overspreads the land, and which absorbs every faculty of the mind, and every feeling of the heart. Of all passions, avarice is the most blind, uncompromising—the last to see and the first to yield to danger. I dare not hope that anything I can say will arouse the South to a due sense of the danger; I fear it is beyond the power of mortal voice to awake it in time from the fatal security into which it has fallen.—*Richmond Eng.*

Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad.

We have had a conversation with Major Fleming, Superintendent of the A. & C. Railroad about the bridge disaster. He corrects our statement that the bridge has been built five years—it has been built four years.—It was built by the Baltimore Bridge Company, and Major Fleming is advised by Major McCalla, his Assistant, that it was warranted to stand six years. He is personally acquainted with the leading directors of the company, and knows them to be reliable. The timbers were collected from yellow heart pine, down the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, mostly about Escatawpa, and are supposed to have been selected with the utmost care as regards soundness and durability.—The framing of the bridge was done mostly at York. The late accident is a mystery, as it cannot be attributed to decayed timbers which ordinarily are considered safe at near twice the age of the timbers of this bridge. Major Fleming says he has had apprehensions of the unsoundness of the pole trestling this side of Tuscaloosa, and since he has had control of the road, has been endeavoring to secure them by such repairs as in his power to make; but, having had the management where wooden bridges were used all through his long engineering experience, and, having deduced from such experience a law, that they may be relied upon to last twice as long as this bridge is old, or, nearly, he had no apprehension whatever that the bridges were dangerous. He instances the bridges at Red Bluff, Columbus, and at other points on the Mobile & Ohio Railroad, under his management, which have lasted near twice as long. We have a thorough conviction that a more thoughtful and careful man of human life has never had control of a Southern road, than Maj. Fleming. Flippant and thoughtless flings of the press against the management of the road about this terrible disaster do injustice. In our judgment, the premises considered, the accident is the result of some occult cause beyond the ken of human prudence and foresight.

Meridian Mercury.

☞ The Demopolis *News-Journal*, of the 25th, has reports of much destruction to property on the Bigbee river. The water was higher than at any time since 1833. Cattle and horses were drowned by the dozen.—Many persons living near the river were driven from their homes and forced to Demopolis for safety. All the fencing has been carried away, and several houses floated by Demopolis on their way to the Gulf.

How Georgia was Saved.

A writer in the Augusta "Chronicle & Sentinel," relates the following incident as having occurred at the supper given to Ex-Governor Vance of North Carolina, during his late visit to Atlanta, Ga.

Governor Vance alluded to the superior condition of Georgia over all her Confederate sisters, as remarkable, and while much gratified with the fact, he did not understand how this state of things was brought about. Mr Hill said, "The explanation involves a long story, Governor, *but one chief reason is this*: In *other* States, including your own, a white man was allowed to be a Radical in full fellowship with the negroes and carpet-baggers, *and still retain his social respectability with decent people.* We did not allow that in Georgia." This remark brought into discussion Mr. Hill's "bush arbor" speech, in 1868, and Mr. E. Y. Clark proposed a toast to "the author of the greatest and most eloquent oration ever delivered in any age or country."

Arrest of the Benders.

A correspondent of the New-York *Herald*, writing from Salt Lake, Utah, under date of the 9th, says: that an old man was arrested some two weeks ago, near that city, who is supposed to be old Bender, the Kansas murderer. His photograph was taken and sent to the Governor of Kansas, and it has since been returned, with statements from Senator York, brother of Bender's last victim, and other persons, all agreeing that the photograph greatly resembled the murderer.

The correspondent states, further, that the officers will bring up from the South, in a few days, a young man who answers to the description of young Bender. A woman, who answers the description of Katharine Bender, came into the Southern settlements, some months since, almost naked. After obtaining food and clothing, she disappeared, and it is now thought the whole family have been in the mountains all winter, and have been driven out by starvation into the settlements.—Hence their capture.

☞ Negro suffrage has been accepted as an accomplished fact, against the protests of everybody who knew anything of the character and condition of the Southern blacks. The men whose faithful warnings were disregarded have the melancholy satisfaction to be vindicated by the results. Fortunately, the negroes have a controlling influence in only three States, and it is hoped that this will not be permanent except in South Carolina. This poor State is likely to stand as a warning beacon to all the rest of the South, and there is little danger that States already secure will ever fall into her terrible condition.—*Manchester (N. H.) Union.*

☞ A correspondent at Marshall, Texas, writes as follows: "The rains are excessive and frequent. The entire country is drenched and flooded to an extent unprecedented in the memory of the "oldest inhabitant;" and great apprehension is felt for the wheat crop, which was unusually promising, until the rains set in. Little has been done towards planting; the ground is too wet to plough, and the planters are everything but hopeful of the situation."

☞ A contemporary calls Congress our "National windmill," but this is not a settled question. It might as well be called a "bark mill," or perhaps a "paper mill," judging from its financial policy, while a good many people are more than half inclined to think it a "grist mill," from the amount of toll it is credited with taking; and from the slowness with which it grinds, it might not fitly be termed one of the "mills of the gods."—*St. Louis Times.*

☞ The Shelby *Guide* has this paragraph, which we commend to other Grand Juries, viz: "To give outsiders an idea of the importance of some of the cases brought into the court of this county, by the Grand Jury, a man was tried at this term of this court, and fined one dollar for stealing two clay pipes. It is hard to tell how much this case cost the county, first and last, and outside of the solicitor's fee: who is benefitted. The Grand Juries of this county fritter away time every court upon such cases as these at a cost of about $500 or 600 per annum."

☞ The California legislature, after a thorough discussion of a liquor law, has enacted a local option, putting it in the hands of each town to regulate the traffic as it may see fit, either prohibit or license, with power to impose restrictions to a certain extent. It gives to one fourth of the people of any township, the privilege of calling a local election to pass upon the question. The law, therefore, is a prohibitory one whenever the people so agree. Their form of meeting the evils of the liquor traffic is growing more popular; and several legislatures have been discussing the propriety and expediency of such a policy.

☞ Col. F. E. Whitfield, of Corinth, Mississippi, is said to have invented a machine by which cotton is spun into thread right from the gin. The thread thus made is said to be much more beautiful, and one third stronger, than that made in the usual way, as the fiber is unhurt by carding, and other processes to which it is subjected in manufactories. As the superiority of this new process will defy competition, it is believed the effect will be to transfer the manufacture of cotton goods to the immediate vicinity of the cotton fields. The machine alluded to is a combined gin and spinner.

Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad.

STEAWS.—J. C. Stanton and his two sons, have been in Chattanooga for some days, and it is rumored that he has resumed work on his Hotel and Passenger Depot. The latter was in progress of construction when the A. & C. Road passed out of his possession. Mr. Whitney, Asst. Superintendent under the present Receivers, and who formerly held an important position under Stanton, has resigned. And rumor says Stanton will soon be in possession of the A. & C. Road, again.

Livingston Journal.

☞ At the late election in Connecticut, Mr. Charles D. Yale, formerly of Richmond, Va., and Ex-Confederate, was elected on the Democratic ticket to represent Wallingford in the legislature.

Grant.

Who can read of the declaration lately made by this callous man, to the thieves' committee from South Carolina, that he considers them to have refuted the charges of the tax-payers, and that he holds in esteem the State governments both of South Carolina and Louisiana, without a sovereign contempt for his head or his heart? If he is not a fool, it is certain that bare faced rascality has no terrors for his susceptibilities.

☞ The bodies of Jim Buckman, fireman, and Mark Lindley, engineer, of the train on the A. & C. R. R., that fell through a trestle several days ago, have been found. The head of the former was fractured in several places. The latter was caught under and held down by the driving wheel of the engine.

☞ The Alabama & Chattanooga Railroad was to be sold in Mobile on the 4th inst. The State *Journal* learns that J. C. Stanton has formed a company who will purchase the road and put it in splendid running condition.

Gadsden Times.

☞ Miss Early, niece of Jubal E., a beautiful Virginian, who was once according to a correspondent, full of the rankest rebellion, is said to be engaged to a Yankee officer, Commander Manly, of the United States Navy.

☞ The New York *Times* (Rad.) admits that "the U. S. Treasury department has signed away thousands of dollars taxes due the government and abandoned its rights to as many more, and no one seems to know who did it or how or why it was done."

☞ The nation of white men has paid a fearful price, per capita, for the freedom of the slaves. It has paid for 4,000,000 slaves, the sum in money, of $2,600,000,000 or about $650 per head, in debt alone, bearing interest—the same the dusky race would have cost bought up by the nation, without loosing a life.

☞ In a recent letter Mr. Montgomery Blair showed how the prosperity of the people of this country had been sapped and ruined by taxation. He said:

"Within the last eight years the people have paid in money more than $3,500,000,000 in taxes on an increased wealth in that time of $11,200,000, which was not money but property, such as improved lands, buildings, stocks, etc., of fluctuating value. Nearly one-third part, therefore, of our accumulations has been appropriated as taxes.

A Threefold Tax.

Newspaper publishers in this State have to take out a license to carry on the newspaper business. They are taxed on their presses, type, etc., and on their income—making three distinct taxes they pay on the same business. No wonder, the hard times also considered, the newspaper business is in a depressed condition. Where a man's income is taxed, the property from which the income is derived, certainly ought not to be taxed. The feature of a revenue law requiring the license to carry on the newspaper business has been decided, in the Circuit Court of Dallas, to be unconstitutional, but there has, as yet, been no decision on the subject, by the Supreme Court.

Greensboro Beacon.

☞ This is a shrewd negro the Demopolis *News* tells of: "Wash Venable, a colored man of Tuscaloosa, administered on his father-in-law's estate which consisted of no assets. Wash claimed that the estate was in debt, and he has been working his two brothers-in-law, aged respectively 16 and 18, for some time past for the purpose of paying off the liabilities."

☞ An editor in a small town in Illinois, who attended an apple paring became imbued with the whirl of society, and this is how it affected him: "We are in the midst of the season for parties, dancing, mirth, and festivity. The rosined hair of the horse travels merrily over the intestines of the agile cat, evoking music to which the impatient feet trip gayly upon the floor."

☞ By a recent decision, the Supreme Court of the United States holds that the interpretation of a State law, by a court of last resort in the State, becomes as much a part of the statute as if incorporated into the body of it; and directs that in the construction of the statutes of a State, and especially those affecting titles to real property, where no Federal question arises, the Federal courts follow the adjudications of the highest tribunal of the State.

☞ Wild coffee bushes are plentiful in Amador and other counties of California. The berries are known to the settlers as "cat berries," but are in every respect similar to the coffee of commerce. A Colombian consul, who is intimately acquainted with the cultivation of coffee in South America, is confident that the shrub is the genuine coffee plant, and capable of producing, under cultivation, a superior quality of coffee.

☞ It is reported that several plantations on the Alabama river, are twenty-five or thirty feet under water, and planted in corn and cotton. When will that corn and cotton get its head above water?

☞ We have been shown a curiosity by Mr. John A. DeArman, in the shape of a young gosling which has four eyes, two mouths and double head.—*Jacksonville Republican.*

☞ Eugene Bebee, of Montgomery, says the State *Journal*, is in correspondence with parties in relation to establishing a paper mill near that place.

Miss Julia C. Tyler, daughter of Col. Robert Tyler, of Montgomery, was married on the 15th to Henry H. Tyson, of Maryland.

☞ Eight bales of hay were sold in Montgomery, two or three weeks ago, to a planter in Lowndes, which had been cut within ten miles of this planter and shipped up to Montgomery, and then sold at a profit and shipped back to the neighborhood from whence it came.

☞ Two wedding fees, of a thousand dollars each, have just been given in Western New York. That region must be the pastor's paradise.

☞ California exempts editors from jury duty, thinking they have trials enough in other business.

☞ California produced 1omons weighing twenty-four ounces a piece.

Gleanings from all Quarters.

More mortgages recorded in Etowah this year than last.

There are now nearly 600 granges in the State.

Thomas Cordes, a native of South Carolina, is a member of the new British Parliament.

The only hotel in London kept on the American plan paid a dividend last year of 7 per cent.

Three tons of base-ball bats have been shipped by a single Vermont manufacture to the Boston market this winter.

A post-mistress in Mississippi discharged her husband from a clerkship the other day for non-attendance to duty.

The highest spire in the United States, is that of Trinity Church, New York, which is 284 feet.

Fifty pounds of bullets were sold by one man in Chattanooga, the other day as his gleanings from the Chickamauga battlefield.

Victor Hugo's new novel, "93," is now, with his consent, to be translated into German, whereupon the Gaulois accuse him of a want of patriotism.

The History of American Currency, by Prof. Sumner, of Yale, just published by Henry Holt & Co., has been introduced as a text book at Harvard.

M. Charles Winer has published, in Paris, an essay on the Incas of Peru in which he states that the regime of the old Peruvian was simply communism.

According to a Kansas decision, a husband and wife can enter, a show on a ticket reading "admit one." Most righteous judge!

Cincinnati has sent 25,000 "rifle cartridges" to the Indian frontier. They were put up in pint flasks, and are sure to kill if well shaken before taken.

Returns from local registrars in England shows that nearly 100 children have been named Roger Tichborne.

A plant grows in China, which changes its color three times a day.—The first specimen of the kind, ever seen in Europe, has been received in Brussels.

There are said to be 133 masons in the British Parliament, 56 in the House of Lords, and 77 in the Commons. Neither Disraeli nor Gladstone are masons.

It is rumored that ex-President Jefferson Davis, who is at present in Europe, has a war book written, and that it will be published in England.

A man at Carlisle, Ky., was recently fined $2,50 for shooting another man. The magistrate said there was so much crime and lawlessness in the town, that it was his imperative duty to "make an example of him."

A competent medical writer remarks that he has never known a person decidedly fond of fruit, who became intemperate; and he considers the two tastes as naturally antagonistic.

In response to request of farmers, who are so far behind in their crops, by reason of the bad weather, Judge Clark adjourned the Spring Term of Lowndes Circuit Court.

It is estimated that getting born costs the people of the United States $220,000,000 annually; getting married, $250,000,000; getting buried, $73,830,450; total, $543,985,450.

The Pittsburg *Post* says: "Jayne's *vermifuge* is working wonders. It only took a couple of spoonfulls to clear New Hampshire and Connecticut of snaix." Pity it has no effect on carpet-baggers in the South.

Duelling is on the increase among the hot-bloods of Louisiana. Late telegrams inform us that Bay St. Louis, has again been the theatre of another bloodshed. The parties were Wallace Wood and A. J. Bachemin, and used duelling pistols. Bachemin was shot in the thigh. Who next?

Alice Mason Sumner, the divorced wife of the late Senator, has filed a petition in a Boston court, asking that her name may be changed to that of Alice Mason, for the reason that "she has been divorced from her late husband, who has since deceased, and desires to resume her maiden name."

A Macon, Ga., hen, has laid an egg *a la* Siamese twins; the white and the yolk separated, each being in a distinct sack—no shell having been formed—and the two connected and held fast together by a ligament an inch or more long.

We observe that Jefferson Davis has reached Paris, and is living as the guest of A. Dudley Mann, in the Rue de Luxembourg. Mr. Davis will make an interesting addition to the American colony in France.

In the present English House of Commons there are three Americans, two of whom are Southerners. All are now naturalized subjects of Great Britian. One of them is a printer.—The press is ably represented, having no less than fourteen editors among its members, of whom nine are Englishmen, three Irishmen, and one American, and one Scotchman.

The Louisville Lottery, lately drawn, shows the foolness for gambling which still exists in the American breast.—St. Louis purchased $175,000 worth of tickets, and drew nothing. Chicago invested freely in tickets, but failed to secure a single prize. All over the country, small sums were spent in the desperate hope of reaping large returns, and in nearly all the cases, disappointment followed the venture.

On the last trip of the steamer Siberia to Boston, among the steerage passengers was a family of Italians aged as follows: Father, 47; mother 43; with fifteen children ages as follows: 20, 22, 20, 19, 17, 16, 14, 11, 11, 10, 9, 8, 7, 6. Twelve were boys and three girls.

☞ A sarcastic woman observes that as death is reported to love a shining mark, she is constantly in dread of a shaft being aimed at her husband's nose.

☞ The Temperance crusade is waning. Its participants, aiders and abettors seem to have discovered at last what other people knew before; that the *demand* for, not the supply of, alcoholic stimulants is the foe to fight. As long as men crave whisky, or anything else, just so long will there be a supply for the demand. In their indiscreet zeal to put down the terrible vice of drunkenness, the fair crusaders began at the wrong end of the horn, and it is not surprising that they are coming out at the little end thereof. Woman's influence is allpowerful, and if exerted upon those who *drink* liquor would be an efficient ally of temperance. Her influence, coupled with a resolution of all employers to give employment to no man who drinks, would do more to prevent intemperance than all the crusades and legislation that could be originated.

☞ Mr. James P. Henry, Secretary of the Arkansas and Texas Land Company, sold last Saturday, to a New-York firm, 55,000 acres of timber lands in East Arkansas. This is the largest body of lands sold to one party in that State for three years past. This sale was the direct result of printers ink.—Printers ink will also sell lands in Alabama.

☞ The New Orleans *Picayune* says: Yesterday we made inquiry of the intelligent Deputy Sheriff, Col. Dick, what number of tenants paid rent to the Sheriff. His answer was "Over six hundred and daily increasing." And this number has been acquired in one year. At a like ratio in four years there is a great danger that the Sheriff will be the sole, as he is now the principal landlord of the city. In the country it is even worse. More than half of all the properties in the parishes are under seizure for taxes.—Not one third of them would sell for enough to pay taxes and mortgages. This is certainly a condition of affairs which ought to appeal most eloquently to the National Government for protection and relief.

☞ Gen. Santa Anna has arrived at the Mexican capital, and paid a visit to President Lerdo. He intends to reside at Tacubaya, seven miles from Mexico. His fortune having been reduced to almost nothing, the ex-President proposes to petition Congress for a grant, pension or restoration of some of his private property, which was sequestrated by the State.

☞ A colored Mississippi legislator lately proposed a bill to make each member of the legislature, present and future, a bona fide attorney and counsellor at law. His reasoning was direct: "For said he, if we know enough to make laws, why don't we practice um?"

☞ As one sensibly remarks: Making a profession of religion is like enlisting in the army. It is very easily done, and is at the most only a promise. Whether the promise is kept depends on how the recruit behaves; whether he endures hardships as a good soldier, and fights bravely, and follows wherever his captain leads.

☞ An eminent preacher says:—"*The respectable people, and the religious people, are more responsible for the present condition of the affairs of the country than anybody else.* They often fail to vote, and fail to take part in politics, then complain that the country is in the hands of bad men."

☞ The Montgomery *News* says: "We were shown yesterday a letter from Texas, from a former citizen of Montgomery to one of our merchants, in which is given a very discouraging account of the state of affairs out there. He says Jefferson has "played out," and the whole state is not the Texas of former days."

☞ "Cadaverous carpet-baggers and satanic scallywags" is what the N. Y. *Grocer* calls the white Radicals of the South.

DENNISON'S
TAGS Patent Shipping Tags!
Over Two Hundred Millions have been used within the past 10 years, without complaint of loss by Tag becoming detached. *They are more reliable for marking Cotton Bales than any Tag in use.* All Express Companies use them.
Sold by Printers & Stationers everywhere.
Oct. 29, 3m.

TAKE SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR

For over FORTY YEARS this PURELY VEGETABLE LIVER MEDICINE has proved to be the GREAT UNFAILING SPECIFIC for LIVER COMPLAINT and the painful offspring DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, Jaundice, Bilious attacks, SICK HEAD-ACHE, Colic, Depression of Spirits, SOUR STOMACH, Heartburn, CHILLS AND FEVER, &c., &c.

After years of careful experiments to meet a great and urgent demand, we now produce from our original *Genuine Powders*

A Ready Prepared
a liquid form of SIMMONS' LIVER REGULATOR, containing all its wonderful and valuable properties, and offer it in

One Dollar Bottles.

The Powders (price as before, $1,00 a package Sent by mail, postpaid, 1,04

☞ CAUTION! ☜

Buy no Powders or PREPARED SIMMONS LIVER REGULATOR, unless in our engraved wrapper with Trade Mark, Stamp and signature unbroken. None other is genuine.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
MACON, GA., and PHILADELPHIA.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
Nov. 6, 1y.

THOS. J. HARRISON. FRANK D. FORNEY.

HARRISON & FORNEY,
GENERAL COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
AND DEALERS IN
WESTERN PRODUCE,
BAGGING, ROPE,
Twine and Iron Ties,
No. 6, NORTH COMMERCE STREET,
Mobile, Ala.
March 11, 1874. 6m.

PRINTING,
IN EVERY STYLE OF THE ART,
Neatly and Cheaply executed at the
"TIMES" OFFICE.

R. & S. PALMER & CO.,
NORTH PORT.
Wholesale and Retail
GROCERY STORE

THIS House has been opened in North Port to supply a want long felt by the public at this trading point; and to make it in every respect equal to its near neighbor, Tuskaloosa. We now, therefore, have the pleasure to announce to the farmers, merchants and consumers of Groceries, in the counties of Tuskaloosa, Fayette, Sanford, Pickens and Walker counties, that we are prepared to furnish their wants in our line of business at as low rates as can be had at any interior trading point.—We buy for cash in the best markets of the United States, and our motto is to "*Sell as Cheap as the Cheapest!*"

We would respectfully solicit a trial from all who desire to make purchase in our line.

The following quotations represent our

WHOLESALE PRICES.

BACON.—S C Hams, per pound	14½
Plain	13
C R Sides	10
Shoulders	9
BULK MEATS—Sides, per lb	9½
C R Sides	9
Shoulders	8
CHEESE.—New York Factory	18
Western	18½
COFFEE.—Rio, Fancy, per pound	none.
Choice	31
Prime	30
Fair	28
CANDLES—Star	19
Adamantine	18
CRACKERS—Soda	7½
Butter	12½
Sugar	12½
Cream	12
CANDIES	18
FLOUR—Fine	none.
Superfine, per bbl	$7-25
X	7 25
XX	8 25
XXX	8 75
Choice	9 50
Fancy	$10 50 to 11 00
LARD—Tierce, per pound	11
Keg	12
MOLASSES—per bbl., New Crop,	60 a70
MACKEREL—1 to 3, per bbl	$15 a 20 00
1 to 3, per half bbl	8 a 13 00
1 to 3, per quar bbl.	4 a 7 00
1 to 3, Kits	2 a 3 50
MATCHES—Parlor, per gross	3 25
Sulphur	3 50
OYSTERS—1 lb cans, per dozen	1 50
2 lb " " "	2 65
POTASH—per dozen	2 75
PICKELS—half gallon, per dozen	5 00
quar " " "	3 50
eighth " " "	2 50
RICE—per pound	10c
NAILS—10 d	5 25
8 d	5 50
6 d	5 75
4 d	6 00
SALT—Per sack	2 00
SUGAR—New York "A" per lb	14½
Crushed	14
White Clarified	13
Yellow do	12½
Choice Brown	12
Prime	10½ a 11½
STARCH—per pound	7½
SARDINES—Per case	18 00
SOAP—Extra No 1, per pound	6
Medium	7
Olive	7
TOBACCO—Common	35
Good Common	45
Medium	60
Fine	75 to 80
TEA—Green, per pound	1 25
Black	1 00
TOMATOES—per dozen	2 75
VINEGAR—Per gallon	35
WHISKEY—per gallon	$1 05 to 2 50

February 18th.

NEW-YORK STORE!
JUST RECEIVED,
A Large and Select Spring and Summer Stock, which we will sell lower than any House in Tuskaloosa.
Don't fail to call and convince yourself!
APRIL 15.

THE TIMES.

Independent Monitor, Tuscaloosa Observer, (CONSOLIDATED)

TUSCALOOSA, MAY 6, 1874.

ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD.

On and after Thursday, May 7th, Trains will run between Birmingham and Tuscaloosa, as follows:

Leave Birmingham at 7, a. m., on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, arriving at Tuscaloosa, 12, m.

Leave Tuscaloosa at 10, a. m., on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays, arriving at Birmingham, 3, p. m., connecting with Louisville and Montgomery Trains.

Trains between Birmingham and Chattanooga, will run as heretofore. All trains South of Tuscaloosa, discontinued until further notice.

R. C. McCALLA, Ass't. Supt.

"Entertainment Extraordinary."

By reference to our advertising columns, it will be seen that an Entertainment comes off, on Friday night, 8th inst., at "Larrabee Hall." The exercises will be of a very interesting character, and as the proceeds of the Entertainment are to be devoted to an improvement in the College Hall, the community at large, and the patrons of the College in particular, should see to it that a large attendance of our citizens is present to encourage the public-spirited little girls, and reward their efforts.

Circuit Court.

This body was continuously in session, last week, and disposed of much business on the civil docket. This week is devoted to the criminal docket, which was taken up on last Monday. It is, we learn not very large, and there is no very important case to be tried. The crowd in attendance upon the Court is rather small. The Judge presides with his accustomed ability, dignity, and impartiality and, as usual, gives great satisfaction to the bar and the public.—The criminal docket, we presume, will occupy most of the week.

Grand Jury Report.

This document appears in our paper this week. It is an important paper, and will be of general interest, to the people. We have not time to notice its several recommendations. It is a clear and forcible paper, and speaks for itself.

That portion of the report in relation to Judge Mudd, will meet with approval among the people. He deserves the commendation bestowed upon him, and a re-election to the office which he now so worthily fills.

E. SNOW & Co., have an unusually good stock of Lady's and Children's shoes, and their prices are low.

There was a slight fall of hail in this city, on last Sunday evening. Little or no damage was done by it.

Our worthy friend, Harvey H. Cribbs, of Mobile, with his wife, has been in the city for several days.

Among the lawyers from other Counties, in attendance on the Court, was Major Cobb, the excellent Senator of Shelby. He returned home last week.

Our young and talented friend Willie B. Wood, of Florence, is in the city, on a visit to his father and family, and also in attendance on the Circuit Court.

We are indebted to Gen. Geo. D. Johnston, for a copy of the proceedings of the State Grange of the Patrons of Husbandry of Alabama, at their first session, held in Montgomery.

The stoppage of the A. & C. Railroad from this point to Meridian, has greatly interfered with both travel and the mails.

E. SNOW & Co., have now open their New Stock of Dress Goods, Ribbons, Trimmings, Embroideries, Ruffles, Lady's suits, Fancy Articles, &c., &c. Do not fail to go and see them.

Judge W. H. Moore, of Huntsville, and Capt. W. H. Clanton, of Montgomery, were in the city during the week on business connected with the A. & C. Railroad, the former being the Commissioner to audit and decide certain claims against it.—They gave us the pleasure of a call during their visit.

The river, which was falling rapidly, up to last Sunday evening, was rising again on Monday and yesterday, in consequence of the tremendous rains which fell on Sunday night. It has as many "ups and downs" as a lame man, and is as variable as the weather itself in its "uprisings and its downgoings."

Texas State Fair.

We have received a copy of the premium list of the fifth Texas State Fair, to be held on the State Fair Grounds, in the city of Houston, beginning, May 19th 1874, and to continue four days.

We regret to learn, that Rev. P. A. Fitts, was thrown from his buggy, on last Saturday, and suffered a severe contusion of the limb that was so severely injured by a fall some time ago. The injury, though painful, is not serious, but may confine him to his room for several days.

We advise every one to call and see the beautiful New Goods, just opened by E. SNOW & Co. They have a full stock, many Novelties, in all styles of merchandize, and their prices are extremely low.

Every description of Elegant Job Printing, executed at the TIMES Office, Tuscaloosa.

PUBLIC MEETING.

TUSCALOOSA, May 4th, 1874.

Col. Joseph W. Taylor,

Dear Sir:—Recognizing your eminent ability and influence in the ranks of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama, and believing that in the outset of the important political campaign, just opening, a speech from you would be of very great value to our cause, we would respectfully ask you to deliver an address, on the issues of the campaign, at the Court House, in Tuscaloosa, on Wednesday next, immediately after the noon adjournment of the Circuit Court.

Should you accept this invitation, please publish your reply in the Tuscaloosa TIMES of Wednesday, in order that due notice may be given to the public. Respectfully, &c.,

W. W. Prude,	John Glascock,
A. C. Hargrove	Jo. C. Guild.
F. L. Bristow,	Wm. A. Parker.
Geo. A. Searcy,	H. S. Whitfield.
J. J. Pegues,	J. M. Martin.
B. B. Lewis,	R. C. McLester.
E. A. Powell,	J. G. Cisco.
Geo. D. Johnston,	J. C. Perkins.
B. Burke,	S. A. M. Wood.
P. T. Brady,	T. L. Hudgins.
W. R. Smith,	B. F. Larrabee.
Ed. Warren,	R. E. Gibson.
H. P. Walker,	H. W. Moody.
J. H. Tyler,	John A. Perkins.
T. B. Waller,	E. N. C. Snow.
N. P. Marlowe,	J. J. Harris.
	Jas. Little.

In compliance with the above invitation, the Editor of the TIMES will address the people at the Court House, at 12 M., to-day.

Philomathic Celebration.

Last Thursday night was as beautiful as bright skies and stars, and a full orbed moon could make it.—Tempted by the beauty of the evening and drawn forth by the promised intellectual treat at the University, a brilliant and very large audience assembled in its Hall, to witness the Anniversary Exercises of the Philomathic Society. These consisted of a debate between four members of the society, and an oration, also, by a member. The subject of the debate was the comparative influence of man and woman in the world, and was quite ably discussed by the young orators. The oration, by Thos. H. Watts jr, on the "Duties of Alabamians" was able and eloquent. The exercises were highly interesting and very creditable to the society.

Concert at the A. C. F. College.

The concert at this Institution, on last Wednesday night, was a delightful and graceful entertainment. The splendid Hall of the College was beautifully decorated with flowers and paintings, and brilliantly illuminated by the new chandalier of the College. The audience was large, select and appreciative. The exercises, both vocal and instrumental, were of decided merit. Professor Grass, who conducted them, on the part of the school, is a first-class musician and instructor, and always performs his part with Superior taste and skill. The "Chisholm Orchestra," contributed largely to the interest of the occasion. This fine band is winning golden opinions by its delightful performances, and will soon become the musical notability of the city. Dr Leach, performed exquisitely on the flute; and Dr. Chisholm and lady and several charming young ladies of the city, added much to the vocal exercises of the occasion. Upon the whole, this concert ranks, every way, with the best ever given in our city.

A Piano for sale, seven octave, will be sold cheap. Apply at the TIMES Office.

Caterpillar, Boll-Worm, Hog, Chicken Cholera, &c, !!!!

During the past few days of Court week, we have *rescued* several of our patrons from the terrible calamities of the "caterpillar, boll worm, hog, and chicken cholera," by means of prompt payment, on their part, of the "printer's dues." Others of our subscribers, knowing their indebtedness to us, and wishing to *escape* the "ruinous scourge," should "call up and settle" with all possible speed, and thus make themselves *safe* and *secure* upon the score of "casualties." It's going to be a "mighty bad" year for all sorts of "pests," and we confidently assure our *delinquents*, that the RECEIPTS we can give them, on payment of dues, will prove an *infallible preventive* to all of them!

TUSKALOOSA, MAY 4th, 1874.

Messrs. TAYLOR & WARREN:

Gentlemen—We deem it very important to the citizens of this County, that one of the County Commissioners should reside in the city. We therefore solicit our friend and fellow-citizen, JOHN GLASCOCK, to suffer his name to come before the voters of this County for that office.

Respectfully,

MANY CITIZENS.

Bristow's "Rainbow."

We commend the taste of Prof. Galleher, of Baltimore, who selected, and of the citizens of that cultivated city, who applauded, the splendid "Rainbow Cantata" of Prof. F. L. Bristow of our city. We find in a late Baltimore paper a notice of it, from which we extract the following:

* * * "The Rainbow, a beautiful Cantata, was rendered in excellent style, for the first time, in this city, and the admirable manner in which it was executed by the pupils of Professor Galleher, reflects much credit upon his ability as a musical director. The music of the Cantata is by F. L. Bristow and the poetry by the Rev. B. F. Larrabee. It was performed by eight young ladies, representing Light and the different colors of the Rainbow; the roles by the different colors represented their several effects, and the duetts, trios, &c., their result in combination. Brief recitations by "Light" were intended to show her relation to the colors. "Blue," the chief color, and principal singer, was represented by Miss Soper, who was frequently loudly applauded. * * *

New Millinery.

MRS. SMALLWOOD will open her New Millinery, on Monday, March 30th, 1874, cheap for cash.

The annual convention of the Diocese of Alabama (Protestant Episcopal Church) will convene in Eufaula, on the 2nd Wednesday in May, the 13th.

Death of Rev. Stuart Hamilton.

This excellent minister and most worthy man, died at his residence, in this city, at an early hour last Monday morning, of articular rheumatism. He was the Principal of the Male Department of the Parish School, of Christ Church, of this city, and an acceptable minister of that Church. He was a most exemplary and worthy man, and his death is universally regretted in the community.

Public Meeting.

On last Monday, a meeting of the Democratic and Conservative party of this County, was held in the Court House, pursuant to a previous call.—Dr. Greggery, was called to the chair and John F. Warren, requested to act as Secretary. B. B. Lewis, Esq., addressed the meeting in a powerful and eloquent speech, which formed a fitting bugle-note for the opening of the campaign in this County. Gen. Geo. D. Johnston, being called out, made a brief but most telling speech. He wields the tongue and the sword with equal power, and is one of the rising men in Alabama who will be heard from in the future. The meeting was large, and the results satisfactory to the Democracy. With such leaders as LEWIS, JOHNSTON, WOOD, GUILD, and POWELL, the Democracy of Tuscaloosa will come out "all right" in the end. Look out for a rousing Democratic majority in November next!

We have received and return our thanks, for, a complimentary ticket to the "First Fair of the Agricultural, Mechanical and Horticultural Association of Mobile," which opened on yesterday.

Remarkable Circumstance.

One of the most reliable citizens of Tuscaloosa says that, he can buy sixteen pounds of nails for a dollar, a good axe for a dollar and a quarter, a splendid steel hoe for six bits, and a genuine Roger's knife for the same at the well filled Hardware House of JOHN SNOW & Co.; and in fact says he can buy all kinds of Hardware there, at prices so low, as to astonish every one.

Sam. T. Palmer.

This worthy gentleman and excellent officer, announces himself a candidate for re election to the office of County Treasurer. He needs no words of ours to commend him to the favor of our people. They know him and appreciate him. He is honest, faithful, capable and true.

From the Temple of Art.

F our Gems for a dollar, for all who want *them*,
O n a neat gilded card, we mount each pretty Gem,
N o matter how restless the sitter may be,
T here's a plan we've adopted by which you can see
A t a glance, what expression the picture will wear,
I n a mirror suspended in front in the air.
N obody can see you while taking the view
E xcept 'tis ourselves, and we never do.

A mbrotypes of all sizes, in beautiful style,
N ow properly known as the Ferrotype—while
D emi-Artists don't own it—but knowingly smile.

S uch sweet little pictures for locket or pin,
H andsome Photographs without a frame or within.
A long this fair margin, the letters will tell,
W ho does all those things, and does them so well.

The following is a list of the officers of "Oak City Lodge," I. O. G. T., for the current quarter:

John Glascock, W. C. T.
Miss Mary Hendrix, W. V. T.
Luther M. Clements, W. Sec'y.
Miss Velma Leftwich, W. A. Sec'y.
Clarence B. Turner, W. F. Sec'y.
Miss Mary McEachin, W. T.
Rev. J. M. Boland, W. C.
Oliver Burton, W. M.
Miss Jessie Miller, W. D. M.
Miss Julia Walker, W. I. G.
Henry Moody, W. O. G.
Miss Annie Smallwood, W. R. H. S
Miss Mary Tyler, W. L. H, S.
H. P. Walker, L. D.

A. & C. Railroad.

We learn that private telegrams have been received in this city, from reliable sources, announcing that the sale of the A. & C. Railroad, which was to have come off in Mobile, on the 5th inst., has been postponed by order of the United States District Judge, until the 1st of July, next.—All the employees on the Road, from this point to Meridian, have been paid off and discharged, and the running of the trains on that portion of the Road discontinued for an indefinite time.

There was a touch of winter, abroad in the air on yesterday, and for a few nights during the week. We hear it reported that there was a slight frost in some few localities.

The Crops.

The reports from the crops in this county, are rather discouraging.—The long continued wet weather has most seriously interfered with farming operations.

GO TO TEXAS,
VIA THE
LONE STAR ROUTE!
(INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT WESTERN R. R.)

Passengers going to Texas via Memphis and Little Rock, or via Shreveport, strike this line at Longview, the Best Route to Palestine, Huntsville, Waco, Austin, Huntsville, Houston, Galveston, and all points in Western, Central, Eastern and Southern Texas.

Passengers via New Orleans will find it the Best Route to Tyler, Mineola, Dallas, Overton, Crockett, Longview and all points in Eastern and Northeastern Texas.

This line is well built, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement, including New and Elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brakes, Miller's Patent Safety Platforms and Couplers; and nowhere else can the passengers so completely depend on a speedy, safe and comfortable journey.

The LONE STAR ROUTE has admirably answered the query: "How to go to Texas?" by the publication of an interesting and truthful document, containing a valuable and correct map, which can be obtained, free of charge, by addressing the GENERAL TICKET AGENT, International and Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Texas.

District E.]

The Radical Probate Judge of Tuscaloosa County.

HIS PUBLIC RECORD.

2. *His Negro Jurors—A Strong and Conclusive Proof that he is USING THE PATRONAGE OF HIS OFFICE FOR ELECTIONEERING PURPOSES.*

For the last year or two, the white men of this county have been insulted and their sensibilities as *white* men, outraged by the association of negroes with them on the jury panels of the Circuit Court. We make the charge, direct and positive, that for this insult and outrage, the Radical Probate Judge of this county is responsible, and that he has had negroes put upon the jury panels solely for the purpose of conciliating the negro voters of the county, and uniting them in his support at the polls, thus *using the patronage of his office for electioneering purposes.*

Of his responsibility for this outrage, there can be no doubt. We need neither witnesses nor revelations of the panel selections to prove it. *In every county in Alabama, that has a sound Democrat for its Probate Judge, negro jurors are unknown. In every county where they are known, the Probate Judge is either a Radical or a fishy Democrat manœuvering for a re-election.* The two things are absolutely inseparable. Sound Democratic Probate Judges and white juries, Radical or *fishy* Democratic Probate Judges and negro jurors—that is the rule, without an exception to be found, in the entire State. Even in Greene county, where the blacks outnumber the whites three or four to one, and where negroes were put upon the juries at every term of the Court, as long as the Probate Judge of the county was a Radical, *there has not been a single negro put upon the jury lists since the induction of the present incumbent, who is a Democrat, into the office, nearly three years ago.*

Do not these facts show, conclusively, that the Probate Judges exert a controlling influence in their several counties in the matter of negro jurors, and that negroes are put on or kept off the juries, according as the Judge himself is a Radical or a Democrat? There is a sufficient reason why it should be so. A Democratic Probate Judge is in sympathy with the white people of his county. He has no inducement to pander to the colored race in the execution of the duties of his office. He respects and protects as far as he can, the race sensibilities of the whites. Hence, as a general fact, Democratic Probate Judges protect white men against the injustice and humiliation of negro jurors. And they are able to do so, in a lawful and proper way, as we shall presently show.

On the other hand, a Radical Probate Judge is in direct and powerful sympathy with the negroes of his county. If he be dependent upon their votes, to any considerable extent even, for a re-election to his office, he will be sure to aim at conciliating them, in the discharge of its duties. One effective means of doing that, is to associate them with white men in the jury box, which both pays them in money and flatters their race-pride by the momentary sense of equality that the association excites. Hence, Radical Probate Judges delight in negro jurors, as a means of securing negro votes.

From the facts and arguments above submitted, we feel fully justified in making the charge, that the Radical Probate Judge of this county, is responsible for the outrage of negro jurors. Does any one believe that if he had not been the Probate Judge of the county, or if a sound Democrat had been the Judge, that negro jurors would have been known among us to the present hour?

It is idle to say that the Probate Judge of a county cannot protect the white men from the outrage of negro jurors, if he choose to do so. The law of Alabama prescribes that jurors shall be *selected* (not DRAWN) from the list of registered voters, and that they must be such persons as "are competent to discharge the duties of grand and petit jurors, with *honesty, impartiality, and intelligence*, and are esteemed in the community for their *integrity, fair character, and sound judgment.*" We submit that there is not one negro in ten thousand who possesses these statutory qualifications for a juror. Even white men are often excluded for lack of them, from the jury panels. Fairly interpreted and rigidly enforced, as they ought to be, they would effectually protect the administration of justice in the State, from the scandal of negro jurors. It is only by a disregard of both the *spirit* and the *letter* of the law, that negroes can be put on the jury panel by the Probate Judge. Democratic Probate Judges respect both, and hence exclude them; while Radical Probate Judges regard neither, and so admit them to the jury box.

One thing is clear beyond dispute, and that is, that the Radical Probate Judge of this county could, in strict conformity with law, have spared the white men of the county the insult and outrage of negro jurors, if he had desired to do so. The law gives him the right to *select* the jurors from the list of registered voters, and the right to *select*, carries with it the right to *reject*. He can put on or keep off the jury lists any names he pleases, and the law is satisfied, provided the parties put on the lists possess the qualifications which the statute prescribes. If this right of *selection* did not exist, the Grand Jurors might chance to be all drawn from one Beat, instead of being distributed, as they properly are, all over the county. He could, therefore, have held over the white man the shield of the law itself, and saved them from the humiliation which he has deliberately inflicted upon them.

Why did he not do it? The answer is at hand. He is a candidate for re-election to the office which he now holds, and needs the united negro vote of the county. In the discharge of his official duties, he has been compelled to inflict fines, imprisonment and other penalties, upon many of the negro voters and their friends, and, in that way, has become more or less unpopular among them. He offers them the *placebo* of the jury box to soothe their wounded sensibilities and win them back to his support. He puts up the jury box of the white man at auction in the shambles of Radicalism, and barters seats in it for negro votes!

Observe with what artful cunning he carries on the infamous bartering. He attempted several years ago, to foist negro jurors upon the county, but abandoned it at the protest of the negroes themselves. He repents the outrage without any solicitation on their part, or any justification on his. The official *protege* and the political pupil of Carpet-bag Spencer, he has learned his electioneering trick of controlling negro votes by manipulating negro preachers. Hence, he has put mostly *colored preachers* on the jury panels for the last few terms of the Court. He had two of them on the panel at this term of the Court. They are exempt by law from serving on the jury, and he knew it, but he knew, also, that they are the representative and controlling men of their race, and so they got the compliment of being summoned on the jury, and he receives the equivalent of negro votes and influence, what boots it to him that the people of the county have to foot the bill of costs for the summoning of parties, who, like Prince Murrell, at the present term of the Court, claimed their exemption from jury duty because they were preachers. He has thus tried to make the pulpit of the negro, tributary to his personal advancement, and attempted to convert colored preachers, by the lure of a juryman's seat and pay, into political missionaries for himself among the blacks. Did he not try to conceal this electioneering trick of his, by having *white* preachers put on the jury panels last fall, to the unnecessary cost of the county and the unnecessary annoyance of the exempt gentlemen themselves?

If this be not using the patronage of his office for electioneering purposes, we should like to know what is. To a negro, a seat in the jury box is a position of both honor and profit. The honor consists in being associated with the white man, as his peer, in the administration of justice; the profit in the pay of a juror. The power which the Probate Judge possesses of conferring this position upon the negroes, constitutes a portion of the patronage of his office, and this patronage, we distinctly charge the Probate Judge of this county is using to secure his own re-election.

If the white men of the county are opposed to negroes serving on juries, they can effectually exclude them by electing a Democratic Probate Judge at the approaching election. But if they wish negroes to be associated with them in the jury box, they can be gratified, by aiding to re-elect the present Radical Probate Judge of this county. *A vote for him is a vote for negro jurors in the county of Tuscaloosa.* That is the issue, and there is no evasion of it. Re-elect the present Radical Probate Judge, and the possibility, yea, the *certainty* of negro jurors, is fixed upon the county for the next six years. Elect a sound and true Democrat, Probate Judge, and there will be an end of that humiliation for that term of years, at least. A Democratic Probate Judge and *white* jurors, or a Radical Probate Judge and *negro* jurors—that is the banner motto and the battle cry of the true white men of the county in the pending contest for Probate Judge.

Report of Grand Jury for Tuscaloosa Co.

To Hon. Wm. S. Mudd, Presiding Judge:

The Grand Jury listened to the charge delivered by your Honor, and at once proceeded to the discharge of their duties.

We congratulate our fellow-citizens upon the improved condition of public morals, as evidenced by the limited number of bills found and herewith presented (most of them of minor character.)

Our session has been somewhat protracted from the delay in getting witnesses who live at a distance; many have also been detained on account of high water; but in most cases, they have promptly obeyed our summons as soon as practicable.

We have made diligent enquiry into all violations of law, and disposed of them for the public good to the best of our ability.

We have examined the Jail, and find it in a neat and cleanly condition, showing care and attention of the Jailor as to the condition of the prisoners; we also notice some improvements now going on in one of the rooms, and understand from the mechanics, that it will be made perfectly secure at a cost of about one hundred and seventy-five dollars, we respectfully suggest to the Commissioners' Court, that they have another room repaired in the same way, and in our judgment, our Jail will then be rendered *secure.*

We have examined the official bonds of all the county officers, and, to the best of our knowledge, believe them to be ample and sufficient, except the bond of the Probate Judge, County Administrator, and Tax Collector, which we think insufficient.

We have examined the books and records of the different county officers, and find them neatly and systematically kept; and the Court House with all its rooms, in good repair; we also congratulate the citizens of our county upon the improvements in the Court House room, thereby making it an ornament to the county.

We have examined the statement of the County Treasurer, showing the amount of receipts and disbursements, and herewith submit his statement as a part of this report, which shows—

Total amount of receipts to April 16, 1874, $14,515 83; Total amount of disbursements, $11,690 07; Leaving a balance in the Treasury, $2,825 75. We take pleasure in stating, that we believe that all the county officers have faithfully discharged their duties, and would especially mention the efficient and valuable services rendered by our Solicitor, F. B. Hemphill, Esq., in the discharge of our duties. Our Bailiff, M. H. Sudduth, has always been prompt in his attendance upon the Grand Jury, as well as the Sheriff and his Deputies, the latter deserve special mention for the promptness and dispatch with which they have executed all the summons sent out, and we tender sincere thanks to each.

In conclusion, we would respectfully request that your Honor will again become a candidate for the office of Circuit Judge; in our opinion none could serve our citizens more faithfully or satisfactorily, and in making this request, we honestly believe that we but echo the true sentiments of the majority of our people.

Having completed our labors to the best of our ability, we would respectfully request to be discharged.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

W. W. PRUDE,
Foreman of the Grand Jury,
Spring Term 1874.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HOME HOTEL.—A. Stinson, Prop'r. J. B. Shaw, St. Louis; J. W. McConnell, Scottsville; M. H. Sudduth, Martin Shepherd, Ben Gibson, Alabama; Jos. Henry, Fayette county; H. C. Hargrove, P. Heming, R. Hogan, A. C. Hargrove, Alabama; C. C. Myers, Thos. H. Watts, University; W. Johnson, Tennessee; G. W. Rice, Dr. M. Clements, North Port; J. C. Foster, Foster's, Ala.; T. F. Rice Alex. Squires, Taylor Hamner, S. T. Palmer, North Port; W. T. Marler, Vernon, Ala.; W. G. England, Mobile; W. H. Childe, Gainesville, Ala.; J. F. Williams, Memphis, Tenn.; R. W. Cobb, Shelby county; S. O. Fitts, West Point, Mississippi; W. T. Hunter, Jno. P. Hart, Marion, Ala.; J. W. McConnell, Scottsville; T. O. Bagley, Jno. Goodwin, Fayetteville, Tenn.; Harvey Cribbs, Geo. A. Tuthell, J. R. Tuthell, Mobile; T. C. Abott, Tennessee; Hiram Colvin, Lady, and two Children; A. H. Spencer, Ala.; Hon. W. H Moore, Huntsville, Ala.; W. H. Clanton, Montgomery, Ala.

[For the Tuscaloosa Times]

Colonel S. S. Scott.

COL. TAYLOR:—I beg you to allow me the use of your columns, to suggest to the public, Col. S. S. Scott, of Russell county, as a gentleman eminently qualified to represent the State of Alabama at large, in Congress.

Colonel SCOTT was, for several years before the war, a distinguished member of the Alabama Legislature, from Madison county, and one of its ablest, most popular and influential members. During the war, he was persuaded from the field, to take charge of and manage the important interests of the Indian Bureau, under the Confederate Government, which he did with great skill and success.

Colonel SCOTT possesses every qualification necessary to make him a strong man before the people of the State, and a strong man in the halls of Congress.

He has a splendid person, a vigorous and highly improved mind, rare powers of oratory, experience in public life, a most winning and captivating manner, large social gifts, and high moral character, to which may be superadded great popularity in North and East Alabama.

Colonel SCOTT has, for several years past, been closely confined to farm duties, but he has not permitted himself, in these pressing engagements, to forget his books or his studies.

We commend him to the good people of Alabama, as a strong man for Congress for the State at large.

PUBLICUS.

Gen. E. M. Law,

Of Tuskeege, will deliver the Commencement Address of the A. C. F. College, in June. We are pleased to know, that our citizens will have an opportunity of hearing the gallant commander of the noble Fourth Alabama.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

We are authorized to announce SAM. T. PALMER, a candidate for re-election to the office of County Treasurer, at the November election.

We are authorized to announce Wm. R. DODSON, a candidate for Commissioner of Roads and Revenue, for Tuscaloosa County, at the November election.

We are authorized to announce E. A. POWELL, of Tuscaloosa county, as a candidate for Chancellor of the Western Division of the State of Alabama—subject to a Division Convention, should one be held.

We are authorized to announce JO. C. GUILD, as a candidate for Probate Judge, at the election in November next—subject to the action of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce J. BEALLE KING, as a candidate for Clerk of the Circuit Court of Tuscaloosa County, at the November election—subject to the decision of the Democratic County Convention.

We are authorized to announce W. G. COCHRANE, Esq., a candidate for the Office of Judge of Probate for Tuscaloosa County, at the election to be held in 1874.

We are authorized to announce Capt. WM. H. JEMISON, a candidate for Judge of the Probate Court of Tuscaloosa County, at the election in 1874.

We are authorized to announce H. H. BROWN, a candidate for Judge of Probate of Tuscaloosa County. Election November, 1874.

We are authorized to announce MARK BROOKS, a candidate for Tax Assessor of Tuscaloosa County, at the next Election.

We are authorized to announce W. H. WILDS, a candidate for Tax Collector for Tuscaloosa County, at the election in November, 1874.

We are authorized to announce J. H. McGUIRE, a candidate for Tax Collector, for Tuscaloosa County, at the November election.

We are authorized to announce Hon. WM. MILLER, a candidate for re-election to the Office of Probate Judge of Tuscaloosa County, at the November election, 1874.

We are authorized to announce R. C. PARISH, a candidate for re-election to the Office of Clerk of the Circuit Court of Tuscaloosa county, at the November election.

COMMERCIAL.

MOBILE COTTON MARKET.

MOBILE, May 3, 1874.

GOOD ORDINARY—15½c.
LOW MIDDLINGS—16¼c.
MIDDLINGS—16½c.

TUSCALOOSA MARKETS.

TUSCALOOSA, May 6, 1874.

COTTON—Low Middling,	15c.
APPLES—Dried, per bushel,	1 00
BAGGING, per yard,	18 to 20 c
TIES—Per pound,	10 c
BACON—Clear Sides, per pound,	10 to 11c.
HAMS—12½ to 15c.	
COFFEE—Per pound,	35c
CORN—Per bushel,	90c to 1 00.
CANDLES—Per pound,	20 to 25 c
CABBAGE—Per head,	25 to 50 c
LARD—Per pound,	11 to 12½ c
M LASSES—Per gallon,	60 to 00c
SUGAR—Per pound,	12 c
SALT—Per Sack,	2 00 to 2 75
CHICKENS—Each,	20 to 25 c
EGGS—Per dozen,	15 c
BUTTER—Country, per pound,	25 c
LIME—Western, per bushel,	50 c
MEAL—Per bushel,	90c to 1 00
BEEF—Per pound,	5 to 8 c
FODDER—Per hundred,	1 00
FLOUR—Per barrel,	9 00 to 11
SHINGLES—Per thousand,	2 50
KEROSENE—Per gallon,	50 to 60
IRON—Per pound,	6 to 8 c
NAILS—Per pound,	8 c
PORK—Mess, per barrel,	17 00
TEAS—Per pound,	1 to 1 50
MACKERREL—Per kit,	2 25.
TURNIPS—Per bushel,	1 00
POTATOES—Sweet, per bushel,	75 c
" Irish, per bushel,	2 00
PEAS—Per bushel,	1 00
TOBACCO—Per pound,	60 c to 1 00
WHISKEY—Per gallon,	1 50 to 5 00
VINEGAR—Per gallon,	60 c
VENISON—Per pound,	10 c
COAL—Per bushel	15 c
WOOD—Per load,	1 00 to 1 50; Pr. cord; 3

List of Letters

REMAINING in the Post Office, for the week ending May 4th, 1874, and if not called for in one month, will be sent to the Dead Letter Office:

Bowers, G W	Murphy, John T
Barringer, E F	Mathews, Adaline
Beard & Pierce	O'Brien, Jno J (2)
Carpenter, J S	Rointree, John (2)
Crawford, W W (2)	Sparkman, Mrs Sarah
Davenport Edward	

R. BLAIR P. M.

Entertainment Extraordinary!

AT LARRABEE HALL.

ON FRIDAY NIGHT next, (May 8th,) the younger portion of the Pupils of the Tuskaloosa Female College, assisted by "Chisholm's Orchestra," will give an Entertainment,

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL,

for the purpose of raising the money to erect new seats for the Hall in a convenient and handsome manner. It is believed that the performances will be sufficiently meritorious and entertaining, to justify the entire community in turning out.

Performances will begin at 8 o'clock.

Admission, 25 cents

Come one—Come all!

Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION, on the Estate of Patrick Brady, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, by the Honorable Judge of Probate of Tuscaloosa County, Alabama—Notice is hereby given to all parties having claims against said Estate, to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or they will be forever barred; and those indebted to the Estate, are requested to make prompt payment.

P. T. BRADY, Adm'r.

April 23, 1874.

Jury and Witness Tickets, Garnishments, Fi. Fas., and other Blanks, for sale at the TIMES OFFICE.

LANDRUM'S HORSE POWER!

Fifty Years Study for a Square Pull!

HAVING procured the General Agency of Z. P. LANDRUM'S IMPROVED HORSE POWER I have located in North Port, Ala., for the purpose of canvassing the State thoroughly. I sell Individual Rights at $25, County Rights, from $100 to $500, and State Rights from $1,000 to $5,000.

Persons wishing to purchase a number of Counties, reasonable deductions will be made. Any person wishing Rights, can obtain them by correspondence. Model and Specifications will be sent to all purchasers. Any ordinary mechanic can make the attachment.

JOHN H. STEWART, Gen'l. Agt., North Port, Ala.
S. T. PALMER, Ag't. for Tuscaloosa.
A. A. SUMMERS, Ag't. Sanford Co.

TESTIMONIALS.

NOXUBEE Co., Miss., Sept. 21, 1873.

I have used Landrum's Horse Power attached to my Gin, and after a fair trial, having ginned twelve bales, with great pleasure I recommend it to public favor. I am confident that the draught is reduced fully one-third. It is the great invention for the times.

JNO. W. CHANDLER.

We fully concur in the above expressed opinion as to the merits of Landrum's Horse Power:

JAMES D. CHAMPION,	Greene Co.	Ga.
S. T. PECK,	"	"
JOHN R. YOUNG,	"	"
R. L. McWHORTER,	"	"
WM. N. WILLIAMS,	"	"
JOHN T. DOLVIN,	"	"
J. GILLESPIE, M. D.,	Chickasaw Co.,	Miss.
G. W. ANGLEY,	"	"
O. D. DINN,	"	"
M. L. RANDLE,	"	"
P. C. SMITH,	"	"
W. P. GILLESPIE, Sr.,	"	"
L. R. GUNN,	"	"
J. M. GILLESPIE,	"	"
J. D VALLIANT,	"	"
W. T. SMITH,	"	"
J. F. BOYCE,	"	"
WM. MOTLEY,	Lowndes Co.	Miss.
NAT. J. NORWOOD,	"	"
W. R. HARRINGTON,	"	"
R. W. HERRON,	"	"
SAMUEL ROSS,	"	"
J. M. DEARING,	"	"
JOHN B. COX,	Monroe Co.	Miss.
B. J. GUIN,	Sanford Co.	Ala.
J. W. TRULL,	"	"
R. J. GUIN,	"	"
A. S. SIMS,	"	"
T. C. MORTON,	"	"
W. T. WRIGHT,	Fayette Co.	Ala.
C. C. WRIGHT,	"	"
WM. T. DAVIS,	"	"
W. B. JEFFRIES,	"	"
J. R. SHEPHERD,	Walker Co.,	Ala.

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI.
LOWNDES COUNTY.

To all whom it may concern:

BE IT KNOWN that I have this day appointed J. H. Stewart my Agent for the sale of individual, County or State rights to my patent for an improved HORSE POWER, patented July 29th, 1873, and number 141,363 and do hereby invest him with legal power to do all things necessary to make a good and valid title to the same.

In Witness whereof, I hereunto append my hand and seal, this Fourth day of November, 1873. Z. P. LANDRUM. [L. S.]

SALE OF LOTS

In the City of Tuscaloosa,

BY TAX-COLLECTOR,

To pay Taxes Assessed thereon!!

WILL, as Tax Collector of the city of Tuscaloosa, on

Tuesday, the 26th Day of May, 1874,

at the door of the Court House, in the county of Tuscaloosa, sell the following described Lot or Lots, situate in said city of Tuscaloosa, and assessed as herein mentioned, and for the amounts and years herein stated, and for the amounts now due as stated, for the purpose of satisfying said Taxes, and also, the fee of Two Dollars prescribed by law in such case, for advertising and making deed:

Lots Nos. 448, 449, 427, 428, 429, 430, Assessed to W. A. Battle for 1872, amounting to $59,25, and Taxes due, $59,25, and fee.

Lots Nos. 488, 489, 490, 491, 511, Assessed to the Est. of A B. Dearing, for 1872, amounting to $41,50, and Taxes due, $41.50, and fee.

Lots Nos 488, 489, 490, 491, 511, Assessed to the Est. of A. B. Dearing for 1873, amounting to $41,50, and Taxes. due $41,50, and fee.

Lot No. 72, Assessed to Mrs. Donoho, for 1872, amounting to $2.50, and Taxes due $3,50, and fee.

Lots Nos. 319, 320, 321, 332, Assessed to the Est. of W. P. Gould, for 1872, amounting to $2 50, and Taxes due $3,50, and fee

Lots Nos. 3, 9, 330, 321, 332, Assessed to the Est. of W. P. Gould, for 1873, amounting to $3,50, and Taxes due $2,50 and fee

Lot No. 44, Assessed to J. W. Gillen, for 1871, amounting to 12½c, and Taxes due 12½c, and fee.

Lot No. 44, Assessed to J. W. Gillen, for 1872, amounting to 66c, and Taxes due 66, and fee.

Lot No. 44, Assessed to J. W. Gillen, for 1873, amounting to 63c, and taxes due 63c, and fee.

Part of Lot No. 414, Assessed to Titus Hall, for 1873, amounting to $1.00, and Taxes due $1,00, and fee.

Lot No. 102, Assessed to Morris Roberts, for 1872, amounting to $38.50, and Taxes due $28,50, and fee.

Lot No. 102, Assessed to Morris Roberts, for 1873, amounting to $24,00, and Taxes due $24,00, and fee.

Lots Nos. 337, 338, 339, 49, 54, 55, 402, 5, 9, Assessed to Mrs. Ann G. Slade, for 1872, amounting to $1,00 and Taxes due $1,00, and fee.

Lots Nos. 337, 338, 339, 49, 54, 55, 402, 59, Assessed to Mrs. Ann G. Slade, for 1873, amounting to $1,50, and Taxes due $1,50, and fee.

Lots Nos.

Valuable Real Estate
FOR SALE.

THE undersigned, desiring to withdraw from active business pursuits, offers for sale his House, Lots, and Real Estate of every description, situate and being in this city and its vicinity. The list of the property which he thus offers for sale, includes, besides many smaller buildings, two good parcels of land, the following leading lots of Land & Buildings:

1st. A Tract of land containing 2,500 acres, all in one body, lying about three miles South East of the City of Tuscaloosa. About 1,200 acres of this land are cleared, suitably enclosed, and fit for cultivation; the remaining 1,300 acres are well timbered. There are two good wells on the place, and three unfailing branches or creeks run through it, furnishing an abundant supply of water, for stock, at all seasons.

2nd. About 24 acres of land, situate within three or four [illegible] minutes of the Railroad Depot. There are [illegible] six houses, several good wells, and other conveniences on this land.

3d. About 30 acres of land, on the North Port side of the river, beginning at the north end of the bridge, and running up both sides of Bridge Street, [illegible] place.

4th. The large brick building, erected on the site of the old "[illegible]ton Hall," and now occupied by Messrs. Friedman & Lovenhe, merchants, and known as the "Atlanta Store." This building has been leased for five years to Messrs. Friedman & Lovenhe, near one year of the time having expired, and it will be sold subject to a reversion of the rights of the lessees.

5th. The large brick building now occupied by Mr. Hudgins, as a Grocery Merchant, and by Mr. Blair, as Post Master. The former has an unexpired lease of nearly four years, and the latter, a lease of nearly two years, which will be adequately protected in the sale. There are three small Stores, lying north of the main building and attached to it, which will be sold with the lot and larger building. 6th. The Oak City Hotel, of which the present incumbent, Mr. Miller, has an unexpired lease of over a year, that will be protected in the sale.

7th. The four Stores on the South side of Main Street, and immediately opposite the Nicola Store. These Stores have been leased for the present year, and will be sold subject to the rights of the lessees.

8th. A number of vacant lots in the centre of the town, suitable for building purposes.

All the above described property is in excellent repair, and [illegible] titles good beyond dispute. The buildings above enumerated, are situated in the most central business portion of the town.

☞ Persons desiring to purchase any of the above described parcels of land or buildings, must apply to the undersigned by correspondence, or by personal interview.

STEPHEN MILLER.

Tuscaloosa, Jan. 14, 1874—3m.

BOOTS & SHOES

ENCOURAGE

Home Enterprise!

THE undersigned, having associated themselves together for the purpose of carrying on a General BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURING ESTABLISHMENT, in Tuscaloosa, respectfully solicits the patronage of the public.

Having had an experience of many years in the business, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage.

We sell our work for cash, and at prices that will defy competition.

☞ Sewed Boots, that have been heretofore made in this market for $15, will be made by us for $12; and pegged boots that have been made for $3, we will make for $6 and $7, and we will guarantee them to be as well made, and prove as durable as any that can be turned out in this place.

We make LADIES SHOES a specialty, and guarantee them to be of the best quality, and at *reduced prices.*

☞ Repairing done with neatness and despatch.

You will find our Shop on Monroe Street, 2 doors South of Dr. Guild's Office.

Please give us a call, and satisfy yourselves.

J. H. FAIR,
J. G. NORMAN.

Tuscaloosa, Jan. 7, 1874.

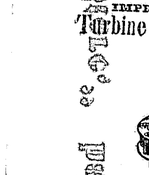
Watch Repairing, &c.

Watches, Clocks & Jewelry cleaned, repaired and warranted. Engraving neatly executed. An experience of many years at the business, enables me to guarantee satisfaction. Call at the stand lately occupied by John Pickford, next door to Dr. Guild's Office.

JAMES R. SELLICK.

Tuscaloosa, Dec. 4 1869.—tf

JAS. LEFFEL'S IMPROVED DOUBLE Turbine Water Wheel.



POOLE & HUNT, Baltimore,
Manufacturers for the Southern & Southwest.

Nearly 7000 now in use, working under heads varying from 2 to 240 feet! 24 sizes, from 5½ to 96 inches.

The most powerful Wheel in the Market, and most economical in use of Water. Large ILLUSTRATED Pamphlet sent post free.

MANUFACTURERS ALSO, OF

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Babcock & Wilcox Patent Tubular Boiler, Gaskill's Crusher for Minerals, Saw and Grist Mills, Flouring Mill Machinery, Machinery for Whiting Lead Works and Oil Mills, Shafting, Pulleys and Hangers.

SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

March 11, 1874—1y

Thos. Lewis, WATCHMAKER & JEWELLER,

TUSCALOOSA, ALA.,
MAIN STREET,
(TWO DOORS EAST OF [illegible] DRUG STORE,)

HAS just received a fine and large assortment of Materials for

Watch and Clock Repairing.

He pledges himself to give to my special attention to work may be left with him, and to [illegible] up to the time.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS

ALSO KEPT FOR SALE,

ACCORDEONS

Tuned and Repaired at short notice.

SPECTACLES,
SUITABLE FOR ALL AGES,
MADE A SPECIALTY.

WATCHES AND GOLD RINGS,
Promptly ordered when wanted.

He proposes to order Gold and Silver Watches for parties, at very small advances, thus saving to those giving orders, from $5 to $10 on Silver, and from $10 to $25 on Gold Watches, without any risk to those giving such orders. Also Jewelry, Masonic, Odd Fellows, G. A. R. Pins and Charms, and Gringers, Rings, &c.

NEW YORK HARDWARE STORE!

J. SNOW & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Hardware, Paints and Oils,
SASH AND BLINDS,
GLASS, &c., &c., &c.

January 7, 1874.

LITTLE'S DRUG STORE,

CAN BE FOUND

Large and well-selected stock of Landreth's Garden Seeds.

ONION SETS,
EARLY ROSE POTATOES,
BEST ENGLISH SODA,
GROUND PEPPER,
SPICES,
KEROSENE OIL,
LINSEED OIL,
SWEET OIL,
WHITE LEAD (Pure),

And every thing usually kept IN A FIRST-CLASS DRUG STORE.

"HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS,"
"DRAKE'S" "
"WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS."
BRANDY,
WHISKEY,
GOOD WINE,
For Medicinal Purposes.
"Try Little's"
"COUGH MIXTURE!"

6,000 Bushels GOOD SWAMP CORN

FOR sale at PLANTATION FOOD STORE. Car loads can be shipped from "Maxwell's Switch," seven miles below Tuscaloosa.

☞ We will [illegible] at [illegible]

FRESH FINDLEY'S MEAL,
always on hand at Store, in Tuscaloosa.

T. MAXWELL & SON.

Feb 25—8 3m.

Notice to the Public!

THE undersigned, respectfully informs his friends, and the public generally, that he is now prepared to do all kinds of

Jobbing and Repairing

In the Furniture line.

Old Furniture made as good as new, at reasonable rates and the guarantee of prompt work, with neatness and rapidity. He also offers

Bedsteads, Wardrobes, Washstands, Tables, Chairs, Bureaus, MATTRESSES, &c.,

For sale at remarkably low figures.

☞ BURNING, of every description, done at the lowest living prices.

"Give him a trial, at his Father's old stand."

GUSSIE LYNCH.

March 25, 1874.

MOBILE Paper Ware House!

The largest and most thorough Stock of Paper, Envelopes, Ink, Pens, PENCILS, SLATES, &c., in the City of Mobile.

Wholesale: Wrapping Paper, TWINE, &c., at Jobbers Rates.

PREMIUM BLANK BOOK LINE!

The finest Book in the market for Counting-Houses, County Officers, &c.

NEWS PAPER, NEWS INK, FLAT PAPER, FLAT CAP, LETTER AND BILL HEADS, &c., AT LOWEST PRICES!

☞ Send for Samples to

J. E. SHERMAN, the Stationer,
No. 48 North Water Street.

March 4, 1874. MOBILE, ALA.

CIRCULAR!

THE firm of CRIBBS, DAVIDSON & CO., having been dissolved on the 1st of Jan. 1873, by mutual consent, the undersigned will continue the

Wholesale Grocery Business

On his own account, at his old Stand, Nos. 35, Commerce and 6, St. Michael Sts.

MOBILE, ALABAMA.

Thankful to his friends for their patronage to the late firm, he hopes to receive the same on his individual account.

Very Respectfully,

F. E. DAVIDSON.

☞ Je. Wood Marcus, Esq., with Mr. David Wilson, and will be pleased, at all times, to meet his old friends and acquaintances.

March 11, 1874.

Oak City Oyster Depot.

B. D. ARDOYNO,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
OYSTERS AND FISH,
AT THE WHARF,
Between St. Michael and St. Louis Sts.
P. O. Box 56. MOBILE, ALA.

☞ Oysters in barrels and cans—Pickled and Spiced. Country orders solicited and promptly attended to.

March 4th, 1874.

W. A. Battle. A. W. De Bardeleben.

Battle and DeBardeleben,

Mobile, Alabama,
MARKETS FOR THE [illegible]

PATRONS OF HUSBANDRY IN ALABAMA.

By agreement with the Executive Committee of the [illegible] STATE GRANGE we are prepared to receive and sell all Cotton and other produce consigned to them, and all goods on supplies.

January 1, 1874—3m.

G. M. PARKER, & SON,
WHOLESALE
GROCER,
GENERAL
Commission Merchants,

MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS,
42, 44 & 46, North Water St.,
MOBILE, ALA.

OPAL BAR,

TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

FOR THE BEST DRINKS AND THE FINEST LIQUOR

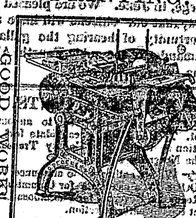
CALL ON

MABRY & MOORE,
AT THE
OPAL BAR
AND
RESTAURANT.
OYSTERS,
Ham and Eggs, Game,
DUCK, TURKEY,
Fish in Season, &c.

☞ Meals served at all reasonable hours.

January 14, 1874.

TUSCALOOSA TIMES,
BOOKS, JOB,
AND
ORNAMENTAL
PRINTING



A GOOD WORK!
LOW PRICES!

Recent additions and improvements have been made in the "TIMES" JOB OFFICE DEPARTMENT, which enable us to GUARANTEE to fill all orders better, more DISPATCH and at as LOW RATES, as can be done anywhere in the United States. This we GUARANTEE. Those who doubt it, have only to make the trial. We are determined that no man shall have an excuse for sending elsewhere for JOB PRINTING of any description.

GEO. A. SEARCY & CO.

Nov. 5, 1873. NORTON BUILDING

Every year increases the popularity of this valuable Hair Preparation; which is due to merit alone. We can assure our old patrons that it is kept fully up to its high standard; and it is the only reliable and perfected preparation for restoring GRAY OR FADED HAIR to its youthful color, making it soft, lustrous, and silken. The scalp, by its use, becomes white and clean. It removes all eruptions and dandruff, and, by its tonic properties, prevents the hair from falling out, as it stimulates and nourishes the hair-glands. By its use, the hair grows thicker and stronger. In baldness, it restores the capillary glands to their normal vigor, and will create a new growth, except in extreme old age. It is the most economical HAIR DRESSING ever used, as it requires fewer applications, and gives the hair a splendid glossy appearance. "A. A. Hayes, M.D., State Assayer of Massachusetts, says, "The constituents are pure, and carefully selected for excellent quality; and I consider it the BEST PREPARATION for its intended purposes."

Sold by all Druggists, and Dealers in Medicines.

Price One Dollar.

Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS.

As our Renewer in many cases requires too long a time, and too much care, to restore gray or faded Whiskers, we have prepared this dye, in *one preparation*, which will quickly and effectually accomplish this result. It is easily applied, and produces a color which will neither rub nor wash off. Sold by all Druggists. Price Fifty Cents.

Manufactured by R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

HESTER & HAYS, Agents.

March 20th 1873—12ly

AUCTION
—AND—
Commission House

THE undersigned has taken the Store on Main Street, next door East of Spitler's old corner, and opposite Maxwell's old "Bee Hive," for the purpose of conducting a General Auction & Commission Business, and hopes by close attention to business to receive a share of public patronage. Those who may be kind enough to favor me with their patronage, will please send in all articles to be sold at Auction, on FRIDAY, of each week, as my regular Auction days will be on SATURDAY. I will also inform the public, that I will attend to all outside Sales, either in Town or County, at much lower rates than has heretofore been the custom. Of this, you will be convinced, when you hear my rates of selling.

I have recently received a good Stock of Dry Goods, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, Hardware, etc., which will be sold at prices to suit the times.

T. F. SAMUEL.

January 7th, 1874—1-tf.

☞ For rent, cheap, the desirable little store-house between Hausman's Confectionery and Turner's Store. Apply at the TIMES Office.

JEWELRY STORE!

Great Reduction of Prices!!

The old Stock must go out At Reduced Rates, That the new may be brought in!!!

NEW ARTICLES!!!

NEW ADVERTISEMENT!

MRS. HESTER A. RALPH, Executrix of Thos. H. Ralph, thankful for the liberal patronage which she has heretofore received from her friends and the public, respectfully solicits a continuance of the same. She continues the business of a Jewelry Store at the old stand, and has on hand a large assortment of

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES,

of the best manufacturers; together with a general assortment of Jewelry, to suit all tastes.

CLOCKS,
SILVER WARE,
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
TABLE CUTLERY,
WALKING CANES, &c., &c.

All will be sold for CASH, and cash only, at the lowest prices.

☞ Call and examine.

HESTER A. RALPH,
Executrix.

Tuscaloosa, Aug. 13, 1873.

R. & J. HOLESTER

ARE NOW RECEIVING AND OPENING, IN THE MARTIN STORE IN TUSCALOOSA AND NORTH PORT, LARGE AND VERY COMPLETE STOCK OF

DRY-GOODS,
CLOTHING,
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
BOOTS, SHOES, HATS,
GROCERIES,
DRUGS, PAINTS & OILS,
BAGGING, AND TIES,
HARDWARE,
Crockery and Glassware,

They have almost every article required by

Planters or Families.

To prompt cash Customers they shall sell *at the Lowest Possible Prices.*

RESPECTFULLY INVITE THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS TO EXAMINE THEIR GOODS BEFORE PURCHASING.

On receipt of P. O. Order, will ship any quantity ordered.

Sept. 17th. T. MAXWELL & SON.

UNDERTAKER.

THE undersigned informs the citizens of Tuscaloosa and vicinity, that he has purchased a

FINE NEW HEARSE.

And will keep on hand a full supply of Coffins, Metallic Caskets, Etc., of all sizes, which will be furnished at the

LOWEST TERMS.

Persons desiring the services of an Undertaker, will please call and examine my Stock. I am also prepared at all times, to do

HOUSE FURNISHING AND BUILDING.

All Kinds of Cabinet Work Done

FURNITURE

Made and Repaired in the best Style.

Having secured good workmen, I shall do nothing but good work. If you need anything in my line, call on me.

H. STAASSEN.

Tuskaloosa, July 9. 1873—1y.

For sale by

BRIQUETT & BERGMAN.

THE HOME!

ALEX SIMPSON,
On the First Block below the Building House of J. H. Fitts & Co., and the Post Office,
MAIN STREET,
Tuscaloosa, Alabama.

WILL always keep in readiness a comfortably furnished Rooms, and all home comforts for the traveling and local public.

March 4th—10-tf.

Great Reducion in Prices!

OAK CITY HOTEL!

NOT CLOSED, BUT WIDE OPEN, with the *best rooms, best beds,* and *best furnished table* in Tuscaloosa.

CALL AND JUDGE FOR YOURSELVES!

Terms, per day, only, $1 00
Table boarders, per month, 16 00

Tuscaloosa, Feb. 4, 1874—3m.

BELDEN,

The White Chief of the Choctaws, or, The Wild Indian of the Prairies.

The Life of Geo. P. Belden, who joined the Indians and became a celebrated Scout. Abounds in thrilling, adventure and curious information, and is profusely illustrated with new and entire engravings of adventures and the manners and customs of the Indians. The most popular book of the year. One agent just reports $82 profit in one week. A large roster, with thirty illustrations and terms to agents, sent free by

F. A. HUTCHINSON & CO.,
Mch 18, 3m. St. Louis, Mo.

Grand Floral Exhibition! AND FAIR.

THE FIRST ANNUAL FAIR and Floral Exhibition of the

Agricultural, Mechanical and Horticultural Association OF MOBILE,

Is to Commence

TUESDAY, May 5, 1874,

AND CONTINUE FIVE DAYS.

C. C. LANGDON, President.
WM. E. MCKEE, Secretary.

Premium List furnished by the Secretary upon application.

G. A. SEARCY. E. PHILLIPS.

GEO. A. SEARCY & CO.,

Book Sellers and Stationers,

TUSCALOOSA, ALA., & MERIDIAN, MISS

Largest Stock, Lowest Prices.

"We won't be Undersold."

March 5th, 1873.—9-tf.

BEDSTEADS, WARDROBES, BUREAUS, CHAIRS, TABLES, WASH STANDS, SPRING BED BOTTOMS, DINING ROOM SETS, and all kinds of Household Furniture. Elegant Window Shades, Cornices, &c. Undertaker's business, and have a FINE HEARSE on hand. All kinds of Repairing done Neatly. Terms CASH.

(Capt. Kirksey's old Stand.) Main Street, Tuskaloosa.

C. W. STONE'S FURNITURE STORE!

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

FURNITURE!

GENUINE Red Rust-Proof Oats

FOR SALE.

1,500 BUSHELS being the product of 30 acres of poor upland, in 1873, by using 500 lbs. Cotton-Seed Meal per acre. Raised by Jas. R. Maxwell. Five grains are equal in weight to 12 grains of common oats, besides being absolutely rust-proof, which ne[illegible] largely for extra yield. We paid in Mobile, 1.50 last February; against .65 cents for common. Those who wish this Seed, had best supply themselves before we ship to Mobile. Price, $1.25 per bushel, at Tuskaloosa.

On receipt of P. O. Order, will ship any quantity ordered.

Sept. 17th. T. MAXWELL & SON.

Songs of Grace and Glory

The very best SUNDAY SCHOOL BOOK. *By* W. F. SHERWIN and S. J. VAIL. 160 Pages Splendid Hymns, Choice Music, Tinted Paper, Superior Binding. *Price in Boards, 35c.; $30 per hundred. A Specimen Copy in paper cover mailed (as soon as issued,) on receipt of Twenty-five Cents.* ☞ *Orders filled in turn. READY MAY 1st.*

HORACE WATERS & SON,
481 Broadway, New York.

May 6th, 1874—1t.

For
COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS
AND ALL THROAT DISEASES,
Use
WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS.
PUT UP ONLY IN BLUE BOXES.
A Tried and Sure Remedy.
Sold by Druggists. 4w

FLORENCE

The long-contested Suit of the Florence Sewing Machine Co. against the Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, and Grover & Baker Co's involving over $250,000,

Is finally decided by the Supreme Court of the United States in favor of the FLORENCE, which alone has Broken the Monopoly of High Prices.

THE NEW FLORENCE

Is the ONLY Machine that sews backward and forward, or straight and left.

Simplest—Cheapest—Best.

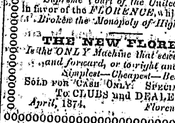
SOLD FOR CASH ONLY. SPECIAL TERMS To CLUBS and DEALERS.

April, 1874. Florence, Mass.

Just Out! Complete! Reliable! GAZETTEER OF THE UNITED STATES

All States, counties, townships, cities, villages postoffices, mountains, rivers, lakes, etc., located and described, giving climate, population, agriculture, manufactures, mining, commerce, railroads, capital, education, government and history. The NATIONAL STANDARD at the end of the first 100 years of the Republic. Sells to all classes, trades and professions. *Agents wanted everywhere.* Address ZEIGLER & McCURDY, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Agents! if you want to make money, sell

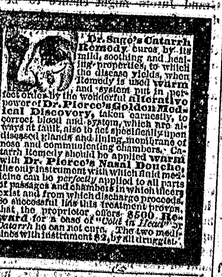


The biggest thing yet. HUMOR, WIT, SATIRE, LIFE AND LAUGHTER. 300 COMIC CUTS. The people yearn for it. *It will sell in half time!* Show it to a man and he surrenders. IT IS SUBLIME! TIME. *Don't bother with heavy books that no body reads.* Humor is the thing that takes. AGENTS WANTED everywhere. Send for circulars and EXTRA TERMS to To-DAY Pub. Co., Philadelphia, New York, Boston, or Chicago.

THE HIGHEST MEDICAL AUTHORITIES OF EUROPE say the "strongest Tonic, Purifier Debilitant known to the medical world is

JURUBEBA.

It arrests decay of vital forces, exhaustion of the nervous system, restores vigor to the debilitated, cleanses vitiated blood, relieves congestions and acts directly on the liver and Spleen. Price $1.00 a bottle. JOHN O. KELLOGG, 13 Park Place, New York.



☞ "Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy cures by its mild, soothing and healing properties, to which the disease yields, when the Remedy is used warm as directed, and system put in perfect condition by the wonderful Alterative power of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, taken externally to correct blood and system, which are always at fault, also to be sprinkled upon diseased glands and lining membrane of nose and communicating chambers, and warm Remedy should be applied warm with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, the only instrument with which the medicine can be *perfectly* applied to all parts of passages and chambers in which the disease and from which discharge proceeds. So successful has this treatment proven, that the proprietor offers $500 reward for a case of CATARRH *in Head* or Catarrh he can not cure. The two medicines with instrument $2, by all druggists.

C. BARNES & WALLACE,
TEMPLE OF ART,
87, Dauphin Street, opposite the Public Square.
Carte de Visites, Rembrandts,
IMPERIAL, & QUARTER SIZE
PHOTOGRAPHS
Beautifully Colored in Water or India Ink.
Solar Life-Size Portraits,
Plain or Colored in Oil, Water or Pastel,
EQUAL TO THE BEST
In any City South or North.
Feb 4, 1873.

Mobile Advertisements.

E. S. Ferryman, Mobile. M. D. Ferryman, Mayne. C. E. DeLasek Marengo.

E. S. Ferryman & Co.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
NORTHERN AND WESTERN PRODUCE,

Nos. 52 and 54, North Commerce St.,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

☞ G. W. CLEMENTS, is with this Firm, and will be pleased to receive orders and calls from his friends.

Feb. 26, 1873.—1y.

H. H. Cribbs, Tuskaloosa. Geo. Vidmer, Mobile.

CRIBBS & VIDMER,

Wholesale Dealers in
GROCERIES,
WESTERN PRODUCE
AND LIQUORS,
Rectifiers and Agents for several
Celebrated Brands of Whiskies,

Nos. 37 & 39 NORTH COMMERCE STREET
Mobile, Alabama.

Oct. 8th, 1873.

J. M. FOSTER. W. H. GARDNER.

FOSTER & GARDNER,
COTTON FACTORS.
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

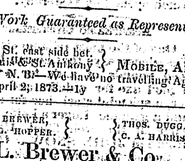
☞ All Cotton insured against *fire and river risk, unless ordered otherwise.*

Jan. 31 1873—1y pd.

D. W. McDonald. W. M. March.

D. W. McDonald & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS OF



TUBS,
Grass Scythes,
MANTLES, &c.

All Work Guaranteed as Represented.

Royal St., east side bet. St. Louis & St. Anthony, MOBILE, ALA.

☞ N. B.—We have no travelling Agt's.

April 2, 1873.—1y

LEROY BREWER, HUGH B. HOPPER. THOS. DUCOAN, C. A. HARRIS.

L. Brewer & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
AND DEALERS IN
Northern and Western Goods,
—AND—
RECTIFIERS AND DEALERS IN
DOMESTIC & IMPORTED
WINES AND LIQUORS,
—ALSO—
COTTON FACTORS,
And General Commission Merchants,

AGENTS OF THE

Orange Powder Works, Home Bitters, French Cognac Bitters, Gold Seal Champagne, } Cor. Commerce and St. Louis Streets, MOBILE, Ala.

Thos. W. Sims, Demopolis, Marengo Co. Ala. D. Harrison, Greene Co. Ala. John Vidmer, Mobile, Ala.

Sims, Harrison, & Co,

COTTON FACTORS
And General Commission
MERCHANTS,

No. 46, North Commerce Street,
MOBILE, ALA.

☞ Propose to make very liberal Cash Advances on Cotton Consignments, and hold a reasonable length of time when desired.

March 4th, 1874.

NOTICE.

MRS. JOSEPHINE JOHNSON, hereby gives notice to the public, that she will continue the business of her late husband, at the old stand, and will carry on the Undertaker's business, make Coffins, resent cane-bottom chairs, repair old Furniture, make Mattresses, and do general jobbing work for her customers. She solicits a share of the public patronage.

JOSEPHINE JOHNSON.

Jan. 7, 1874.

Alabama & Chattanooga RAIL-ROAD.

Important Change in the Running of Trains, to take effect APRIL 13th, 1874, And Run Tri-weekly, only, AS FOLLOWS:

Leave Meridian Monday, Wednesday and Friday, 3:40 a. m., arriving at Birmingham 4:00 p. m.

Leave Birmingham, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, 3:00 a. m., arriving at Meridian, 5:30 p. m.

Leave Chattanooga, Monday, Wednesday and Friday 6:20 a. m., arriving at Birmingham, 7:30 p. m.

Leave Birmingham Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 4:10 a. m., arriving at Chattanooga, 5:30 p. m.

North bound Meridian Train, connects at Birmingham, both with Louisville and Montgomery Trains. South bound Chattanooga Train, connects at Birmingham with Montgomery Train.

South-bound Train from Birmingham, makes close connection with Vicksburg Train and with Mobile Trains, with a delay of 3 hours.

North bound Train from Birmingham, connects at Chattanooga, with Atlanta, Nashville and Memphis Trains.

T. J. FLEMING, Gen'l Supt.

Meridian, Miss., April 7, 1874.

Mobile Manufactory.

Support Home Industry!

Doors, Sash, Blinds, &c.

Every thing connected with the Wood-work finish of a House, from well seasoned Cypress Lumber, kiln dried, acknowledged to be THE BEST NOW IN USE.

☞ Work GUARANTEED.

Prices LOWER than any imported work.

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL!

Made to order with dispatch.

☞ SEND FOR PRICE LISTS. ☜

Low estimates given to Builders.

COX, FRENCH & Co.

Post Office B. x 360.

March 11 '73. MOBILE, ALA.

BLANK DEEDS

For sale at the Times Office.

GULF CITY FOUNDRY COMPANY.

On State, between Royal & Water Sts.
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

G. W. GAZZAM, President.
F. R. JAYNES, Sec. JACOB FIELDING, Manager

STEAM ENGINES
AND
BOILERS,
Saw and Mill Machinery,
GIN GEAR AND COTTON PRESSES,
Every Description of
Brass & Iron Castings for Buildings, Steam Mills and Boats.

☞ We have constantly on hand, Bolts, Nuts and Washers, Brass, Steam and Water Fittings, of every description, and our Work and machinery will be furnished to order, as good in quality and at as low prices, as any from the West or North.

April 2, 1873.—1y.

W. H. KELLY. J. H. KELLY, JR.

W. H. KELLY & Co.,

DEALERS IN

Household Furniture,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

No. 17, NORTH ROYAL ST.,
MOBILE, ALA.

☞ Feather Beds, Mattresses, Looking Glasses Carpets and Oil Cloths.

April 2, 1873.—1y.

A. BROUSSEAU,

17 Chartres St., 17
NEW ORLEANS, LA.,
IMPORTER OF AND DEALER IN
CARPETINGS,
FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,
CHINA AND COCOA MATTING,
Table and Piano Covers,
WINDOW SHADES,
Crumb Cloths, Rugs,
MATS,
Carriage, Table & Enamel Oil Cloths.
CURTAIN MATERIALS,
Lace, Reps, Damasks, Cornices,
Bands, Pins, Gimps,
LOOPS AND TASSELS,
HAIR CLOTH, PLUSH,
Bed Ticking and Springs.
BURLAPS by the Bale and Piece.

☞ Wholesale and Retail.

March 4, 1874.

P. T. BRADY

TUSCALOOSA, ALA.,

INVITES his old friends and customers in the community to examine his

New Stock of
STAPLE GOODS
—AND—
Family Groceries,

Consisting of almost every article in the line of

Family Supplies,

And all kinds of

TABLE DELICACIES,
JELLIES, SAUCES & SPICE,

And a great variety of

CANNED GOODS
FRUITS,
OYSTERS,
FISH,
&c., &c.

His Wines, Liquors,
—AND—
CORDIALS,

Are of a superior quality. His

TEAS

Are warranted extra fine

He has been careful in the selection of his Goods to get the best articles in the market.

Coffees & Sugars

of different varieties to suit all tastes Purchasers.

His Stock is large and will be continually replenished. All of which he will sell at the

Lowest Cash Prices.

AT THE

Corner of Main and Market Strs.

The great Thoroughfare of the city.

March 12th.—10tf.

Premium Chromos,
GARDEN & FLOWER
SEEDS.

Before ordering elsewhere, send for Catalogue, which is now ready, and will be mailed gratis, on application. "Our Chromo, "The Little Florists," a beautiful Parlor Picture—pronounced by judges a success—is now sent free to all who favor us with orders to the amount of FIVE DOLLARS.

Chase Brothers & Woodward,
SEEDSMEN,
Rochester, N. Y.

Jan. 14, 1874.

☞ Visiting Cards, printed in the neatest style, at the TIMES Office.—*Price, Fifty Cents per Pack.*

PAINTING!

I take pleasure in informing the Citizens of Tuscaloosa, that having settled permanently, in their midst, I am prepared to do ALL KINDS OF

HOUSE, SIGN,
AND
ORNAMENTAL
PAINTING,

and will promptly execute all jobs in that line, at satisfactory prices. If you have any orders for work, please leave them at the Drug Store of Hester & Hays, or at the TIMES Office, and they will receive my prompt attention.

☞ He will also paint Buggies, Carriages, &c., in the best style.

EMIL SCHNEPF.

Tuscaloosa, March 11, 1874.

CITY WAREHOUSE.

THIS Commodious and very advantageously located Warehouse, situated on the bank of the river, is now prepared to offer to all whom it may concern—Planter and Merchants—such accomodations for the complete handling of

Cotton and Merchandise,

as are unsurpassed in this or any other city. With an experience of six years in the business, I feel competent to satisfactorily discharge all duties entrusted to my care, and will give everything my personal attention. The storage on cotton, first month, 50 cents per bale, and each month, thereafter, 25 cts. per bale. Twenty five cents, per bale, will be paid on forwarding on Cotton coming from North Port.

T. S. HOURKE.

Tuscaloosa, Sept. 16, 1873.

DOSSIE ROBERTS,

AT that shop, over Brady's Store, on Greensboro street, offer his services, as a Barber, to the public. Thankful for past favors, and anxious to secure future patronage, he will spare no pains to please his customers. His shop is fully equipped with all necessary instruments and appliances in the line of his business, and he hopes that his long experience as a barber, and his strict attention to customers, will secure him a liberal share of public patronage.

Dec. 17—50-tf

The Last Thing a Man Wants AT HALF PRICE!

IN consequence of the death of Mr. T. S. Johnson, (for whom they were purchased) we will sell out the stock of

"Fisk's Metalic Burial Cases,"
At Half Price.

T. MAXWELL & SON.

Tuscaloosa, April 8—3m.

John Elsworth,

AGENT FOR THE CELEBRATED
NON-EXPLOSIVE
DIAMOND OIL,
And Importer and Dealer in
China, Crockery and Glassware,
TABLE CUTLERY,
Kerosene Oil, and Lamps,
Chandeliers,
WAITERS, &c.

45, Dauphin St. between Royal & Water,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

March 11, 1874.

ATLANTA
PAPER MILLS.

JAMES ORMOND, Proprietor.

BOOK,
NEWS and WRAPPING
PAPER,
Of all Sizes and Weights.

FOR SAMPLE OF NEWS

☞ SEE THIS SHEET. ☜

Orders solicited, and promptly filled. Office on Broad Street, Next door to "Constitution" Office,

ATLANTA, GA.

N. WEBB,

Importer and Dealer in
China, Crockeryware,
GLASS, CUTLERY, &c.,
No. 217 North Water Street
MOBILE, ALA.

March 4th, 1874.

J. C. GWIN & SONS,
Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
HARDWARE,
Farming Implements, &c.
AND AGENTS FOR
MOBILE
BARREL & BUCKET
FACTORY,
Turning out daily, from 50 to 60 Dozen
Iron and Brass Bound
Juniper-Cedar Pails,
—ALSO—
BARRELS IN NESTS,
MOLASSES KEGS, &c.,
CORNER COMMERCE & ST. MICHAEL STS.,
MOBILE, ALA.

April 2 1873.—1y

E. O. ZADEK & Co.,
JEWELLERS,

Watches, Diamonds,
SILVER WARE, PLATED WARE,
Opera Glasses, Spectacles, &c.
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

April 2, 1873.—1y

ADAMS & HARRIS,

Paints, Oils, Brushes,
GLASS, VARNISH,
Artists' Tools and Colors, &c., &c.,
No. 18, Dauphin Street,
MOBILE, ALABAMA.

Orders solicited and promptly attended to.

March 11, 1874.

SOUTHERN
IRON WORKS.

Southeast Corner State and Water Sts.,
MOBILE, ALA.

THOS. B. LYONS, Prop'r.

STEAM ENGINES
AND
BOILERS,
SAW & SUGAR MILLS,
GIN GEAR AND COTTON PRESSES,
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
BRASS & IRON CASTINGS
For Buildings, Steam-Mills and Steamboats,
CAST IRON RAILINGS
For Verandahs, Fences, &c., &c.

March 11, 1874.—1y