

News-Journal

M. G. BURKE, Editor & Proprietor.
DEMOPOLIS, MAY, 30, 1874.

Hays Ration Bill for the relief of the "inundated destitute" of the Warrior and Bigbee rivers has passed both houses of Congress, and will, perhaps ere we go to press, be approved by the president.

The Sixth Division of the Supreme Court of the State, composed of the counties of Choctaw, Greene, Hale, Marengo, Marion, Pickens, Sanford, Sumter, Tuscaloosa, and Walker, will commence Monday, the 6th day of July, 1874, and continue one week.

R. Randolph, Esq. of the Tuscaloosa Blade presents a "new ticket" with names of J. W. Forney of Cahoon for Governor, and C. C. Langdon of Mobile for Lieut. Governor. These two are strong names. We thank our esteemed friend for his mention of us in connection with the office of Secretary of State but deem the editor of the Blade far more deserving than ourselves, of State honors.

Hon. J. M. Martin and B. B. Lewis of Tuscaloosa have been prominently spoken of as candidates for Congress at Large and also for the 4th congressional district on the Conservative ticket. Maj. J. G. Harris of Livingston has also been mentioned in the same connection. We have also heard H. M. Somerville Esq. of Tuscaloosa, and Robt. Crawford, Esq. of Eutaw spoken of in connection with the candidacy for Congress from the 4th District.

The attention of those organs that advocate an acceptance of the radical race issue, is called to an extract from a letter of Governor Kemper of Virginia that explains the movement by which the Old Dominion won a glorious Conservative victory. Gov. Kemper was the leader of this movement and should understand it if any one does. He is one of the few statesmen that have come to the front in the South since the war, and his course and example might well furnish a study for some of the pigmy politicians of Alabama.

We feel a pride in the manner in which Tuscaloosa, our birth place and former home, acquitted herself in entertaining the Alabama Press and their New York visitors. The Northern editors could not have failed to be deeply impressed with the beauties and advantages of the City of Oaks. The contiguity of mineral lands, the adjacent water powers and the lovely surroundings of the city must have made an indelible impression which will ultimately result in great advantage to Tuscaloosa.

The Alabama Press Association and their guests, the New York editors, had a good time at Birmingham, Tuscaloosa, Selma, and particularly at Montgomery. The visit of the Northern editors was an event of vast importance to our State, and the advantages of the favorable impression made upon them, both as to the immense resources of Alabama, and the character of our people, will be felt for years to come.

We regret exceedingly that we could not attend the meeting of the Press Association.

The convention of patrons of Husbandry held here last Wednesday was attended by about 30 delegates. Matters of great importance and general interest were before it. Although no final decision upon the chief matter of cheap transportation was reached, yet steps were taken, as will be seen by the proceedings elsewhere, that will furnish data upon which the adjourned convention to be held here August 6th, can act decisively. All counties interested should be represented at the next convention. Delegates from only four counties were present last Wednesday.

The Montgomery Advertiser, says that during the stay of the N. Y. editors in Montgomery, several of them were "interviewed" by leading Republican officials and some doleful stories were told them, over which they afterwards enjoyed a hearty laugh. The Editor of the "Mountain Home" sent them marked copies of his paper, containing articles denunciatory of the Southern people. These were handed over to the Southern editors, with the remark that such efforts showed the editor to be a "scurry fellow."

A prominent gentleman of the party ventured the guess that the man who sent that paper had been bought with a postmaster's ship or some such office.

Carpetbagger and Scalawag.

A lifelike picture of the sample carpetbagger is given to day in another column. Most of these plundering birds of passage have taken their flight from Alabama but a few decayed specimens are left, two of whom remain to bless Marengo county. These are harmless fellows despising the negro, using him as their tool and tarowing him away like a sucked orange after his vote has been secured. They try to associate with white men, and avoid blacks as they would a plague. They keep a few negro or mulatto followers to do their dirty work and have even taught these the trick of looking down with contempt upon their brother negroes. Such creatures do little harm and the Democracy regard them as of no consequence.

The scalawag, on the contrary is quite a different animal. Bill Jones, as a sample, is always with the negroes and goes with them in all their undertakings. He is secretly visiting negro churches and organizing the blacks for the campaign. He is untiring in this work and goes any length to accomplish his purposes. We warn our County that Bill Jones is the man we must beat in this canvass and not the carpetbaggers as some seem to think. The evidence of his leadership is plain. He has received two important Federal appointments from Grant, while Dugan and Deven have been passed over and totally ignored. It is true that Frank Threat has a place in the Agricultural Bureau at Washington, but it is nothing more than that of errand boy, and the position was given him by Congressman Hays, a friend of Bill Jones. Another evidence of Jones' power with Grant and his party is that he succeeded by public meetings here and his influence in Washington, in getting ratifications issued when every one else failed. We repeat therefore that the Democracy of this county must make bitter war on Bill Jones and strive among the negroes to destroy his influence. This is our only hope; to undermine his power over the blacks and to draw off as many of his constituents as possible. If this cannot be accomplished otherwise, our county leaders might make use of the carpetbaggers to break down Bill Jones.

The Civil Rights bill which provides for the equal admission of negroes into hotels, railroad cars, steamboats, churches, common schools and other institutions of learning, public cemeteries and all other institutions supported wholly or in part by general taxation, and all places of public amusement, has passed the Senate of the United States and will probably be engineered through the House. The President, of course, will not dare to veto whatever his private sentiments may be. The causes operating to influence the Republican Senate in pressing through this odious measure were two-fold: (1st) either hatred to the Southern people or criminal indifference to their fate; (2nd) the necessity of reorganizing and consolidating the negroes who have become much demoralized in the South. Indeed the dissatisfaction of the blacks in this section, with their condition under Radical rule, is very great, and the disaffection wide-spread. Some ultra and prompt action was imperative with the Radical leaders, and the Civil Rights and Ration bills were the result of this necessity. Our race issue Conservatives in this State are doing what lies in their power to aid Hays and the Radical leaders in marshaling the negroes against the white people.

Not less than two thousand colored men voted the Conservative ticket in the 4th Congressional district at the State election of 1872. As Lindsay won by only 1400 majority, the election of this year may, and probably will, turn upon this same colored vote. Shall the means of redeeming the State be thrown away for the sake of a sentiment?

The Livingston Journal of the 22nd inst. in an able article he denounces "Face your responsibilities" fixes where it properly belongs, the responsibility of attempts to introduce distracting issues into the Democratic canvass. We can bear testimony to the fact that its faithful editor has been striving to prevent discord in the party and to uphold its fundamental principles.

If the Conservatives are beaten in this campaign, the guilt must rest with those who are leaving the faith and usages of the party to introduce strange and foreign questions that represent individual opinions.

Extract from Gov. Kemper's Letter.

[From the Norfolk Landmark.]

It has been falsely supposed by a few that the Conservative party was nothing more than a combination of white people, organized on the idea of "white against black" for the sole purpose of perpetuating the mere supremacy of a race. Everywhere in the late canvass I denounced that fallacy, and my review of it, which met with general acceptance; was in brief, to the following effect: That after the close of the war, and years before the Conservative party was formed, political adventurers had taken the colored people in hand as their pretended friends and deliverers: they had by promises of confiscation of private property and by inflammatory appeals fired them against former masters; had united them in an oath bound political party, solely upon the principle of antagonism to the native white race, and had voted them almost in mass in 1869 in favor of the disfranchisement and test oath iniquities which if adopted, would have shut out the great body of the white people from participation in the government; that such a policy meant the degradation of the white race and the usurpation of all the powers of the government by a party organized and bound by a color line; that the Conservative party had grown out of calamities and necessities of revolution, and was composed of all the old parties, patriotically united together for the purpose of rescuing society, civilization and liberty from the ruins of war; that the Conservative party had by their votes and their oaths in good faith accepted the new constitutional order; that in their four years administration they emphatically recognized the equality of all men before the law; that in creating a generous system of public schools, and in all other legislation, they had provided equally and impartially for both races, and had secured the same rights and benefits to all men, irrespective of color; that their aim was to break down and disperse the adversary color-line party; and their final success would be the signal for the dispersion and extinction of all race-line combinations, would inaugurate a new era when colored men, freed from race enthralment, would come under the same influences and reasons which governed other men in forming party affiliations, when the politics of our whole people would return to healthy and moral conditions, and when men of both races combining for the good of all, would restore peace and a common prosperity.

After a color line party had been formed, Conservatives, arrayed themselves against it to destroy it; and if any man supposed that they imitated the very example against which they waged an exterminating war, he mistakes the shadow for the substance of historical truth. If the Conservative party has effectively resisted any evil it is that of the disastrous disavowal of the community into jarring and hostile classes, inspired by the fatal war cry of "black against white" or "white against black." At the same time and from the same devotion to principle and to peace, it has resisted the tyranny and wickedness of any intermeddling with the social relations of the people, of so legislating as to impair or to touch the social independence of any race or class, under the pretence of conferring civil rights so-called.

The Conservative party has broken down all race combinations in the past, and will assuredly never countenance within its own ranks any efforts for their renewal. No such narrow ideas can ever be its organism. "No pent-up Utes contracts its powers." It not only seeks to promote the peace and welfare of the State by establishing the harmony and co-operation of the races. It is the re-embodiment of those true principles of government which in earlier days gave to the States and the Union their purity and real glory. It would confirm to the States all their original, constitutional rights and powers; it fully concedes to the common government the full measure of its delegated authorities; it steadily resists the tendency of the race towards centralization; it holds out to be governments of and for the people, amenable to the people, with no powers except such as are derived from the consent of the government; it fosters harmonious and cordial relations between all the States as an equal member of the restored Union, and between the States and the common government; in a word, its voice is a clarion blast which summons all men to rally under the standard of constitutional free government.

WASHINGTON, May 27.—The House passed bills as follows: providing that no person shall serve as juror in the United States Courts who cannot read and write the English language; fixing time for holding Circuit Courts in the Fourth Judicial District; making colored persons in the Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations members of those nations, and entitled to all rights and privileges as equal.

A Model Carpet-Bagger.

The principal agent in getting up the Grant parish trouble, and the main witness relied upon by the United States District Attorney in the prosecution now going on in the United States Circuit Court, is one R. C. Register, who claimed to be the legal Judge of that parish, in behalf of whom the conflict between the white and colored people was brought about.

Day before yesterday Register gave his testimony in the case, and on the cross-examination furnished the following autobiographical sketch, which we think gives him a right to stand conspicuously forth as one of the most active and adventurous of the tribe that have produced all the troubles between the white and colored people in the State:

I was Judge of Grant parish; never studied law; used to be a detective, before that a tanner. I went to Colfax from New Orleans, came here from Shreveport. I left Shreveport in a hurry, because I was afraid to stay there; I lived before that in Arkansas. I lived in Philadelphia, Baltimore, Brooklyn, Westchester, Penn., Chili, New Granada, I was in Delaware.

This adventurous and migratory individual has not yet reached middle age, and yet has managed in the course of ten or twelve years, to pursue the several occupations of detective, tanner and tourist, and to reside in no less than five different nationalities in four of the chief cities and in seven of the States of this Union, not including his native State of Delaware, concluding his career at Colfax by inciting the negroes to armed organization as a posse comitatus, and when the fight became a very brisk one, hurried to New Orleans for reinforcements, leaving the poor negroes to be slain in the trenches which he had ordered to be constructed.

O fellow citizens, in other States have only to read the deposition of this man to comprehend the full extent and real cause of the troubles and troubles which have been in this State between the races.

S. Q. Picayune.

A Great Mistake.

A Democratic race issue paper says that the conservative people of Alabama—meaning, we suppose, the Democratic and conservative party—have a majority of twenty-five thousand. A great mistake, and one calculated to lead to defeat, by inspiring too much confidence in the ability of the party to carry the State.

The presumption is that all Conservatives, with possibly a few hundred lukewarm, unreliable men, voted in the contest of 1872, in which the Radicals carried the State by between eight and nine thousands.

If, as the paper referred to, says, the Conservatives have a majority in the State of twenty-five thousand, how does it happen that we were beaten eight to nine thousand in the last election? The answer would probably be, that some thirty-odd thousand Conservatives failed to vote that election.

To which we reply, first, that that estimate is too high by probably thirty thousand; and second, that it will not be safe, in any future contest, to rely on those thirty thousand who failed to vote in the last election.

It reports the feelings of the ladies and the markets for the men, especially the cattle markets, to which it pays particular attention.

Finally it is the cheapest paper published. One dollar a year secures it to any subscriber. It is not necessary to get up a club in order to have THE WEEKLY SUN at this rate. Any one who sends a single dollar will get the paper for a year. We have no traveling agents.

The Right Spirit.

Judging from the spirit that pervades the editorials of nearly all of our State exchanges, we draw the gratifying inference that they will heartily and earnestly unite upon the ticket that may be put in nomination at Montgomery on the 29th of July, by the Democratic and Conservative convention. It is hardly possible the convention will not exercise the greatest prudence and wisdom in its deliberations, and put forth a ticket that every true and honest Alabamian can support cordially, whatever individual preference he may have in the convention. The price of the State, almost as a unit, is pledged to support the nominees of the convention, and believe the people will also do it with an old time enthusiasm, if the convention shall do its work quickly and prudently, and permit no needless wranglings, fruitless discussions of irrelevant issues to disturb its deliberations. The convention's only duty is to pick out a ticket that will command the respect and support of true Alabamians, and it will be a "winning ticket." That is what is now wanted above everything else. It is what the press and the people of the State demand of the convention, and if it is granted we doubt not that a most glorious victory awaits us in November next. The right spirit now prevails among the masses of the people, not only in this State but all over the country to submit no longer to the rule of robbers and public plunderers, and if that spirit can be guided and encouraged by proper leaders, until the day of election, it will sweep down and away all opposition.

The platform of the Democratic party of 1870, in which the policy of the party was defined on national questions, is now made the basis of a national organization which is sweeping the country from end to end to the other, and will continue in its grand march to triumph unless impeded by the agitation of a mere cracked-headed, discredited and sectional policy, designed as a strike out from the past faith and usages of the Democracy. What occasion is there for such innovation? Has any one man or set of men the right to determine in advance of the convention what the policy of the party shall be? And is the harmony of the party to be disturbed by the mere ambitious design or aim of any one to stamp his particular views or impressions upon the Democratic mind? Such pretensions are preposterous. And the responsibility incident to such conduct is fearful. The people of Alabama have too much at stake to attach a feather's weight of importance to the views of any one man, as compared with the great necessity of success in the approaching election; and this sentiment is being rapidly developed over the entire State. The tone of the Alabama press is eminently conservative. Nine tenths of our State exchanges (and we have nearly all in the State) are favorable to harmony on this basis of premitting any extension of policy relating to the bond and negro questions, upon which the party would be seriously divided, if there was an emphatic declaration one way or another [Montgomery Ledger.]

With regard to the much talked of "Race Issue," we are constrained to express our disapproval of it as an article of Democratic doctrine. We are neither satisfied of the purpose which it announces, nor are we convinced of the expediency of its adoption as a test of party alignment in the ensuing campaign. There are colored men in the Democratic as there are white men in the Radical Party. This issue could not consequently be considered a correct exposition of the antagonisms of the two parties, nor would its enunciation as an article of democratic faith be either just or generous to our colored adherents, but would inevitably result in forcing them into the ranks of the Radical Party. On the other hand it would be the extreme of fatuity to suppose that persuasive or compulsory force, or any test of party fealty we might seek to enforce, could detach the white members of the Radical Party therefrom, and bring them to coalesce with us in the coming contest.

A "SUGGESTION."—We notice that the State Executive Committee of the Democratic and Conservative party of Alabama suggests to the people of the State, that when delegates are appointed to represent the counties, in the Montgomery Convention, those delegates be also authorized to make nominations for judicial and congressional candidates. We see no possible objection to this course, and it will save a vast amount of inconvenience that would result from holding so many conventions. The delegates who may represent the counties of our district can meet together when at Montgomery, and make a nomination for congress for this district. Each county in the State should send their delegates to Montgomery, with full authority to make the judicial and congressional nominations, and we hope that the suggestion from the Executive Committee will be adopted by the people. [West Alabamian.]

The Newspaper and the Advertiser.

[From Croft's Western World.]
Say what you will it's human nature to favor those that favor you, and do it honestly. A liberal advertiser, in a reputable business, is always a good fellow, as men never advertise. When you hear a man express contempt for newspapers set him down as a fool. If you want to test him, and prove that he lies, puff him, and see how pleased he will be, and how he will pat you on the back. There is nothing that one could do but what would be forgiven and forgotten, sooner than a little uncomplimentary squib in a newspaper. You may go on all your life saying good things every day about some person without one word of credit; but the first item of reprimand, and all you have done is forgotten at once, and you have a bitter and relentless enemy from that time. Every person who wants to purchase any kind of merchandise will read an advertisement of that merchandise whenever appears before him. While we believe that every person engaged in a respectable business should advertise, we also believe it to be the duty of the publisher, everything else being equal to do what he can, whenever the opportunity offers, to favor those who favor him. For ourselves, we always stay by our friends' and never yet, heathenish as it may seem, forgot an enemy.

The strangest description of hell is that of Heinrich Heine. "Hell," he says, appeared to me like a great town kitchen with an endlessly long stove on which were placed three rows of iron pots, and in these sat the damned and were cooked. In the third row sat the heathen, who, like the Jews, could take no part in salvation, and must burn forever. I heard one of the latter, as a square-built, burly devil put fresh coals under his kettle, cry out from his pot: Spare me! I was once Socrates; the wisest of mortals. I taught truth and justice, and sacrificed my life for virtue. But the clumsy, stupid devil went on with his work and grumbled, 'Oh, shut up there! All heathen must burn, and we can't make an exception for a single man.'

THE SUN.

WEEKLY, SEMI-WEEKLY, AND DAILY.

THE WEEKLY SUN is too widely known to require any extended recommendation; but the reasons which have already given it seventy thousand subscribers, and which will we hope give it many thousands more, are briefly as follows: It is a first-rate newspaper. All the news of the day will be found in it condensed when important, at full length when of moment, and always presented in a clear, intelligible and interesting manner. It is a first-rate family paper, full of entertaining and instructive reading of every kind, but containing nothing that can offend the most delicate and scrupulous tastes. It is a first-rate story paper. The best tales and romances of current literature are carefully selected and legibly printed in its pages.

It is a first-rate agricultural paper. The most fresh and instructive articles on agricultural topics regularly appear in this department.

It is an independent political paper, belonging to no party and wearing no collar. It fights for principle, and for the election of the best man to office. It especially devotes its energies to the exposure of the great corruptions that now weaken and disgrace our country, and threaten to undermine republican institutions altogether. It has no fear of knives, and asks no favors from their supporters.

A report the feelings of the ladies and the markets for the men, especially the cattle markets, to which it pays particular attention.

Finally it is the cheapest paper published. One dollar a year secures it to any subscriber. It is not necessary to get up a club in order to have THE WEEKLY SUN at this rate. Any one who sends a single dollar will get the paper for a year. We have no traveling agents.

THE WEEKLY SUN.—Eight pages; six-tenth columns. Only \$1.00 a year. No discounts from this rate.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY SUN.—Same size \$2.00 a year. A discount of 20 per cent. to clubs of 10 or over.

THE DAILY SUN.—A large four-page newspaper of twenty-eight columns. Daily circulation over 120,000. All the news for 2 cents. Subscription price \$5.00 a month, or \$50.00 a year. To clubs of 10 or over 20 per cent. discount.

Address, "THE SUN" New York City

NOTICE!

AT A MEETING OF THE UNDER-SIGNED The Board of Health for this City it was resolved to call upon the citizens to police their premises in the most careful and thorough manner. All back yards of stores as well as of private dwellings must be cleared, accumulations of decaying wood vegetable matter removed, and nuisances of every description destroyed or carried off. The free use of disinfectants is urged in connection with the removal of garbage. The inspection will be made within one week from the date hereof and any failure to comply with this order will be promptly reported in all cases and the ordinance for such made, be enforced.

E. H. G. Bailey,
W. E. Michael,
W. E. Clarke,
J. R. Robertson,
J. T. Jones.

LEGAL.

NOTICE.

Estate of Henry A. Enners, Deceased.

PROBATE COURT.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION on the estate of said deceased having been granted to the undersigned on the 2d day of April A. D. 1874, by the Hon. R. L. Maupin, Judge of the Probate Court of Marengo county, notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against said estate are hereby required to present the same within the time allowed by law, or that the same will be barred.

H. F. ENNERS, Adm'r
ap18 6w

STOCK FOR SALE!

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFER FOR sale, at public auction, for cash, at a plantation known as the "Ferry place" near Lewis's ferry in Sumter county, Alabama, on

Wednesday the 17th, day of June 1874,

about one hundred and fifty head of valuable cattle.

YOLDY ALSTON, Adm'r
estate of A. M. LEWIS, Dec'd
may 23

COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

STATE OF ALABAMA,
Marengo County,

Court of County Commissioners.

Regular Term, April 6, A. D. 1874.

IT APPEARING TO THE SATISFACTION of the Court, that the times for the meeting of said Court as prescribed in section 829 of the Revised Code of Alabama, do not suit the public conveniences on account of coming in conflict with the Regular Terms of other Courts, and it further appearing that the 1st Mondays in February, April, August and November would suit the public convenience. It is therefore considered and ordered by the Court, that hereafter the Regular Terms of this Court shall be held on the 1st Mondays of February, April, August and November. And it is further ordered that this order be spread upon the minutes of this Court, and that a copy hereof be published for three successive weeks in the Marengo News-Journal, a newspaper published in this county.

R. L. MAUPIN, Judge.
april 3w

Administrator's SALE.

WILL BE SOLD IN THE TOWN OF

Nannalia, on the

20th day of April, 1874,

the following real estate, belonging to the estate of J. E. Law, deceased, to-wit:

East half of northeast quarter, east half of southeast quarter, southeast quarter of northeast quarter, northwest quarter of southeast quarter, southwest quarter of northeast quarter, east half of northwest quarter of northeast quarter, east half of southwest quarter of southeast quarter, north half of northeast quarter of southwest quarter of section four teen, township twelve, range one east, three hundred and twenty acres more or less.

TERMS.

One-half Cash, balance in twelve months with interest from date of sale.

W. H. COMPTON, Adm'r.
mar 28

The above sale has been postponed until 25th day of May 1874.

STEAMBOATS.

TUSCALOOSA PACKET,

EMMA NO. 2.

V. R. GUNNISON, Capt., A. P. DORAN, Clerk.

WILL leave Mobile regularly every Wednesday evening, arriving at Tuscaloosa Saturday 5 a. m. Returning will leave Tuscaloosa at 10 o'clock Saturday night. For information apply to MICHAEL & KITCHELL, Agents.

INDEPENDENT PACKETS.

REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET.

Str. VICTORIA.

FRANK STONE, Master; J. W. STONE, Clerk.

LEAVES MOBILE EVERY SATURDAY evening, arriving at Demopolis Monday. Returns at Demopolis Tuesday at 10 A. M. For freight or passage, apply on board or to MICHAEL & KITCHELL, Agents.

INDEPENDENT PACKETS.

LULU D.

J. M. STONE, Master, F. L. GLOVER, Clerk.

Will leave Mobile every Tuesday evening.

LOTUS NO. 2.

A. J. STONE, Master.

Will leave Mobile every Saturday.

MICHAEL & KITCHELL, Agents.

These boats will run as above during the coming season and solicit a part of the public patronage, guaranteeing to do as well as any boats on the river and doing all in their power to give satisfaction to their customers.

HENRY HAMERSEN'S RESTAURANT

and

Oyster Saloon.

No. 22 South Royal Street, Opposite Old Fellows Hall.

MOBILE, : : : ALA.

Meals and Lodgings at all hours.

Meals supplied at residences, &c. in the Saloon, to Families and private Parties.

Ladies Saloon up Stairs.

feb21 1a.

A. TANNENBAUM,

Baker and Confectioner.

ANNOUNCES TO THE CITIZENS OF

Demopolis and vicinity that he will

open his Store on the first day of May

next. He will keep everything good in

his line as heretofore.

mar 28 2m.

Subscription, \$2.00 in Advance
DEMOPOLIS, MAY 30, 1874.

COURTS IN MARENGO

The time for holding different Courts in this county is as follows:
CIRCUIT COURT—Seventh Monday after fourth Monday in March and eighth Monday after fourth Monday in September.
CHANCERY COURT—First Monday after fourth Monday in May.
COUNTY COURT—Fourth Monday in each month.
PROBATE COURT—Second Monday in each month.
COMMISSIONERS COURT—First Monday in February, April, August, and November.
BOARD OF EQUALIZATION—Second Monday in July.
OFFICIAL DIRECTORY MARENGO CO.
R. L. MAUPIN, JUNIOR of Probate
JAMES HARRISON, Sheriff
JAMES W. TAYLOR, Circuit Clerk
R. H. CLARKE, Solicitor
THOS. J. WOOD, Tax Assessor
M. H. McNEILL, Tax Collector
A. J. WYNN, Tax Assessor
GEO. E. ELLIS, Tax Assessor
D. M. PROWELL, Tax Assessor
D. M. PROWELL, Tax Assessor
G. W. WHITEFIELD, Tax Assessor

DEMOPOLIS LODGE No. 49, F. & A. M. meets every first and third Saturday in each month at 8 o'clock, over Corish & Sharp's new building.
DEMOPOLIS LODGE No. 44, I. O. O. F. meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, over Corish & Sharp's new building.
DEMOPOLIS DIVISION SONS OF TEMPERANCE meets regularly every Wednesday night at Masonic Hall.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CIRCUIT JUDGE.
We are authorized to announce W. E. CLARKE of Demopolis as a candidate for the office of Judge of the 7th Judicial Circuit.
We are authorized to announce the name of JAMES COBB as a candidate for Judge of the 7th Judicial District, subject to the will of the Convention.
PROBATE JUDGE.
We are authorized to announce J. W. TAYLOR as a candidate for the office of Judge of Probate for Marengo county at the next regular election.
SHERIFF.
We are authorized to announce E. T. WALTON as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Marengo county at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce JAMES A. CUMBY as a candidate for the office of Sheriff for Marengo county at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce WILLIAM GLASS as a candidate for Sheriff of Marengo County, at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce JOHN W. DIAL as a candidate for Sheriff of Marengo County at the next regular election.
TREASURER.
We are authorized to announce E. D. CONNELLY as a candidate for the office of Treasurer of Marengo county at the next regular election.

At the request of many friends, I hereby announce myself a candidate for Treasurer of Marengo county, at the election to be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November 1874.
JNO. G. KELLER.
We are authorized to announce JAMES HARRISON as a candidate for the office of Treasurer for Marengo County at the next regular election.
CIRCUIT CLERK.
We are authorized to announce R. A. WATKINS as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk of Marengo county at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce C. B. CLEVELAND as a candidate for the office of Circuit Clerk, Marengo county, at the next regular election.
TAX ASSESSOR.
We are authorized to announce James W. Ford as a candidate for the office of Tax Assessor at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce A. J. WYNN as a candidate for re-election for Tax Assessor of Marengo County at the next regular election.
TAX COLLECTOR.
We are authorized to announce E. D. CONNELLY as a candidate for the office of Tax Collector for Marengo county at the next regular election.
We are authorized to announce M. H. McNEILL as a candidate for Tax Collector of Marengo County at the next regular election.

A newspaper is not responsible for opinions expressed by its correspondents. Communications are inserted, if deemed of sufficient interest, whether they accord with the sentiments of the editor or not.
MR. C. B. CLEVELAND is our authorized agent at Shiloh.
Mr. W. R. Farness is our authorized agent in the county.
Mr. James W. Ford is our authorized agent in the county.
LOCAL ITEMS.
Local or editorial notices are inserted at twenty cents per line but a liberal discount is always made in favor of our regular patrons.
Attn. Jon Work must be paid for before it leaves the office.
For Sale. The Cheapest Printing Office in the State. A good press, type, material &c. will be sold for less than one half cost on easy terms.
Address M. C. BUCK, Demopolis, Alabama.

Eagle Hook & Laddie Co., No. 1
THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETING of this company will be held on Friday June 1st, at 8 o'clock. By order of the Foreman
GEO. E. PROGRAM, Secretary.

We are indebted to Mrs. G. W. Bolton, for some very fine Irish potatoes.

Somebody fixes the standard of newspaper value at ten times the amount of its average net earnings for ten years.

The Rev. Mr. Clements of Selma will hold divine service in the Episcopal Church on Sunday morning at 1 o'clock, and at eight o'clock at night.

The Alabama Central Railroad will sell return tickets to Selma June 1st, for one fare to parties visiting the "Selma, Schuylers, Verdin" held in Selma June 2nd, & 3rd. The tickets will be good to return until June 4th.

The editor of the American Sportsman, published at Meriden, Conn., has bought a five-hundred-dollar dog and meets his neighbor visitors with a happy smile of calm content. But Randolph of the "Tuscaloosa Blade" set that fashion down South more than a year ago.

We regret to learn that our old army friend Maj. Bolton, planting near the Demopolis Ferry, was seriously damaged by the overflow. A large part of his loss resulted from his personal efforts to save the property of others—not his own.

The employees of the News-Journal office request their friends to take notice that they are not at home during the day. Visitors will please leave their cards at the door and meet the printers after business hours.

A literal-minded youngster was picked up by a visitor of the family, who, dandling him on his knee, said: "I wish I had this little boy; I think there's money in him." To which promptly responded the child: "I know there is, for I swallowed a cent when I was at grandma's the other day."

NOTICE.

All communications mentioning or recommending candidates for office, or for nomination by conventions, must be paid for in advance at our advertised rates per line. This rule will be adhered to and it will be well for parties interested to bear it in mind.

The Board of Health of Demopolis has published a notice to the citizens in reference to the poisoning of their premises. Citizens are notified to have their lots and yards cleaned up and to use disinfectants in the process. The Board will enforce the health ordinances very stringently this summer and the community will do well to regard their notification.

The Steamer Clara, we regret to learn, sunk last Friday in the Little Bigbee about four miles above Jones Bluff. We have not learned the particulars of the disaster but report says that the boat is broken up and of course, a total wreck. The cargo is also said to be considerably damaged. Capt. Grey has the sympathy of his numerous friends in this section. We trust to see him again on the river at an early day.

"Aunt Dinah" called on us at our office last Tuesday to explain that she had had an army canteen in her hand "sence de-render." We infer therefore that she is the fortunate owner of the two gallon jug before mentioned which is soon to be filled with good old Rye from Grant's private cellar. Every colored man woman or child that voted for Grant must have his jug or several quart bottles ready for the President in going to divide all his best liquors with them.

The "Local" of the Mobile Register, has the following description of a pup presented to a gentleman connected with that office: "It is a pleasing coincidence that a setter of type should be blessed with such a beautiful type of a setter."
The cur—It is a setter pup, so-called—had a Cassin's look—"lean and hungry"—he had evidently been thinking too much—how to keep soul and body together—how to be as cadaverous as a confirmed dyspeptic, as a Mississippi River planter, and without a hope for the future or pleasant recollection of the past; in fact, he was the "most ugliest, dearest" pup we have ever seen. As a setter, however, he is a success; he can "set" longer and enjoy it more than any dog we have ever known. We hope he will soon be able to "set" up to what he has not seen in a long time, a good, square meal.

A correspondent of the Kentucky Yearner recommends that Congress appropriate an amount of money sufficient to turn the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers with, of course, all their tributary streams, into the Alabama river, thus making Mobile Bay the finest harbor on the Gulf coast and the Red river with all its tributaries, into the Mississippi river, thus relieving the Mississippi river of its superabundance of water.

The turning of the Tennessee into the Bigbee through Big Bear creek is much more feasible, would not cost half as much and would have the same effect on Mobile Bay. If Congressmen Hayes would turn his attention to this grand enterprise instead of devoting himself to the raising of idle negroes, he would be of some permanent service to his section and himself.

GRANGE CONVENTION.

Proceedings of Convention of Patrons of Husbandry held at Demopolis on Wednesday, 27th of May 1874.
Counties represented:
Marengo, 10 Granges.
Sumter, 7
Greene, 7
Hale, 6
The Convention was organized by the election of R. L. Maupin, of Marengo as President and R. W. Withers of Hale as Secretary.
Upon motion the following resolution was adopted:
Sec. 1. Be it resolved by this Convention, That the County Councils of the order of Patrons of Husbandry in the several counties of Tuscaloosa, Pickens, Greene, Hale, Sumter, Marengo, Clarke, Choctaw and Washington be requested to call upon the subordinate Granges within their respective jurisdictions for answers to the following questions, viz:
1st, How much money and what number of bales of cotton will the members of each subordinate Grange subscribe towards the building or buying of a boat or boats to furnish transportation on the Warrior and Tombigbee rivers sufficient for the wants of the order in such counties;

such boats to be owned by the parties subscribing the amounts necessary to buy them, and to be managed by officers selected by such parties; the members of the order in such counties to give their patronage to such boats, exclusive of all other boats, at the rates of freight and passage specified in the forms to be furnished said county councils by the secretary of this convention?

2d, How much money and how many bales of cotton will the members of each said subordinate Grange subscribe as a loan to any party or parties who will contract to run upon said rivers a boat of boats sufficient for the wants of the order, the members of the order in such counties to give their patronage to such boats, for the term of two years from 1st October 1874, to the exclusion of all other boats, at the rates of freight and passage specified in the forms to be furnished by the secretary of this convention; the parties making such loans to receive repayment thereof in freight and passage at said rates?

3d, How many members of each said subordinate Grange will contract in writing to give all their patronage, upon said rivers to such boat or boats as a general convention of the order in said counties may contract with, at the rates of freight and passage set forth in the forms to be furnished said county councils by the secretary of this convention; such contract to be in force for two years from the 1st day of October 1874, and the parties signing the same to bind themselves not to ship freight either by rail road or any other boat during said period, even though offered more advantageous terms to do so? How many persons in the vicinity of each such Grange, now patrons, will sign such contract?

How many bales of cotton upon a moderate estimate will each of such patrons and persons have for shipment during the season of 1874-75?

Section 2. Be it further resolved; that while considering it best to submit the matters involved in the foregoing questions to the subordinate Granges, this convention deems it inexpedient for Patrons of Husbandry generally and simply with the view of procuring cheaper transportation, to take stock in boats or to make loans to other parties, as set out in the 1st & 2d of the foregoing questions, and that in its opinion it is to the interest of the order to make a contract upon the basis embodied in the 3d of said questions.

Section 3d. Be it further resolved; that said county councils be requested to report the answers of their subordinate Granges to the foregoing questions to an adjourned meeting of this convention to be held at Demopolis on Thursday, the 6th day of August 1874.

Section 4th. Be it further resolved; that said county councils are invited to send delegates to such adjourned convention upon the basis of one for each of their subordinate granges.

Section 5. Be it further resolved; that said county councils are respectfully requested to give prompt and energetic attention to each of the foregoing matters, and that their attention is respectfully called to the importance of having a full attendance of delegates at the adjourned meeting of this convention on the 6th of August next.

The following resolution was then offered and adopted:
Be it resolved by this convention: 1st, That the county councils of Patrons of Husbandry in the several counties of Sumter, Marengo, Hale, Perry, and Dallas be requested to ascertain of their respective subordinate Granges how many members of each Grange and how many persons not members of the order in the vicinity of each Grange, will contract in writing to ship their cotton and other freight exclusively by the Alabama Central Railroad for the term of one year from the first day of September 1874, provided a fair tariff of freight can be arranged between such railroad company and a general convention of the order of said counties.

2d. Be it further resolved; That the county councils of the several counties of Tuscaloosa, Hale, Greene and Sumter be requested to ascertain how many members of each of the subordinate Granges in their respective jurisdictions and how many persons not members of the order in the vicinity of each Grange, will contract in writing to ship their freight exclusively by the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad upon the conditions embodied in the first section of this resolution.

3d. Be it further resolved; That the said county councils are requested to obtain from subordinate Granges an estimate of the number of bales of cotton which each person signing such contract will probably have for shipment during the year 1874.

4th. Be it further resolved; That the county councils of Patrons of Husbandry of Perry and Dallas counties are respectfully invited to send delegates to the adjourned meeting of this convention to be held in Demopolis on the 6th day of August 1874.

Upon invitation Major John B. Grayson, President of the Board of Trade of Demopolis, appeared before the Convention and delivered an interesting address upon matters of interest to the order.

Upon motion, the thanks of the Convention were returned to Major Grayson and he was invited to address the Convention at the adjourned meeting to be held in Demopolis on Thursday the 6th of August 1874.

Upon motion, the following resolution was then adopted:
Be it resolved; That the thanks of this Convention are hereby tendered to Mr. P. E. McMillen for his kindness in furnishing a room and otherwise providing for the comfort of the convention.

A resolution was then adopted that the Marengo News-Journal be requested to publish the proceedings of this convention; and that the Southern Argus and the papers of Tuscaloosa, Pickens, Sumter, Greene, Hale, Perry, Choctaw, Washington and Clarke counties be requested to copy so much thereof as may be of interest to the order of Patrons of Husbandry in their respective counties. Upon motion the convention then adjourned to meet again in Demopolis on Thursday the 6th of August 1874.
R. W. Withers, R. L. Maupin, Secretary, President.

MISCELLANEOUS.
BELTS PATENT SHEET-IRON ROOFING!

THIS ROOFING, FOR CHEAPNESS and durability, ease and rapidity of application by any carpenter, perfection of finish, combined with its fire, wind and water proof qualities, has no equal in the market. Its application on roofs without sheeting makes it especially desirable for many classes of buildings, saving not only from expense of sheeting lumber, but rendering inside of roof very fire proof. It is extensively used in nearly every State and Territory in the Union, giving the most entire satisfaction wherever adopted. For circulars, orders and other information, address: W. S. BOLT, Nos. 55 and 58, East Third Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

TO THE LADIES OF DEMOPOLIS, MRS. MATTIE MOORE RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Demopolis that she is prepared to do first class work as a dress-maker and will be glad of their patronage. She can be found at her home on Washington Street nearly opposite the Livery Stable. Demopolis Patterns always on hand and for sale. apr 18 5m.

JAMES DIXON, House and Sign Painter, is prepared to do all work in his line such as Gilding, Marbling, Kalsomining, Paper Hanging and Glazing, with neatness and dispatch, at moderate prices. With an experience of twenty-five years, I think I can give satisfaction to those who patronize me. JAMES DIXON

GEO. G. LYON, Attorney and Counselor at-Law, DEMOPOLIS, ALABAMA. WILL PRACTICE IN THE COURTS of Marengo, Sumter, Greene and Hale Counties; Federal Courts at Mobile and the Supreme Court of Alabama. Will give special attention to Cotton Claims. Office at corner of Walnut and Washington Street, up stairs in new brick building.

THE BRICK WAREHOUSE, G. W. Bolton, RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

I HAVE TAKEN CHARGE OF THE above Warehouse, am prepared to receive and forward all merchandise promptly, and hope by a strict attention to business to merit a liberal portion of the public patronage. The Warehouse is a good and substantial brick building, and is one of the best on the river. The risks of fire are much less than in frame warehouses. I am also prepared to receive and store cotton, drays and wagons to haul both in the city and country. Will keep constantly on hand a superior lot of SINGLES. Demopolis Ala., March 8.—6m.

SCHEDULE OF THE A. C. R. R. CHANGE OF SCHEDULE. On and after Wednesday, April 23d, trains on this road will run as follows:

MAIL TRAIN GOING WEST.	
Leave Selma.....	4:44 a.m.
" Junction.....	5:24 "
" Birmingham.....	6:04 "
" Huntsville.....	6:58 "
" Paducah.....	7:10 "
" Louisville.....	7:20 "
Arrive at Demopolis.....	8:00 "
Leave Demopolis.....	10:25 "
Arrive at Tuscaloosa.....	11:00 "
ALABAMA & CHATTANOOGA RAILROAD.	
Leave York.....	1:30 p.m.
" Tuscaloosa.....	1:57 "
" Demopolis.....	2:10 "
" Russell.....	2:51 a.m.
Arrive at Selma.....	3:20 "
Leave Selma.....	5:15 a.m.
" Junction.....	5:55 "
" Birmingham.....	6:35 "
" Huntsville.....	7:29 "
" Paducah.....	8:43 "
" Louisville.....	9:57 "
Arrive at Demopolis.....	10:25 "
Leave Demopolis.....	11:20 "
Arrive at Selma.....	11:20 "

GO TO TEXAS

LONG STAR ROUTE!

(INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN R. R.) Passengers going to Texas via Memphis and Little Rock, strike this line at Longview, the Best Route to Palestine, Hearne, Waco, Austin, Huntsville, Houston, Galveston and all points in Western Central, Eastern, Southern Texas. Passengers via New Orleans will find it the Best Route to Tyler, Mineola, Dallas, Overton, Crockett, Longview, and all points in Texas and Northwestern Texas. This line is well run, thoroughly equipped with every modern improvement including New Elegant Day Coaches, Pullman Palace Sleeping Cars, Westinghouse Air Brake, and the latest and best of the Long Star Patent Safety Platforms and Couplers; and wherever else the passengers so completely depend on a speedy safe and comfortable journey. The LONG STAR ROUTE has admirably answered the long-ago-to-Texas cry by the publication of an interesting and truthful document, containing a valuable and correct map, which can be obtained free of charge by sending for the GENERAL TICKET AGENT, International and Great Northern Railroad, Houston, Texas.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY! THE PLANTERS' COTTON TIE ASSOCIATION. Home Office, No. 31 Canal Street, NEW ORLEANS.

THIS ASSOCIATION IS NOW FULLY organized, and will open to the public (as provided in the Charter) upon the basis of furnishing Iron Bands and Ties to planters and the trade, at the lowest prices consistent with the safe conduct of its business. The prices of its bands and ties for the season of 1874 is now fixed at seven cents (7c) per lb.—being a reduction of two cents (2c) per lb. from the price charged by the foreign company heretofore monopolizing the trade previous to the organization of this Association. The Lightning, Victor, Planter and Butler Ties, All simple, strong and practical, and far superior to any others, will be furnished at the above reduced price. At the same time, with cuts and descriptions of the ties, and will be promptly furnished by mail upon application to Planters Cotton Tie Association.

81 Canal Street, New Orleans, April 24
The American Sardinia Co.'s Homestead Sardinias, are much better and less than half the cost of imported Sardines.

MOBILE CARDS.
JOB MAYER'S TIVOLI RESTAURANT, 16 S. Royal Street, Mobile, Game, Wines, Excellent Cooking. Prices to suit the times. Near the Theatre. [dec 27]
GEO. A. ARNOLD, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Hats and Caps, No. 13 St. Francis Street, Mobile, Ala. Dec 27/3.

M. FORCHHEIMER, Wholesale Dealer in Western Produce LIQUORS AND TOBACCO, 21 and 23 North Commerce St., MOBILE, ALA. Liberal advances made on consignments. dec 27.

W. A. SMITH, J. F. LYON, Smith & Lyon, CROCKERS, NORTHEAST CORNER Commerce, Front and St. Michael's Street (old) MOBILE (ALABAMA) 1y. Wm. H. Ross, CHAS. A. Holt, Mobile, Mobile.

Wm. H. ROSS & Co, COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants MOBILE, ALABAMA. ALL COTTON consigned to us or red by insurance soon as on board the steamers unless otherwise instructed. (mch 30; y

D. T. WEBSTER & CO., COTTON FACTORS AND Commission Merchants No. 49, N. Commerce St., MOBILE, ALABAMA. ALL COTTON consigned to us on covered steamboats or by railroad is covered by insurance unless otherwise ordered. mch 11

LEON BREWER, L. HOPPER, TOS. DEGAN, G. A. HARRIS, L. BREWER & CO. Wholesale Grocers, dealers in Northern and Western Goods. Rectifiers and Dealers in Domestic and Imported Wines & Liquors. ALSO COTTON FACTORS AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Cor. Commerce and St. Louis Sts. MOBILE, ALABAMA. AGENTS of the Orange Powder Works, Home Bitters, French Cognac Brandy, Gold Seal Champagne. (Dec 11y.)

Cribbs & Vidmer, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN GROCERIES Western Produce and Liquors, Rectifiers of and agents for several Celebrated Brands OF WHISKIES, NOS. 37 AND 39, North Commerce Streets MOBILE, ALA.

HOTELS. The Gulf City Hotel. THE above house is furnished with all the modern improvements and in strict class in every respect. Transient board, \$3 per day. G. W. YOUNG, Proprietor.

Campbell House, J. W. CAMPBELL, Proprietor On the South Side of Canal Street (Between Royal and Water) MOBILE, ALA. Its location is very convenient near all places of business or amusements, as well as the Mobile, New Orleans and Texas Railroad Depots and all the Steamboat Landings. dec 27/3.

St. James Hotel, SELMA, ALA. JNO. M. KEITH, Superintendent. It is again open for the accommodation of guests.

CENTRAL CITY HOTEL! Water Street, Selma, Ala. TOM COWAN, PROPRIETOR. RATES per Day, \$3.00

THE above House is conveniently located to all Railroad Depots and Steamboat Landings.

LISTER HOUSE, DEMOPOLIS, ALA. J. N. LISTER, Prop'r. THE house on the Ala. Central Railroad going and coming stop at this house for meals, and all passengers from Demopolis embark at this point. The Ticket, Express and Telegraph offices are at this house. It is near the principal steamer landing so that travellers by rail or water are always ready and in time. Every comfort and convenience of a No. 1 hotel can be found at the Lister House. Dec 11

J. B. GRAYSON, COTTON BUYER, DEMOPOLIS, ALA. HAVING located permanently at this place, is prepared to purchase cotton for C. S. at the highest market prices. Office—next door to the office of Drs. Bailey & Ruffin. feb. 7 6m.

DEMOPOLIS CARDS. J. L. DYKES & ESPEY, Carriage & Wagon Factors. Corner Cedar & Franklin Streets, DO ALL WORK IN OUR LINE AT MOST REASONABLE PRICES. HORSESHOEING, BLACKSMITHING and FARM WORK done with neatness and dispatch. HARNESS WORK, TRIMMING, &c., done to order promptly and in the very best style. [feb 7 4f]

FALL AND WINTER GOODS. WE are now opening a Handsome Stock of FALL and WINTER GOODS, which we will be pleased to show to our friends and customers. The Stock is of the Best Quality that could be bought Sutable to this Market. Call and see us. ap 19. CORNISH & S. H. ARPH.

W. J. BRASWELL, DEMOPOLIS, ALABAMA DEALER IN COOKING AND HEATING STOVES, GRATES, IRON MANTLE HOLLOW WARE, &c. Also Manufacturer of TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE. of all kinds LAMPS AND FIXTURES. LANTERNS FRUIT JARS, and CANS of the best kinds. CONTRACTS TAKEN FOR ALL KINDS OF OUT-DOOR WORK. Roofing, Guttering, Spouting, etc. A large Stock of Tin, Japaned, and other Ware on hand at WHOLESALE & RETAIL. Merchants are Requested to Call and Examine Stock before Purchasing Elsewhere. Demopolis, Ala., Sept. 6, 1873. TERMS CASH.

The Lyon Warehouse! MICHAEL & KITCHELL, Proprietors. RECEIVING, FORWARDING & GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. GENERAL STEAMBOAT AGENCY. Agents for the Eclipse Cotton Press and Craig's Horse Power. Dealers in PLOWS, SHINGLES, SALT and COAL. We are located on the River and immediately at the Railroad Depot. We have an OPEN POLICY and our rates of insurance are as low as any other House. Cotton stored and shipped either by River or Rail at 25 cents per bale. an 16-6m MICHAEL & KITCHELL

MISCELLANEOUS. NEW STORE JUST OPENED BY WEISS & BRO. An Elegant and Fashionable Stock of Dry Goods of every variety, both FANCY & STAPLE Also Choice and Heavy Groceries. We have now and shall keep constantly a full assortment of the Best Quality and Style, such as are rarely found in interior towns. All we ask is an inspection of our goods oct 25-1y. WEISS BROS.

MISCELLANEOUS. Prout & Robertson, DEMOPOLIS, ALA. Exchange, Real Estate & Insurance BROKERS. BUY and sell EXCHANGE on important points. Purchase and sell REAL ESTATE on commission. NEGOTIATE LOANS for a Moderate. MAKE COLLECTIONS and RETURN Agents for First Class Fire and Life Insurance Companies. Refer to Banks and Prominent Firms in Mobile and Selma. Jan 18-6

THE CHEAPEST PAPER IN THE SOUTH. I am offering the SELMA DOLLAR TIMES Large Twenty-four Column Political, Agricultural and Miscellaneous NEWSPAPER, Full of live and interesting reading matter, for the small sum of ONE DOLLAR PER ANNUM. To those who only wish a weekly political and agricultural newspaper, I offer the Selma Dollar Times. To Single Subscribers.....\$1 00 To Clubs of Ten at.....75 cts. To Fifty, one address.....50 " Address: SEABORN J. SAFFOLD, Proprietor of Selma Times, Selma, Ala.

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