

Eufaula News

PUBLISHED BY
JNO. BLACK & SON

EUFULA, ALA., MARCH 25, 1874.

FRUITS OF RADICALISM IN FLA.

From the day that the Southern States were led, fainting and poverty-stricken, into the unwholesome valley of reconstruction, we have contended that carpet-bag rule, if allowed to fulfill its legitimate mission, would result in a war of races. This result has not been brought about in any part of the South, but chiefly to the prejudice of the negro, but chiefly to the prejudice of the white people. In some sections, however, the colored people have been wrought upon by the incendiary teachings of carpet-bag politicians to such an extent that they have been betrayed into acts of most outrageous violence against the public peace. The latest of these occurrences is brought to our attention by the Monticello (Fla.) Constitution.

It seems that a party of negroes in Jefferson county assembled at the house of one of their number, and there organized themselves, under the leadership of a colored man named Wash Jones, who is a veritable captain of the Florida militia. Thus organized, and armed with guns and pistols, these negroes, led by Jones, to the music of a couple of drums marched to the dwellings of the white citizens of the neighborhood, and deported themselves in a manner calculated to array the white people irrevocably against them. They visited Messrs. Alfred Rayson, J. H. Slaughter, James Cobb, Samuel Cobb, and perhaps others, and at each house they used violent, threatening and obscene language, and acted like veritable maniacs. They informed the gentlemen whom they visited that the whites were not entitled to any property that negroes could not have an interest in, that all distinctions should cease, and that these articles of faith would be carried out even if it was found necessary to murder the whites and destroy their property by fire.

Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the rioters, but the Monticello Constitution is informed that there is no riot law among the statutes of Florida that can be made to apply to this outrage, and so it may follow, that the wretches will be allowed to go free. As an evidence that the incendiary threats of the negroes were not lightly made, the gin-house of Mr. Alfred Rayson, one of the parties visited, was discovered to be on fire next morning, but the flames were extinguished without serious damage.

The Constitution suggests that, if there is no law to punish these outrages, it is the duty of the white people to protect themselves. We endorse the suggestion. If the laws of Florida do not afford protection of life and property to the citizens it is clearly their duty to protect themselves. We trust, however, that even under the ignorant and careless manipulation of Radicals, there is no such flagrant omission on the statute book.

The New York Post, a Republican journal, which supported Grant for President, asks: "Why should not this man Butler, by right and justice, be deprived of his privilege to insult the country from a seat in Congress? He is there as the attorney of interests which antagonize the commercial welfare and morality of the country. He is voting constantly upon questions which almost directly promote his wealth. Oakes Ames was sacrificed for less meretricious, if not less criminal, offenses than those of which Butler is guilty, and why should he any longer be allowed to ride over public sentiment on the favor of the administration?"

There is a Danbury legend to the effect that a party desiring to transact some private business with another, was invited to step into a neighboring store. "But we will be disturbed there," said the first party. "Oh no," said the other, "they don't advertise."

The city government of Eufaula, in Morgan county, costs the tax payers \$40,000 a year.

Sumner's Legacy to the South.

The last hours of Mr. Sumner were quite impressive. He was attended by Radical leaders, and it was in their presence he passed away. No wife or child soothed his dying hours, for his wife was divorced from him some years ago, and they had no children. Neuralgia of the heart is accompanied by acute pain to the sufferer, and Mr. Sumner when awake was in agony. Opiates were freely given to him, but he was often conscious. Neither narcotic, nor pain, however, could drive from his breast the longing for negro equality. The ruling passion was strong in death. Only 45 minutes before his end he spoke earnestly to Judge Hoar of Mass., who sat by him: "Don't let the civil rights bill be lost!" he said. This was Sumner's dying request. It means this: "Thrust negro equality down the throats of the Southerners because you have the power to do it! It is strange advice for one who had never been south of the Potomac to see whether the negro is fit to be made the associate of the white man."

We hope Judge Rice, Capt. Ferguson, and Mr. Wiley did not forget to repeat the "last words" of Mr. Sumner when they were condoling his death in Montgomery. A few nights ago. They should look the hand that smites them in full view of all the facts.—Hayneville Examiner.

EXTRIMISM.—It is in this pointed manner that the Evergreen Star rebukes certain silly and timid Conservatives: "What do the newspapers mean by 'extrimism'?" Do they propose to meet the scallywag and negro upon the stump and treat them with the respect due gentlemen? We hope not. An honest republican can be treated with respect, but the Radical party of this state would have to be sifted thoroughly to secure a better's dozen of the honest sort. We have but little regard for men who have utterly disregarded law, reason and justice to accomplish their purpose. It is perfectly folly for newspapers to advise our people to pursue a courteous campaign with any such men. Some may be found willing to lift their hats and open their parlors to the Federalists, the leaders of the Whites, and other scoundrels, whose sin dyed in blood is no love for anything but the slightest dollar, but we have no use for these treacherous scoundrels from the first and we expect to continue to do so until the last."

A Radical State exchange says that the repudiation of the State debt is a Democratic measure. We deny the charge, in whole and in every particular part. The Democratic party is not in favor of repudiating, but of paying, every dollar that the State justly owes. It asserts that doctrine now, and has asserted it, all the time, Radical misrepresentation to the contrary notwithstanding.—Tuscaloosa Times.

THE EFFIGY BUSINESS.—The Petersburg (Va.) News says the recent hanging in effigy of Governor Kemper, in that city, "was the act of a few young men—gentlemen, if you please—who were carried away by the excitement and passion of the moment, without the knowledge of one-fiftieth of our people, and who in their serious moment, will regret and frankly confess their error."

HARD.—The Atlanta Herald says: "The members of the South Carolina Legislature, in settling, took every dollar in the treasury, leaving the poor clerks and other attaches without a cent. The latter held a meeting and were comforted by Gov. Moses, who assured them that their claim was good, and would be paid some of these days!"

The Montgomery Journal of Tuesday says: "Last week, it was shot as blue blazes. People looked up their Summer clothes. Yesterday, a not-wester came down upon us, and now every one is hunting coal and wood, and are wrapped up in overcoats."

"I MEAN BUSINESS."—The women of the West are getting terribly in earnest on the liquor question. A woman out there advertises that she has purchased a shot gun, and will shoot any man who sells her husband the accursed beverage. "She closes her notice with this laconic sentence: 'Mean business.'"

A Very Important Issue.

A special term of the Chancery Court for this Division commenced in this city yesterday (Monday), before which will be tried one of the most interesting and important cases ever brought before the learned Chancellor in this section. The case involved simply resolves itself into the question, whether or not the President of the Vicksburg and Brunswick Railroad, may be compelled to furnish the contractors who built the first twenty miles with the affidavit necessary for securing the sixteen thousand dollars a mile, provided by the State aid law. A short history of the entire transaction may be necessary to an intelligent understanding of the case, and can certainly not fail to be interesting to our readers, while it cannot possibly prejudice the result of the trial, one way or the other.

Messrs. Shorter, Papot & Co., contracted to build and equip the first section of twenty miles for \$37,000 per mile as follows: Twenty bonds, \$15,000. In 8 per cent preferred stock \$22,000; aggregating \$37,000. All of this was delivered. The second section of twenty miles, also to be constructed at \$32,000 per mile in bonds of the Company endorsed by the State or \$640,000 for the entire section, half of that amount—\$320,000—to be delivered on the completion of the first section, and to be accounted for on completion of first and second section of twenty miles. Now, the State aid law of the acts of 1869 and 1870 provides that when a Railroad Company builds and equips twenty miles with its own resources independent of State aid, and that if the twenty miles are thus constructed and equipped by 1st November 1874, upon an affidavit from the President of the road certifying that the first twenty miles are constructed in accordance with the provisions of the law, the Governor will endorse bonds of the Company for \$16,000 per mile for all the road built.

In this case the President refused to make the necessary affidavit for the reason that the road was not completed, and he was not prepared to make such a statement. The State and the contractors, who were to build the road, to make the affidavit. The surviving partners and their counsel, Messrs. Henry E. Shorter and James L. Fugh, believe that nothing of the kind could have prejudiced the interests of the State, while the counsel for the Company, foremost in the front rank for experience and ability, Messrs. Eli S. Shorter and D. M. Seals, entertain a contrary opinion. The whole question will be ably and thoroughly ventilated, and the decree of Chancellor McGraw will be awaited with much interest.

It may not be improper to state that the stock in the road, sold by the contractors, which they no market value, was exchanged by Mr. Papot for stock in the Northwestern road, which did have a market value, and the latter sold, with the proceeds of which sale, all the mortgages, liens, &c., above mentioned were satisfied.

It is hoped that in case aid according to the law of '69 and '70 can be secured, that the surviving contractors will be able to go on with the second section of twenty miles, and thus extend the road July a section that will be no less benefited than our market, to which it is tributary.

GOOD FOR EUFULA.—The Columbus Enquirer says: "The City Council of Eufaula has adopted an ordinance against vagrancy, and Mayor Bray gives public notice of his determination to enforce it strictly. It provides for the arrest of all persons in the city who are vagrants under the laws of the State, and the imposition of a fine not exceeding \$100, or imprisonment, or work on the streets for thirty days. We discover no way of procuring a release on his own recognizance." In this course of proceeding, we believe that if this mode of dealing with vagrants were followed up all over the State, it would very much towards the extermination of crime, for idleness is a great promoter of crime in any locality.

A Columbus lady suggests, in a letter to the Enquirer, that if the temperance crusaders should reach that city that they commence their labors in the churches and not on the sidewalks, as nearly all the liquor dealers are "influential" members of one or another of the Christian churches.

"Shall we infuse a burst?" sneeringly asks the least gentlemanly man from the east, who we contract and collapse? He indignantly responds the learned gentleman from the west.

The Freshet, The Bridge Etc.

The Port Games Messenger of Friday last says: "About 10 o'clock on Sunday night the rain commenced to fall in torrents and continued almost incessantly for sixty hours. The river rose rapidly until yesterday morning, when it came to a stand. It is stated by the oldest settlers that the river reached a higher point this week than at any time since the Harrison freshet; it being only two feet from the high water mark of that date. The bridge is in a critical condition, and it is feared will give way under the great pressure of water against the piers. On Wednesday evening it was thought best to watch that night and clear away all drift that might lodge against the piers. About twelve or one o'clock at night the large wooden pier on the Alabama side, suddenly gave way with a loud crash, when next morning it was discovered that the lattice work on the lower side was shattered considerably, but it is hoped will stand the storm."

RADICAL RULE.—The light of the day of deliverance for the South, is breaking in all directions. Scores of Radical leaders in the North, are exposing the villainies of Radical rule in the South. Carpenter has scathed them with the bolts of logic and rhetoric in the Senate. Beecher inveighs against them from his Brooklyn pulpit. The editors of the New York Sun, the Atlantic Monthly, of the New York Times, and of numerous other Northern journals, are denouncing them in the severest terms, in their several publications. The people of the North are just beginning to comprehend the situation at the South. They are awakening to the knowledge of the fact, that this beautiful clime has been even more wasted and wronged by the mercenary policies of peace, than it was by the pillage and the havoc of war.—Tuscaloosa Times.

The horizon of Alabama politics clears up in all directions. The prospect for a complete and crushing Democratic victory in November, increases every day. With a conceded majority of 10,000 white votes in the State, which is being continuously increased by the exodus of the black population, there will be nothing to prevent a crowning success of the Conservative and Democratic party, at the next election, but its own policy of concession or compromise in conducting the canvass, Unity, effort, and a strong State ticket, will carry the day, and open up a brighter future for this wronged and sadly misgoverned State.

The Atlanta Herald says: "Crambo is just learning the political habits of his white 'man and brother.' Less than two years ago the whole African race in this country denounced Senator Sumner for treason to their cause in opposing Grant, and going for Greeley for President, and declared he had been bought up by the Democrats; now they are holding noisy meetings of dissidence and extolling the dead Senator as the climax of statesmanship and devotion to liberty!"

An illustration of the low price of Alabama lands may be found in the fact that the owner of a plantation is willing to sell to anybody who will make a crop to the extent of its capacity this year, and give him the plantation for the crop.

"A Friend to the Afflicted" sends a recipe for asthma, as follows: Iodide of potash one ounce, and dissolve it in half a pint of water. Take one or two teaspoonfuls a day.

It is a rule of etiquette in Arkansas that no true gentleman will eat with his leg thrown over the back of his neighbor's chair, if he can help it.

A contemporary says: "This is the month to commence planting most of your vegetables." Next month will be the time to commence sending them in to the newspapers."

A watermelon, in a perfect state of preservation, has been exhibited in Fort Valley, Georgia. The melon was beneath a large pile of corn during the winter.

A man named Curles was recently shot and killed by a Mr. McCann on Tennell's plantation, in Clay county, Georgia.

That old wisecracker, Gerritt Smith, advances the opinion that the Civil Rights Bill will fail to become a law, and its failure will be the death of the Republican party. We hope Gerritt is a prophet in both cases.

If persons subscribe for a paper in the North, they easily understand that the cash must be forwarded at once—but many think that their local paper can flourish on nothing. A great mistake.

Columbus has a lodge of colored Masons and another of colored Odd Fellows, numbering seventy-nine members.

PUBLIC MEETING.

MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Eufaula, Ala., March 25th, 1874. A public meeting of the citizens of Eufaula will be held at the City Hall on Saturday night next (28th inst.), at 7 o'clock, for the purpose of organizing a Patrol in the different wards of the city, and to transact other important business that will be brought before the meeting.

All persons who are willing to Patrol one or two (or more) nights in the week will be requested to enroll their names. And it is earnestly desired that the old citizens should be present at said meeting as matters of vital importance to the interests of our community will be considered.

WELLS J. BRAY, MAYOR.

FALLING OFF.—The cotton receipts at United States ports during the last two weeks have fallen short several thousands of bales of what they were for the weeks last year, but it is not believed in cotton circles, that this falling off is attributable to a rapidly exhausting stock in the interior and in the hands of producers, but to the low prices ruling in the leading markets of the world.

There is no question of the fact that there is still a great deal of cotton in the hands of planters who are holding it for better prices, and they have determined to do so, even if they have to hold for another year. This and the recent general rains throughout the cotton states, is the cause for the decline in receipts at the ports and not, we think, that the crop of last year will be smaller than it is generally supposed to be.

However, we shall know something more definite as to the cause of the present falling off in receipts, during the next four weeks, and we may expect then to see estimates for Col. Ben Morris' plantations coming forward rapidly. It will be remembered that the man who can guess nearest the crop of last year, will receive one and possibly two fine plantations, or at least all the money that has been sent in with estimates.

It is stated the coming popular poem is expected to be by an ex-slave, a poet in Indian of undoubted authorship, and entitled "Whiskey and I are out."

The Spring bonnet will be very large and will turn up on one side and down on the other, something in the cavalry style. Of course the girls will look killing in them.

The Henry County Register says: "Owing to the recent heavy rains having washed away several bridges, in this section, we have received but one mail this week from Fort Gaines, and but one from Eufaula."

Governor Hart, of Florida, died on Wednesday last, after a lingering illness.

THE THING WE ARE ALWAYS GETTING AND NEVER GET—A thing we must have, and yet do without—"A cotton factory."

The savings banks of New England exhibit this strange feature, those save most who earn least. The workmen who earn large wages are rarely ever frugal.

The Massachusetts House, by a vote of 91 to 69, refused to consider a repeal of the reading and writing qualification for voters.

The Marianna Courier of Thursday last says: "We learn the county is flooded north of us, and that the Chattahoochee river at Neel's Landing rose sixteen feet on Tuesday night last."

The Chipola river is within one foot of the floor of the bridge.

The Union Springs Times and Herald mentions several instances of damage to the Mobile and Girard railroad, between Union Springs and Troy.

The Alabama State Medical Association meets in Selma on the 13th of April.

Quarterly Meeting commences in the Methodist Church of this city, on Saturday next, the 28th inst., and continued on that day and Sunday.

Colonel Robert Tyler, late political editor of the Montgomery Advertiser, has connected himself with the News of this city, and will hereafter be its editor-in-chief.

Old Established

AND

RELIABLE

SILAS STERN.

Cash Buyer of Hides, Furs,

Beeswax and Wool.

REFER TO THE FOLLOWING

QUOTATIONS:

Dry Hides sound,	14c per pound
Deer Skins,	25 to 50c.
Beaver skins as to size and quality	50 to \$3.00 each
Other	75 to \$5.00
Mink	25 to 2.50
Coon	5 to 15c.
Beeswax	25 to 27c per lb.
Wool (Barry)	12 1/2 to 15c.
Wool unwashed free of Burrs 20 to 25	

Consignments solicited from country merchants prompt returns and fair dealings guaranteed, as the full benefit of the market will always be given, refers to the tanks and merchants of this place. No commissions or drayage charged. Office at the store of M. Lang, in Hart's Block, adjoining Everitt & Hart's.

March 21st, 1874. 24-46

Notice to Vagrants.

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MAYOR'S OFFICE.

Eufaula, Ala., March 13th, 1874.

The following City Ordinance as amended by the Council is published for the information of all concerned.

Sec. 125. "Any person who is a vagrant under the laws of this State who shall be found within the limits of this city, shall be arrested and fined, in the discretion of the Mayor, not exceeding one hundred dollars, or imprisoned not exceeding thirty days, or required to work upon the streets in lieu of the fine or imprisonment."

The Marshal and Police officers are hereby commanded to see that the above ordinance is rigidly enforced.

All good citizens are respectfully requested to report the names of any vagrants or suspicious persons, to the Marshal or Police officers, that they may be arrested and dealt with according to law.

WELLS J. BRAY, MAYOR.

WILLIAMSON'S

BOARDING HOUSE

FOR

DAY AND TRANSIENT

BOARDERS.

CORNER OF BROAD AND EUFULA

STREETS

EUFULA, ALA.

H. E. Williamson Proprietor.

The most convenient Boarding

House in the city to business, and

best accommodations.

Jan. 15th, 1874. 5-46

SUPERIOR TO THE PANIC.

THE undersigned would call the attention of the public to the fact that he has now in store, a full line of Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

which he is offering at figures low as the people of the city, Southeast Alabama and Southwest Georgia, were accustomed to even in the palmiest ante bellum times.

PLANTATION

AND

Family Supplies

always on hand and arriving, in such quantities as to meet every demand.

HIS BREAD

is made of the sweetest and whitest Flour and sold at prices that place it within the reach of all.

His stock of

TOBACCO & CIGARS

comprised the finest brands to be obtained from the most extensive manufacturers, and from his assortment of

CONFECTIONERIES

the most exquisite may make perfectly satisfactory selections.

No matter what you want in the

GROCERY

AND

CONFECTIONARY

lines, call at the store, corner Broad and Randolph streets and you will meet with a cordial reception, and receive polite attention from

JOHN C. HARRAN

Nov. 27th, 1873.

FOR SALE

A Key Stone Apparatus

OF Italian Marble, with eight Spring Faucets and one Draught Pipe, for soda water. It has the combined coil and cylinder cooler.

Length 24 inches. Height 49 inches with 18 inches.

THE UPRIGHT GENERATOR.

is made of heavy copper, well lined and thoroughly tested under very heavy pressure, the valve in the solid chamber is made of porcelain, which is not acted upon by the acid. It has a steam gauge, which insures perfect safety to the operator. All of which is as good as new and in good order. For further information apply at this office.

March 10th, 1874. 30-46

Eufaula News.

PUBLISHED BY
JNO. BLACK & SON.
EUFULA, - MARCH 26.

TO OUR PATRONS.

After to-day, all transient advertisements must be paid for IN ADVANCE; as everything with us is CASH, we are compelled to demand from our patrons CASH FOR OUR WORK. We will refuse to CREDIT any, except those with whom we have current accounts, after to-day. Subscriptions must be paid up immediately, we cannot afford to send papers unless paid for IN ADVANCE.

JOB WORK, is CASH on delivery.
JNO. BLACK & SON.
Jan. 1st, 1874.

Our merchants are complaining of hard-times and slow collections.

W. E. Besson, Druggist, will sell you Kerosene Oil of the BEST quality at 35 cents per gallon, cash.

SEA OATS—Leave your Oats at Rowlett & Labatts, for Sea Oats.

The weather for the past two days, has been cold and disagreeable.

Go to the Old Reliable Drug Store of **W. E. Besson** and he will sell you Kerosene Oil of the BEST quality at 35 cents per gallon cash.

The members of the **CLUBBING FIRE CO.**, No. 1, are requested to attend a drill of the Company this (Thursday) Evening, at 3 o'clock, with Cap and Belt.

A large lot of Cash Goods of every conceivable kind, at the wholesale Grocery establishment of **JOE E. SINGER.**

FOUND—A large Brass Key, which the owner can have by calling at this office, and paying for this notice.

The finest tobacco ever manufactured in Virginia or North Carolina also, snuff and cigars at **JOE E. SINGER'S.**

Attention is directed to the different advertisements of **A. T. Spence** County Clerk, in another column.

Staple and Fancy Groceries of all kinds, at prices that places competition in the shade may be had at **JOE E. SINGER.**

The regular meeting of the City Council, was held on last Tuesday night. The proceedings appear in another column.

Superior inducements offered to the Wholesale trade in Garden Seeds, Drugs, Paints and Oil by **WEEDON & DENT,** Wholesale Druggists.

MAYOR'S COURT—Jim Goode, was before his Honor, on a charge of vagrancy, his fine and costs amount to \$56.00.

I have in store, and to arrive the largest stock of Bulk Meat and Bacon Sides, ever offered in this market, which I am offering low, for CASH **J. E. SINGER.**

The City License as corrected by the new Council, will be published in Saturday's issue.

W. E. Besson, Druggist, will sell you Kerosene Oil of the BEST quality at 35 cents per gallon, cash.

PUBLIC MEETING—All good citizens are requested, to meet at the City Hall, next Saturday night, as matters of vital importance will be brought before the meeting; See the Mayor's notice in another column.

Just Received—A large lot of **Carved Hams**, which I will sell at reduced prices. Also, Flour of all grades at low prices.

Share of hand, a large selection of Pipes and Cigars of the finest Brands. Confectioneries of all descriptions—Call and see for yourselves, and get **CHEAP BARGAINS**, at **JOHN CHAPMAN'S.**

ARRESTED—Two negroes, supposed to belong to the gang that entered Col. E. S. Shorter's residence on the night of the 17th instant, were arrested in Outhbert, Georgia, on Tuesday last, and brought to this city. From what we can learn there is no doubt but that they are the guilty parties. Breaking into houses at night is becoming too frequent, and we think those caught, and brought to trial, if there is sufficient proof to convict, should suffer to the full extent of the law. These gangs must be broken up, and we suggest the best way to accomplish it, is for the citizens to form a regular patrol.

The horrors of the fearful fire sent are greatly lessened by a policy secured from responsible agents in a perfectly reliable company. Messrs. A. A. Walker & Co. in the Chattahoochee Warehouse are the very men to give all the comfort and security known to the business of Fire Insurance. About Forty-Four Million Dollars represented by them is at the command of those who would sleep without fear, and labor with perfect confidence in the security of their honest earnings. See them.

THE VAGRANT LAW—We are glad to learn from Mayor Bray that it is his intention to strictly enforce the vagrant law after to-day. Those who do no work, or have no visible means of support, had better leave the city, if they do not, they will have the pleasure of working two or three months on the stocks with a ball and chain.

Buy your Seeds from the largest and best assorted stock in the city at **WEEDON & DENT'S.**

Dr. C. J. Pope will deliver a Lecture on the principles of Odd Fellowship, at the Lodge Room, this (Thursday) evening. Every member of the Lodge is expected to be present. Dr. Pope is one of the oldest members of the Order in this city and no doubt his address will be instructive and interesting.

Cigars, Tobacco and Smoker's Materials generally, of the finest brands and at lowest prices at **JOE E. SINGER.**

We learn that several of our Cotton Buyers, Lawyers and Doctors, were arranged before the city authorities, on Tuesday last for doing business without License. It is much better to come up at the time appointed for paying Licenses, and save \$10 to \$20 costs, as the ordinances are very explicit on this point.

Large stock of Onion Sets and fresh Garden Seed, just received from Philadelphia by **WEEDON & DENT,** Wholesale Druggists.

G. M. PARKER & Son—We invite the attention of our merchants to the advertisement of the above named gentlemen in another column. Those doing business with them may rest assured that they keep nothing but first class goods. Give them a trial.

There is no fuss nor fight in it. If you want to be in a good humor and full of jollity, buy your wines and Liquors, at **JOE E. SINGER.**

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS—The favor of our advertisers compels us to postpone the publication of the proceedings of the last meeting of Council, till next issue.

W. E. Besson, Druggist, will sell you Kerosene Oil of the BEST quality at 35 cents per gallon, CASH.

The City Council at its last meeting instructed the Finance Committee to purchase a suitable prize, for the successful Fire Company, in the contest which takes place next Tuesday.

On account of Judge McCraw's failure to arrive last Monday, the special term of the Chancery Court was adjourned.

Farwell—Sister—You have driven me to the grave, wrote John Larch of Alabama, four years ago, and left the note on the river bank. He was arrested in Cincinnati the other day, living with another woman. N. Y. Herald.

Eufaula Fire Department.

HOOK & LADDER COMPANY HALL.
Eufaula, Ala., March 26th, 1874.
At a meeting of the Board of Control of Eufaula Fire Department.
D. L. Southwick, Chief, in the chair.
The following programme was adopted for the Annual Parade, on Tuesday next, March 31st, 1874.
The Companies to assemble in front of Eastern Bank, at 1 o'clock, P. M. Line of march to be up Randolph street to Shorter, thence to Eufaula, and down Eufaula, to front of Hart's Block.
The contest between the Engine Companies, to be, allowing one man to each one hundred pounds, running seventy five feet. Hose carriage to carry five hundred feet of Hose, all coupled, unreeled one hundred and fifty feet, uncoupling with spanners, connecting pipe, and passing the same to top of J. C. McCraw's wall—the man to be on the top of the wall, with the pipe water passing time up.
Hook & Ladder Company placed one hundred and fifty yards from the point at which they are to elevate their Ladder, with Truck reversed, drag reeled, men twenty feet in the rear of their Truck, reverse position of Truck—run one hundred and fifty yards—place their largest Ladder against the wall, a member going up the Ladder, and getting on top of the wall—Time up. The man not allowed to start up the Ladder, until it is in position against the wall.
By invitation of the Board, the Mayor and City Council are respectfully invited to be present, and witness the contest.
J. D. BILLINGS,
Sec. E. F. D.

MONEY—The Decatur Ala., News, favors inflation. It argues that when there is but little money in circulation those who can afford to do so hoard it—thus becoming active contractionists at the very time that contraction does most hurt; that when money is scarce labor is poorly rewarded because the employer cannot afford it; that when money is abundant enterprise is stimulated, because men then seek to put it where it will be a future, not to be depreciated by fluctuations of gold values, and that an expansion of the volume of currency will accelerate the restoration of the wealth lost by the war. These are sensible, and, as we believe, sound reasons.

ATTENTION.

Those having Uniforms belonging to **Bluff City Hook and Ladder Co.**, No. 1, are requested to leave them with the Secretary, **A. L. Raleigh**, by Friday evening.
R. MOULTHROP,
FOREMAN.
Eufaula, March 26th, 1874.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS—Messrs. C. E. Goodwin & Co., Druggists, received yesterday, direct from headquarters, a large and varied assortment of fresh Garden Seeds, of the present year's growth and so warranted. The seeds sold by Messrs. Goodwin & Co., last Spring, gave patrons the utmost satisfaction, and every paper of seeds in their store was sold. So the supply received yesterday is guaranteed to be fresh and good. Call soon before the assortment is broken.

Read the advertisement of **Dr. W. W. Evans**, Surgeon Dentist, in another column.

The New York Herald enters its opinion of Mr. Sumner freely as follows: "He did not lead a party; he was not identified with any special policy; he was not a great writer, or a great orator, or a great statesman."

Love me, love my dog! A German woman recently walked to Windom, Minnesota, ten miles, after a stray dog. On her return she died from exhaustion, and was found with the dog in her arms.

The New Orleans City Railway, road, the other day, sunk in the river a bag containing 47,000 counterfeit nickel coins, the returns of one year's business.

The smallest salary paid to a postmaster in this country is \$2, and a large number receive sums ranging from that amount to \$12.

Fourteen fathers in Quincy, Illinois, have, signed a pledge not to allow their daughters to take music lessons until they know how to make good bread.

The Senate Committee on Elections will report next Monday, that Hon. Geo. E. Spencer is entitled to the seat from Alabama in that body.

Said a pompous husband, whose wife had stolen up behind and given him a kiss, "Madam, I consider such an act indecorous." "Excuse me," said the wife, "I didn't know it was you."

ANOTHER MURDEROUS ASSAULT.

Between twelve and one o'clock on last Friday night the saloon of Mr. Seth Grubbs, in Clayton, was forcibly entered by three negroes, who, after brutally beating Mr. Z. W. Dykes, clerk of the establishment, until they thought he was dead, robbed him of \$155 in greenbacks. Mr. Dykes had closed the house for the night and was in the act of retiring to bed when he heard the negroes breaking into the house through a side door. He seized his pistol and noislessly took his position near the door, to kill the first negro that entered. While standing there he heard them talking about the light they saw in Mr. Dykes' sleeping apartments, and also heard them agree to enter the room boldly and kill and rob him. When the first of the negroes entered the door, Mr. Dykes thrust the muzzle of his pistol against the villain's breast and "pulled down" upon him, but, unfortunately, the pistol failed to fire, when the other two negroes rushed in and seized Mr. Dykes, and struck him two or three heavy blows upon the head. Which felled him senseless to the floor. They also struck him a severe blow across the abdomen and on the side while he was down on the floor, and as they thought dead. They then laid him on the bed, robbed him and retired. The foul deed was not discovered, until next morning, when Mr. Dykes was found lying upon the bed and insensible. Medical aid was quickly summoned and under skillful treatment he was restored to consciousness in three or four hours, when he told all he could remember of the tragic affair. He fully identified two of his assailants—**Abbe Cotton** and **Jake Lightner**—and they have been arrested and are now in jail. The other negro is still at large, but it was confidently believed that he would be arrested yesterday. We did not learn his name. Mr. Dykes is slowly recovering from the assault but suffers a good deal from his wounds.

RECEIVED—**Red Blackman**, a colored man, who feeds the city prisoners, and keeps the key to the city gauntlet, informs us that on Sunday morning last Judge E. M. Keils, of the Eufaula City Court, called at the guardhouse and requested him (Ned) to let him see Jim Goode, a negro man in prison under a charge of grand larceny. Ned says he thought Judge Keils merely wanted to talk with the prisoner, but when he (Ned) opened the cell door, Judge Keils called the prisoner to the door and told him to come and go his way—that he was now free to do so. Of course Jim left and the Judge went home. Ned immediately reported the matter to the city Marshal, who, after consulting several lawyers, re-arrested the prisoner and put him back in jail. It appears that Jim was tried on a charge of grand larceny of his case before Justice Comer, was required to give bond for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court, in the sum of \$150. He made a bond, we believe, but it was unsatisfactory to the Court and he was sent to jail. Judge Keils then issued a writ of habeas corpus for the release of the prisoner, and without bringing the defendant into his presence or ordering the Sheriff to do so, went to the Guardhouse and released the Prisoner himself. Ned says he did not think Judge Keils would take such an advantage of a poor ignorant negro as that he took of him.

ACCIDENT—Master Eddie Dent, son of Captain S. H. Dent of this city, met with a very serious and fearful accident on Saturday last, while out gunning. He had fired off one barrel of his gun and was reloading it, but as he had to incline the barrels very low in order to reach the muzzle, the hammer to the loaded barrel struck something as he was drawing the gun up to him, which caused it to fire—the load of shot first striking the wrist of the right arm and then glanced to the shoulder and face where they lodged. Only three shots, however, took effect in his face. His wounds are, painful and ugly, but not very dangerous, it is thought. We tender the bright little fellow our sincere sympathy in this hour of misfortune and suffering.

NOTICE.

Barbour County Democratic and Conservative Executive Committee.

The members of the Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party, of Barbour county, are requested to meet at Wood & Roquemore's office, in Eufaula, on Thursday, the 9th day of April next to determine the time, place and manner of holding a county Convention, for the purpose of sending delegates to the State Convention, to be held in Montgomery, on the 29th day of July next, and of arranging for the coming campaign. The Committee that was named by the Convention in 1872, hold their appointments till their successors are elected by the next Convention. As the business of this meeting is of importance, it is hoped that every member of the Committee will be present. March, 23, 1874.

Hard Times.

One of the causes of the hard times which have been so oppressively felt by all farmers and mechanics is the present vicious systems of raising revenue, and the "protection of home industry" by levying the most oppressive taxes on every necessary of life consumed by the farmer and laborer says the Kansas Patriot. This tax law was imposed by cunning and designing men, ten or twelve years ago, while the country was convulsed with civil war, and when the farmer and his son went forth to battle for the life of the nation. By it, every implement used by the farmer and laborer are nearly doubled in price.

FIGHTING FOR THEIR RIGHTS.

Several of the negro witnesses in the Grant parish trial, now going on in the United States Court, who deplored that they lived some distance from Colfax, accounted for their presence, banded in a military organization on the occasion of the fight at that place, by saying that some white and colored men told them to leave their work and go to Colfax and fight for their rights. Their informants were of the class of Ward, Flowers and Allen, the demagogues who brought on the fight, instigated the poor ignorant and credulous field hands to leave their work and tramp to Colfax, to defend themselves from re-enslavement, and who were the first to run away when the fight began, leaving their deluded victims to be slaughtered.—N. O. Picayune.

There is a contest going on now as to whether the celebration in 1876 shall be called national or international. The object of the whole thing, by whatever name it is called, is to obtain for a few thieves around Philadelphia, with Cameron at their head, \$20,000,000 from the treasury of the United States.

Millions of dollars a year are taken annually from the people under the operation of this false system, and for which no equivalent value whatever is received. By it, both the necessities and comforts of life are made dear and scarce, when without it, they would be cheap and abundant. These evils, barely endurable during the excitement of war, are perfectly intolerable when indefinitely prolonged into years of ensuing peace.

COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE TRI-WEEKLY NEWS, EUFULA, March 26th 1874.

Monetary.

Gold buying at 110. Exchange buying at par, selling 1 premium.

Cotton.

Market closed yesterday with a fair demand we quote:
Inferior : : :
Ordinary : : : 12
Good Ordinary : : : 18 1/2
Strict Good Ordinary : : : 18 1/2
Low Middling : : : 18 1/2
Strict Low Middling : : : 14
Middling : : : 14 1/2
Strict Good Middling : : : 14 1/2

Statement.

	Bales
Stock on hand Sept. 1st, 1873.	198
Received last two days	69
previously	23,707
Total	24,974
Shipped last two days	18 1/2
previously	21,814
Stock on hand	1,975

MAYOR'S COURT.

Mayor Bray had three cases before him yesterday morning. Jane Jackson, was up on a charge of disorderly conduct, and not having sufficient testimony to prove her innocence, will contribute \$8.25 to the city exchequer.

Isaac Bates, like all persons of his color is rather partial to Bacon,—it seems that "he loved it not wicly, but two well," and consequently undertook to carry away a small side of Bacon from Mr. Sing's store last Saturday night, but the ever watchful eyes of his clerks were upon him. For this little sleight-of hand performance he will have to pay \$7.75.

Sanford Tennell, never did, nor never will like the Democratic party,—having imbibed too freely of benzine on Sunday last, gave full vent to his feelings, and heaped anathemas upon our city fathers, and especially that party to which they belong.—For his general bad conduct on that occasion, His Honor thought that \$23.00 was enough to pay for one spree.

ROBBERY—An attempt was made one night last week to rob Major R. G. Ricks, a resident of this county.—The party, or parties, mistook the Major's room and entered the parlor. His wife, hearing some unusual noise, awoke the Major, who on rising, took down a Spencer rifle that he keeps in his room, and made his way to the parlor; the robbers on hearing him made their escape, leaving an axe and one or two large clubs. There must have been several of them.—They carried off two over coats and some other things. Up to this time there is no clue as to who the parties are.—Fort Gaines Messenger.

THE FLOODS AND THE PLANTERS.

We have every reason to believe that the heavy rains of last week have overflowed nearly or quite all of our Southern streams, inundating the bottom lands, and seriously retarding planting operations, says the Columbus Enquirer. No doubt a good deal of land already planted in corn has been overflowed or so badly washed as to destroy a good "stand." It is an unfortunate back-set, but it will be doubly or trebly so if it should cause any curtailment of the corn crop. Let our planting friends see to it that their determination to raise a larger proportion of corn this year is not frustrated by this disaster. There is ample time to recover from it, if the manna for cotton planting can only be repressed until the damage is fully repaired. The same determination to raise a good and sufficient corn crop, in spite of flood or late season, that is usually manifested to produce all the cotton possible, will be successful yet, and thus a fair trial will be given to the policy of making the food crop the one of paramount importance. Stick to a good resolution, persevere in the face of difficulty and disaster, and all will yet be well. Plant corn if necessary, plant it over again!

REPRESENTABLE—On Saturday night last some mischievous fellow, bent upon having a little fun, posted up around town a small poster on which was a rude caricature of the devil, or some other fanciful, done in black ink, with the ominous initials "K. K. K." under it. We noticed the poster in one or two public places and also in the hands of a crowd of colored men, who were gravely considering its import. It may have been fun to the originator of the trick, to see it thus working upon the weak and sensitive nerves of Sambo, but the fun is not commensurate with the harm such tricks produce. Radical leaders who are shrewd enough to see and know that the trick is the work of some playful and mischievous lad or young man, will take one of the posters to some midnight meeting of the negroes and there present it before them as an evidence of the presence of the "Ku-Klux" among them, and the hostility felt toward them by white Democrats and Conservatives—knowing well enough that it will gull the negro, and inspire him with renewed zeal in voting the Radical ticket.—Hence, we think, that such posters as those alluded to, are productive of more harm than good, and therefore reprehensible.

Garrett Smith expresses the opinion that the civil rights bill will fail to become a law, and its failure will be the death of the Republican party. There are other Republicans who are equally sanguine that its becoming a law will be the death of their party. So there is hope the civil rights bill will accomplish some good in kill off the Republican party.

ADDRESS—We shall publish in our next issue, the address of the State Executive Committee to the Democratic and Conservative people of Alabama, setting forth the proceedings of said committee at a meeting in Montgomery, on the 26th of February last.

An intelligent gentleman from the

TO THE PUBLIC.—For the good of all concerned, we call attention to the FACT that there has been several decisions of State Courts which have held that a paper which has one side printed in another State or county to that in which it is claimed to be published, cannot be considered a medium for legal advertisements, and that all legal notices published in such papers are VOID and of no effect.—Birmingham Iron Age.

A Temperance Rhyme.
 Ye friend of moderation

"Perhaps you don't like *blu*," he said.
"Was his first remark *phlegmatic*,"
he said, "the table simply lay
before him, butter, and turned
an inquiring expression on his
face," but he said nothing.
"Perhaps you don't like that *blu*,"
he yelled the restaurant patron
did not savagely exclamation
"I don't know, as yet—the fact
is, I don't trust it."
"Well, you looked in it as if you
ought something was the matter
with it. Now, if you have got to eat
it, make to make about that butter
can make 'em right here."
"Was simply examining the pecu-
liar appearance of the oleaginous com-
modity," he said, "and I was glad
to see that he spoke with exasperating
conviction."
"Those blue streaks impart
a viridaceous a variegated appear-
ance somewhat excited my curiosity
—blue streaks, I believe, are oc-
casionally a novelty in butter; are they
not?"
"The restaurant-keeper was some-
what taken aback by the calm re-
sponse, but he recovered himself im-
mediately to remark :
"Blue streaks are always in your
cream at this season of the year."
"Must be one of those d—d
things," he said, "but I don't know that
they are so dangerous; paused for a mo-
ment, and then resumed in a threatening
manner :
"You must understand that I
allow no man to come to the
restaurant and go *confin* around the
counter; no warbled man will do
it."
"I am approximated that butter to me
is a *phlegmatic* thing."

— A special dispatch elsewhere tells us that Major Calhoun, of the Columbus Enquirer, has bought an interest in the Savannah Advertiser-Republican. We trust that Major Calhoun in "lengthening his stakes" has "strengthened his cords."

— St. Patrick's Day celebration in Macon, was broken up by the non appearance of Judge Lochrie, their orator, who is now in New York. The oration, procession and dinner was postponed until a day to be announced.

— It is reported that Charles D. Warner and Mark Twain have each received \$15,000 as their share of the proceeds from the sale of the "Gilded Age."

VALISE.

THAT RISE.—The Montgomery State Journal of Wednesday last says: "The Alabama river was rising about ten inches per hour yesterday evening. A high old time Miss Alabama will have of it for a few days. She will get on a bender and raise the mischief over in Elmore, but in a few days she will settle down and be content to be put in her little bed as of old."

By order of the Council,
GEO. H. SEYMOUR.

Approved: _____
Special Agent in Charge

is hereby offered, for the arrest, with sufficient evidence to convict, the person or persons, who fired the Exhibition Hall in this city on the night of the 23d inst.