


Vols. IV. 23: VIII. 47.

AWAKE AND ASLEEP.
These Oil Chromos will be sent mounted complete for framing on request at fifty cents. Two new Chromos, SMILES and TEARS, same price. A Beautiful Bouquet of Flowers for Six cents, or two different subjects for 60 cents. For those who need of business, we have the brightest and best selling Chromos in the market. If you would secure an independence send \$5.00 for a portfolio and a stock of Chromos, and we will send you, at once, a Particulars free, or illustrated circular on receipt of three-cent stamp.

ADAM, BOSTON FRAME AND CHROMO CO.,
100, 120, 202 Washington Street, Boston, Mass. Feb25-6t

IF YOU VALUE YOUR SIGHT,
USE THE
**ARUNDEL
PEBBLE SPECTACLE.**

THE LENSES have the power of protecting the eyes from irritation arising from light accompanied by heat.  Sold by

JOHN EGGER,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweller, No. 4
Market street, Montgomery, Ala.
Special attention paid to repairing of Watches, etc. All work warranted. Feb18-8m

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. JAMES R. DILLARD is the duly authorized agent of the HERALD & TIMES.

Trains now run as follows on the M. & Eufaula Railroad:

Eastward Mail.—Leaves Montgomery 3 p. m.; Arrives at Union Springs 6:52 p. m.; Leaves Union Springs 7:22 p. m.; Arrives at Eufaula 10:50 p. m.

Westward Mail.—Leaves Eufaula 11:50 p. m.; Arrives at Union Springs 3:04 a. m.; Leaves Union Springs 3:19 a. m.; Arrives at Montgomery 6:25 a. m.

TAKE NOTICE.—All those indebted to Wheeler and Wilson's Sewing Machines, will be called on between the 6th and 10th of April, at which time settlement must be made.

TYTTSWORTH, SCOTT & CO.

TO THE PATRONS OF UNION SPRINGS INSTITUTE.

NOTICE!

Those who are still indebted to the Institute must settle, by April 11th, all dues up to that date—the end of the present quarter.

mar25-3t

Agent Wanted.

The great sensation! A literary curiosity! MARK TWAIN'S new book, entitled THE GILDED AGE, a tale of to-day.

Mark Twain tells in this book what Mr. Warner knows about various matters, and Mr. Warner ventilates Mark Twain's views on life in general, and things get considerably mixed up. The publishers want Agents to sell this book in all parts of the country. Mark Twain's writings will be read. If any one wants to make some money, let him write, asking for an agency, to the Continental Publishing Co., No. 518, North Sixth Street, St. Louis, or to American Publishing Co., New Orleans, La., or to American Publishing Co., Hartford, Conn.

apr1-5t

MILINERY.

Just arrived and for sale cheap, Hats, Flowers, Hair Fixtures, Collarettes, &c. My goods are marked at the very lowest prices. Come and see the styles and hear the prices.

apr1-1m

Mrs. C. J. JONES.

4-4 Bleached Cotton, pretty finish and good value, 12 1/2c per yard, at

J. S. JONES'S,

ap8-3m

Columbus, Ga.

Died, on March 30th, 1874, little BORN BIRD FRYZEBRICK, infant son of D. Graves and Mary E. Fitzpatrick, aged one year and two months.

He is gone to be with Him who said: "Suffer little children to come unto me, and forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven."

II.

A choice lot of Calicoes, also Bleached and Brown Domestic, Brogans, Tobacco, &c., just received and for sale cheap, by S. W. KING, at Miles & Rainer's old corner.

ap8t

No place of equal size can boast of more or better schools than Union Springs. Professors Melvor and Bonnell, with Mrs. Williams, at the Institute. Miss Tompkins, Miss Threadgill, and Miss Culver, have each a private school; making four in number, for whites. There are three schools for colored children; making seven in all.

At J. S. Jones's Dry Goods Store, Columbus, Ga., great bargains may be had in New Goods, bought at panic prices, and offered at correspondingly low figures. New Piques, Victoria Lawns, Nansook Checks, Swisses, Satin-stripe and Lace-stripe Muslins, at tempting prices.

ap8-3m

There will be a Sabbath School Convention held in Presbyterian Church, Union Springs, Ala., beginning at 9 a. m. Tuesday, April 14th, inst.

The Presbytery of East Alabama meets at same place on Wednesday, 15th inst., at 8 p. m. The opening session will be preached by the Rev. Dr. Nall.

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STATE AND COUNTY LICENSES.

The following is a full statement of the State and County Licenses issued in Bullock County during the quarter ending March 31st, 1874:

PHYSICIANS.—G. A. Tompkins, J. O. Zeigler, S. M. Hogan, G. Caldwell, J. H. Jernigan, W. A. Mayo, S. P. J. H. Reynolds, W. K. Jones, W. B. Thomason, J. D. Rumph, Sr., W. A. Walker, S. C. Cowan, N. P. Banks, C. H. Franklin, E. A. Bryars, J. M. Foster, J. H. Pruett, J. E. Martin, G. W. Delbridge, W. R. Moyer, J. A. Hayes, J. D. Rumph, Jr.

LAWYERS.—I. A. Wilson, J. N. Arington, Fleming Law, R. H. Powell, J. T. Norman, N. B. Feagin, J. W. L. Daniel.

BANKERS.—W. M. Stakely & Co.

DRUGGISTS.—L. Sessions, J. M. Lightner, C. H. Franklin.

DENTISTS.—W. W. Evans; J. R. Adair.

COBBLERS.—Chapman Sisters; Wallace Sisters.

PUBLISHERS.—J. R. Rogers.

INSURANCE AGENTS.—C. B. Keller & Co., Capital City Fire Insurance Company; C. B. Keller & Co., Equitable Fire Insurance Company; C. B. Keller & Co., Franklin Fire Insurance Company; C. B. Keller & Co., Home Fire Insurance Company; M. R. Simmons, Central City Fire Insurance Company; M. R. Simmons, Atlanta Fire Insurance Company; M. R. Simmons, Underwriters Fire Insurance Company; M. R. Simmons, Home Protection Fire Insurance Company; M. R. Simmons, Niagara Fire Insurance Company.

AUCTIONEER.—Thos. Mabson, Jr.

RETAIL LIQUOR DEALERS.—Baumont & Rosenstihl; Wm. Swink.

WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS.—J. F. Leary & Co., I. J. Prim, E. P. Bledsoe, E. L. Pennington, J. J. Bidson, Coleman & Co., Jordan & Jenkins, A. P. Reid, T. W. Creed.

I hereby certify that the foregoing is a full and correct list of all persons who have taken out State and County Licenses in this county during the quarter ending on the 31st day of March, 1874, for the business in which they are respectively engaged.

W. H. BLACK,

Judge of Probate Bullock County.

We know of twelve men who lived in Union Springs last year, who are now living in the country, and most, if not all, of them are engaged in farming.

S. W. KING, at Miles & Rainer's old stand, on the corner, has added to his stock of Dry Goods a full stock of Groceries, Family and Plantation Supplies, which he will sell at astonishingly low prices for cash.

ap8t

See the various articles advertised by J. S. Jones, in this number. He is really selling bargains. He informs us that he went to New York at a particular time, to secure just what he has secured, a fine stock of Dry Goods at unusually low figures. Many things he can sell at a profit to himself, and yet sell them at one-half the price they have heretofore been sold for in Columbus. Columbus is certainly offering great inducements to citizens of Alabama for their trade. Her merchants are wide-awake, courteous, obliging men, deserving success, and succeed they will.

II. T. Crigler has a double column advertisement, of new goods just received, in this number. He will be glad to exhibit his goods to all who call upon him.

Notwithstanding the immense damage done to the Mobile & Girard Rail Road by the late heavy rains, it is again in fair running order. Its Superintendent, W. L. Clark, a full grown man in his profession, has been equal to the emergency. Many predicted that the bridge across Uchee creek, would not be ready for use in six weeks. But it was crossed last Monday, April 6th, by the train, and is a better and more substantial bridge now, than the one which was swept away by the recent flood.

The large amount of through freight from the north and west which has been for a time interrupted, can now be delivered in Columbus, Ga., without delay, as heretofore.

Cons' Thread, 70c per dozen, and a large general assortment of Spring Dry Goods, just opened, at

J. S. JONES'S,

ap8-3m

Columbus, Ga.

Major I. F. Culver has returned from Tennessee, where he has been recently on business, and has brought home, among other things, a fine blooded stallion. An opportunity is now offered to our farmers, to raise blooded stock. It is as cheap to feed fine stock as it is to feed scrub. Each farmer should keep one or more brood mares, and it is economy always to get the best blood you can, in your horses, cows, and hogs.

He has also a pair of Berkshire pigs. This stock of hogs is adapted to our section. They are thrifty—can be fattened at any age—never have the mange. We are glad to see the Major settling so good an example to our farmers, and hope that his investment will prove profitable to himself, and awaken a spirit of emulation among others.

Spend your cash with S. W. KING, who sells only for cash. No profit added for bad debts.

ap8t

About a Newspaper.

The Louisville "Courier-Journal" has the following sensible remarks regarding the management of a newspaper: "Some people estimate the ability of a newspaper and the talent of its editor by the quantity of original matter. It is comparatively an easy task for a frothy writer to pour out daily a column of words—words upon any and all subjects. His ideas may flow in one week, washily, ever-lasting flood, and the command of his language may enable him to string them together like bunches of onions, and yet his paper may be a meager and poor concern. Indeed the mere writing part of editing a paper is but a small portion of the work. The care, the time employed in selecting, is far more important, and the tact of a good editor is better shown by his selection than anything else; and that, we know, is half the battle. But, as we have said, an editor ought to be estimated and his labor understood and appreciated by the general conduct of his paper—its tone, its uniform consistent course, its aims, manliness, its dignity and its propriety. To preserve these as they should be preserved is enough to occupy fully the time and attention of any man. If to this be added the general supervision of the newspaper establishment, which most editors have to encounter, the wonder is how they find time to write at all."

At the southern end of the business part of Prairie street, there is a Millinery house, to which we have often been invited by its lady owner. Returning from our daily meal yesterday morning, whom should we see, in a sequestered nook of the house, but the Olive and her tender branches, watering her highly-prized flowers. Arriving in front of the door, we saw hanging baskets and beautiful vases, filled with choicest flowers, whose sweet fragrance was wafted on the gentle morning breeze to passers-by. Mischievous suggested a propitious moment for fun. On tip-toe, two of us marched in; the other, guided no doubt by past experience, moved onward! The position gained, one of us, not content with the pleasure afforded by eyes and nose, extended a traitorous hand for the beautiful vase which contained the flowers, when the vase and its contents came in contact with the floor, breaking into a thousand pieces. He would have presented her own flowers to the lady. But, alas! Imagine the confusion of the culprit, who stood viewing the result of his mischief, when the lady and her daughters presented themselves. They enjoying the fun immensely, Washington did not feel such grief, when he cut his father's apple-tree. Beware! Beware! Young men! "Only a little flower!"

FOR JUDGE OF PROBATE.

Many friends of the Rev. M. N. ELEY, announce him as a candidate for the office of Judge of Probate, for Bullock County, at the election in November, 1874.

The Direct Trade Union Patrons of Husbandry organized in Atlanta on the 24th inst., by the election of A. H. Colquitt, President, and twelve directors. The meeting was largely attended, all parts of the State being represented. They expect to control all the cotton export from Georgia.

T. J. Cox, a native of Bullock county, is Proprietor of DELMONICO RESTAURANT, Perry street, Theater Building, two doors above Post-office, Montgomery, Ala. Regular Meals at Delmonico, 50c.

Oysters, Fish and Game, always kept on hand at Delmonico.

Capt. Cox, Proprietor of Delmonico Restaurant, was born in Macon county (now Bullock), and raised in Macon, Bullock, Russell, Pike and Barbour counties. He formerly lived at Union Springs and Knott.

The Delmonico guarantees satisfaction to any customer from the above named counties who will be kind enough to give it a call. Remember the place—Perry street, Theater Building, two doors above Post-office, Montgomery, Ala.

Take the first street south from M. & Eufaula R. R. Depot, and you will find Delmonico Restaurant.

N. B. FLEMING, W. BELL, a native of Clayton, Barbour county, Ala., is Business Manager of Delmonico.

feb25-1y

Printers, Take Notice.

We have on hand about 250 lbs. Long Primer, in pretty good order, besides several fonts of Display Type, in case, also advertising rules, plain dash rules, and leads, which we will dispose of at a bargain. Some of this material was used on the Times before its consolidation with the Herald; the balance comparatively new.

Any party desiring to establish a country paper would do well to consult the undersigned before purchasing an outfit. We have more printing material than necessary for our purposes, hence our desire to sell.

J. R. ROTUNDS.

Drugs!

DR. LEWIS SESSIONS.

Has again opened the Drug Business at the old stand of Pullum & Sessions, and will keep constantly on hand a well selected stock of

FRESH DRUGS,

PAINTS,

OILS,

PATENT MEDICINES,

and a complete stock generally.

Will sell the patronage of old friends and the public generally.

Prescriptions prepared at all hours.

Terms Cash.

49-1y.

L. SESSIONS,

Market Report.

Corresponded weekly by HOUGHTON & LASSETER

Union Springs, April 7, 1874.

Our Market today is quiet with no change. We quote Low Market prices as follows:

COLUMBIA MARKET.

April 6—Cotton 12 1/2c; Low Market 12 1/2c; Good Ordinary 12 1/2c.

MONTGOMERY MARKET.

April 6—Cotton 12 1/2c; Low Market 12 1/2c; Good Ordinary 12 1/2c.

NEW YORK MARKET.

April 6—Cotton 12 1/2c; Low Market 12 1/2c; Good Ordinary 12 1/2c.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

April 6—Cotton 12 1/2c; Low Market 12 1/2c; Good Ordinary 12 1/2c.

PROVISION MARKET.

April 6—Cotton 12 1/2c; Low Market 12 1/2c; Good Ordinary 12 1/2c.

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R. R. P.

RADWAY'S READY RELIEF

CREES THE MOST PAIN-RELIEF

Is from Cro to Twenty Minutes.

NOT ONE HOUR

admirable remedy for all kinds of

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UNION SPRINGS ADVERTISEMENTS.

HOUGHTON & LASSETER

Will, for the next thirty

days, sell several desirable

lines of GOODS at

such prices as will throw

cost sellers in the shade.

Will, for the next thirty

days, sell several desirable

lines of GOODS at

such prices as will throw

cost sellers in the shade.

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days, sell several desirable

lines of GOODS at

such prices as will throw

cost sellers in the shade.

Will, for the next thirty

days, sell several desirable

Farm, Garden and Household.

TOOTHACHE DROPS.—One ounce alcohol; five drachms Cayenne; one ounce kerosene oil; let it stand twenty-four hours after mixing. It cures the worst toothache.

DELICATE CAKE.—One cup white sugar; five tablespoons butter; whites of six eggs; one teaspoon sweet milk; two teaspoons cream tartar; one of soda and lemon extract.

WARTS ON ANIMALS.—Take white poke-root (there is white and yellow); boil thoroughly; then remove the root; then boil the liquid to the consistence of salve or ointment. Rub it on the warts once or twice, and a cure will be certain.

HARD SOAP.—Six pounds sal. soda; four gallons water. Put this together and let it come to the boiling point; let it settle and pour off; add quarter pound borax and six pounds grease; then pour in dripping tins; let it cool and cut in bars.

HAIR OIL.—One pint alcohol; two ounces castor oil; a few drops of perfume. Shake well to cut the oil. This is a splendid and nicely perfumed hair oil; it softens the hair, promotes its growth, and prevents it from falling out.

GRAFTING WAX.—An excellent grafting-wax can be made by taking rosin two pounds, bees-wax one pound and tallow half a pound. Melt all together and manipulate well with the hands as it becomes cool. Make up into small rolls, and inclose in a greased or oiled paper any surplus not wanted for immediate use, and put it away in a cellar or cool room.

SOFT GINGERBREAD.—Six cups of flour, two cups of sugar, two cups of milk, two cups of butter, two cups of molasses, four eggs, one tablespoonful of baking powder. Melt the butter and molasses together, mix in the sugar, ginger, milk and eggs, in the above order, and stir in the flour, and lastly the baking powder. Dissolve one teaspoonful of soda in the milk if sour.

ASPARAGUS A CURE FOR RHEUMATISM. A medical correspondent of an English journal says that cases of rheumatism and gout can be cured by the free use of asparagus, the active principle of the plant having the effect of neutralizing the lithic acid in the system, which is the cause of all inflammatory rheumatic ailments. The remedy is simple, and worth trying.

CORNING BEEF.—The following is a first-rate receipt for corning beef: Put your meat in the barrel and then put on about six pounds of salt to the hundred pounds of meat, and let it stand four or five days, when it must be poured off and a pickle put on, made as follows: Two ounces black pepper, two ounces salt petre, two pounds brown sugar, and ten pounds of salt, to each hundred pounds of meat; to be poured on while hot.

How to Cook Hominy.—Wash slightly in cold water, then boil slowly from three to six hours in same water, with plenty more added from time to time, with great care to prevent burning. Don't salt while cooking, as that or hard water will harden the corn. When done, add butter and salt; or, a better way is to let each one season to suit the taste. It may be eaten with meat in lieu of vegetables or syrup. Hominy is always good, hot or cold, and is very wholesome.

POTATO SALAD.—Cut ten or twelve cold boiled potatoes into slices from a quarter-inch to half-inch thick; put into a salad-bowl with four tablespoonfuls of tarragon or plain vinegar, six tablespoonfuls of best salad oil, one teaspoonful of minced parsley, and pepper and salt to taste; stir well, that all may be thoroughly mixed. It should be made two or three hours before needed. Anchovies, olives or any pickles may be added to this salad, or also bits of cold beef, chicken or turkey, if desired; but it is excellent without these.

How to Make a Mustard Plaster. The ordinary way is to mix the mustard with water, tempering it with a little flour, but such a plaster as that makes it simply abominable. Before it has half done its work it begins to blister the patient, and leaves him finally with a painful spot, after having produced far less effect in a beneficial way than was intended. Now, a mustard plaster should never make a blister at all. When you make a mustard plaster, then, use no water whatever, but mix the mustard with the white of an egg, and the result will be a plaster which will "draw" perfectly, but will not produce a blister even upon the skin of an infant, no matter how long it is allowed to remain upon the part.

A Paladino relates that foxes are tormented by fleas, and when the infestation becomes unbearable, they gather a mouthful of moss, and slowly walk backwards into the nearest stream until only the mouth is left above the surface of the water. The fleas meanwhile take refuge on the little island of moss, and when the fox is satisfied that they have all embarked, he opens his mouth, and the moss drifting away with its freight, the wily animal regains the bank, evidently satisfied at his freedom from his tormentors.

From the Live Stock Journal.

Diversity vs. Speciality in Agriculture.

All experience proves that those countries which diversify their husbandry to meet their ordinary wants, are more independent and prosperous than those that depend upon a few special crops or productions, and are obliged to purchase many of the necessities of life. A new crop added to the productive industry of a country, is an addition to its thrift and wealth. Instance beet culture in France and Germany. This production in France, alone, saves her \$50,000,000, and does not interfere with her general agriculture; in fact she grows more beef and dairy products, and also more grain, than before beet culture commenced. The thrift of England and Scotland nearly maintain in food a population of some twenty-four millions upon less tillable area than the States of Illinois and Indiana. Would it be possible for them to do this without a great diversity of products? Suppose that instead of the great variety of agricultural products, she devoted herself entirely to the production of animal food, and the dairy, for which her soil and climate are admirably adapted, relying upon the exchange of these for all the grains used as human food; it would require more than all her immense earnings in manufactures to make up the deficiency. California, where gold, the measure of all value, can be produced, limited only by the labor expended, was poor till she began to develop her agriculture. And now the poorest and most destitute of her population are gathered about her mines. The production of a speciality means poverty and dependence to the mass engaged in it. Cuba exports sugar and buys bread, and under this system would be poor even in freedom. The West Indies, since 1840, have greatly diversified their productions and increased the comforts and independence of the population. Their exports of sugar and coffee have fallen off, but their home-wealth has increased. It is the surplus after supplying home wants, not the exports, that determine wealth. Therefore you must examine the variety of home production, and the home life of a people, to form a correct conclusion as to their independence and wealth. Let us apply these principles to the agricultural condition of the South.

With a rich soil in all the elements required for the greatest variety of production, and a climate which would almost nurse a desert into fruitfulness, she expends her energies upon cotton to clothe the world, and depends upon others to supply her daily food. She is beguiled with a high price for cotton, and does not discover that she pays a still higher price for corn and meat.

What avails a large money return for a cotton crop, if it must be transferred to the factor or merchant for advances made to live on while the crop is growing? If the planter could purchase his supplies upon an adjoining farm at real cost of production, it would change the case materially; but he is obliged to pay the cost of production, with long transportation and several commissions added; so that they cost him at least fifty per cent. more than to produce them upon his own plantation.

The whole system of Southern agriculture should be changed. Every planter should lay down, as first principle, the necessity of producing every article, for which his soil is adapted, required to supply his home wants. And when he starts upon this fundamental principle, he will find very few articles of food required which he cannot produce at home. This rule should be established, not only for the sake of economy in current expenditure, but to prevent the rapid exhaustion of the Southern soil. This would lead to the "proper rotation," would furnish a large amount of valuable home fertilizers, gratuitously. Many planters pay thousands of dollars, annually, for commercial manures, every element of which might be supplied to them by a proper system of stock husbandry, at no real cost. Many millions might be saved by the introduction of a Southern dairy system.

Possessing many indigenous grasses, with soil adapted to the production of red and white clover, winter rye, Indian corn, oats, and many other forage crops, what should hinder the production of a fair quality of butter and cheese? We do not suppose that the butter made in so warm a climate will have the keeping qualities of that made in the middle States, but for present use it may have a quality satisfactory to the most fastidious taste. The true system of keeping cattle on cotton lands must be soiling. This will dispense with nearly all the fences, and by feeding the animals in stable or yard, will save all the manure for application to the soiling crop, and the cotton crop which follows it. With the use of the moving machine or reaper, the labor of cutting and feeding green crops to stock is much less than that of fencing. By this system, also, the planter may keep a large stock and not reduce the production of his staple crop. Each cow or bullock, full fed, will produce a fertilizer equal in value to one-half ton of the best guano; and will abundantly pay, for keeping and labor, in milk and butter.

The future prosperity of Southern agriculture must depend upon diversifying her production to meet home wants.

Old maids in Virginia are politely called "bearded sisters."

SCIENTIFIC.

A Spider's Appetite.

In order to test what a spider could do in the way of eating, we arose about daybreak one morning, to supply his fine web with a fly. At first, however, the spider did not come from his retreat, so we peeped among the leaves, and there discovered that an earwig had been caught, and was now being feasted on. The spider left the earwig, rolled up the fly, and at once returned to his "first course." This was at half-past five A. M., in September. At seven A. M. the earwig had been demolished, and the spider, after resting a little while, and probably enjoying a nap, came down for the fly, which he had finished at nine A. M. A little after nine we supplied him with a daddy-long-legs, which was eaten by noon. At one o'clock a blow fly was greedily seized, and, with an appetite apparently no worse for his previous indulgence, he commenced on the blow fly. During the day, and toward the evening, a great many small green flies, or what are properly termed midges, had been caught in the web; of these we counted one hundred and twenty, all dead, and fast prisoners in the spider's net. Soon after dark, provided with a lantern, we went to examine whether the spider was suffering at all from indigestion, or in any other way from his previous meals. Instead, however, of being thus affected, he was employed in rolling up together the various little green midges, which he then took to his retreat and ate. This process he repeated, carrying up the lots in little detachments, until the whole web was eaten, for the web and its contents were bunched up together. A slight rest of about an hour was followed by a most industrious web-making process, and before day another web was ready to be used in the same way. Taking the relative sizes of the spider and the creatures it ate, and applying this to a man, it would be somewhat as follows: At daybreak a small alligator was eaten; at seven A. M., a lamb; at nine a young camelopard; at one o'clock, a sheep; and during the night, one hundred and twenty larks. This, we believe, would be a very fair allowance for one man during twenty-four hours; and could we find one gifted with such an appetite and such a digestion, we can readily understand how he might spin five miles of web without killing himself, provided he possessed the necessary machine. [English Paper.]

Shut Your Mouth.

Prof. Tyndall's lectures on dust and haze and the air we breathe, have produced a profound impression. Every man has a natural respirator with which to strain the air he inhales. Holy Writ tells us "the breath of life was breathed into man's nostrils," and through his nose, and not through his mouth, it was intended he should breathe. Mr. Cattin says the Indian tribes, as an invariable rule, sleep with the mouth closely shut, thus avoiding the dangers of a malarious or pestilential atmosphere, and the organic germs which Prof. Tyndall says are always floating in common air. Cattin gives an account of a voyage between two South American ports, in which thirty out of eighty passengers died of yellow fever. Careful observation satisfied him that, with scarcely an exception, the victims were those who habitually breathed through the mouth. In several epidemics of yellow fever and cholera, he noticed the same exemption from disease on the part of those who breathed through the nostrils only, and the impression made upon his mind was such that he published a tract that should be generally read, with the title, "Keep your Mouth Shut."

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy two F. F. in my hands, issued from the Circuit and Criminal Courts of Bullock county, against W. L. Merriweather, and in favor of P. B. Baldwin and S. P. Baldwin, administrators, and A. F. Given & Co., I will proceed to sell, on the

SECOND MONDAY IN APRIL, 1874, at the Court House door of Bullock county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, as the property of said W. L. Merriweather, to-wit:

All the right, title and interest of defendant in and to the following described real estate: The S. 1/4 of S. 1/4 of Section 6, Township 14, Range 21; all of Section 6, same township and range, except the S. 1/4 of N. 1/4; the N. 1/4 of S. 1/4 of Section 28, Township 14, Range 21; containing 760 acres more or less, situated in Bullock county, Ala.

JAS. G. COWAN, Sheriff Bullock County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy a F. F. in my hands, issued from the Criminal Court of Bullock county, against Jesse Pipkin and in favor of John Onell, I will proceed to sell, on the

SECOND MONDAY IN APRIL, 1874, at the Court House door of Bullock county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, as the property of said Jesse Pipkin, to-wit:

The SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, and SE 1/4 of NW 1/4, the SW 1/4 of NW 1/4, less 10 acres on west side, and the E 1/4 of SE 1/4, Section 12, all in Township 13, Range 28; containing 100 acres more or less, situated in Bullock county, Ala.

JAS. G. COWAN, Sheriff Bullock County.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To satisfy a F. F. in my hands, issued from the Criminal Court of Bullock county, against Jesse Pipkin and in favor of John Onell, I will proceed to sell, on the

SECOND MONDAY IN APRIL, 1874, at the Court House door of Bullock county, between the legal hours of sale, the following described property, as the property of said M. M. Tyndall, to-wit:

The right of possession and equity of redemption of said Tyndall and to the following real estate, situated in the town of Union Springs, Ala., viz: Lots Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16, of Block No. 16, situated in Bullock county, Ala.

JAS. G. COWAN, Sheriff Bullock County.

BLANK MORTGAGES.

CONTRACTS & CROP LEASES FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE.

COLUMBUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

DRY GOODS CHEAP FOR CASH.
BOATRIFE & CLAPP,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN
Dry Goods, Clothing, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.,
HAVE JUST RECEIVED
NEW SPRING GOODS!
Best SPOOL COTTON, 70c! Prints and Dress Goods at very low prices
4-4 Bleached Goods, 10c! 12c; worth 16c.
COLUMBUS, GA., March 25, 1874. feb11-3m

WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!
SADDLES, HARNESS, BRIDLES, COLLARS, WHIPS,
TRUNKS, SATCHELS, WAGON AND PLOW BRIDLES,
HAMES, BACK BANDS, TRACE CHAINS,
And all other goods in my line, for sale AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. All of my Goods are hand made, made at home, and satisfaction guaranteed.
REPAIRING done cheap and good. Will make any kind of New Work to order. I positively will not be undersold by any house. Will give time to prompt paying customers. Patrons of this business buying from me, buy from first hands. My Goods are manufactured in Columbus, Ga.
W. R. KENT,
February 11, 1874. 6m
102 Broad Street, Columbus, Ga.

T. S. SPEAR, A. S. T.
No. 99 BROAD STREET,
(Next door to Emitt's Hardware Store, and opposite Kyle's.)
COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.
GOLD WATCHES, JEWELRY and DIAMONDS.
SPECTACLES A SPECIALTY.
SILVER AND PLATED WARE.
ENGRAVING NEATLY DONE.
WATCHES, JEWELRY AND CLOCKS REPAIRED PROMPTLY. ALL ORDERS will receive prompt attention. SINGER SEWING MACHINE DEPOT.
February 11, 1874. 1yr

HOLSTEAD & CO.,
COLUMBUS, GA.,
HAVE A FULL STOCK OF
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
Manufactured Plow Hoes, from 40c. up;
SCOOTERS, SHOVELS, SWEEPS, HOES, ETC.
CHEMICALS for making up FERTILIZERS AT HOME!
Ammonia, Potash, Soda, Land Plaster, Flower of Raw Bone, Ammoniated Bone, etc.
SEEDS OF EVERY KIND!
GARDEN SEEDS, GRASS and CLOVER SEEDS, FLOWER SEEDS, &c.
All CHEAP FOR CASH, at
HOLSTEAD & CO'S Agricultural Depot,
February 11, 1874. COLUMBUS, GEORGIA.

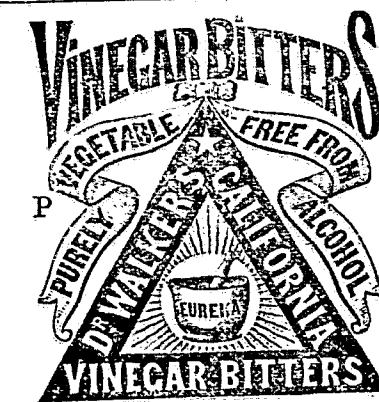
C. A. REDD, W. H. CHAMBERS, G. Y. BANKS, J. H. CHAMBERS,
REDD, CHAMBERS & BANKS,
LOWELL WAREHOUSE,
Columbus, Georgia.
THE UNDERSIGNED, having taken charge of the above-named Warehouse on the 1st of September, respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and acquaintances and the public generally.
October 15, 1873. 6m

J. M. Bennett,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
STOVES, GRATES,
Tinware, Hardware,
Hollow Ware,
And a full line of
House Furnishing GOODS.
All kinds of
TIN AND SHEET IRON WORK
Done to order.
Agent for the Southern Stove Works, of Columbus, Ga.
Special attention of Merchants is called to our TIN-WARE and wholesale prices, as we make that a specialty.
J. M. BENNETT,
feb11 6m
143 Broad St., Columbus, Ga.

FOSTER S. CHAPMAN,
DRUGGIST,
Randolph St., COLUMBUS, GA.,
Proprietor and Manufacturer of
EPPING'S BUCHU.
HAS ON SALE the safe and reliable Monitor
Aque Cure, &c., &c.
Columbus, Ga., October 16, 1873. 6m
A. M. Allen, P. Freer, A. Higgs.

Allen, Preer & Higgs,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
Commission Merchants,
Fontaine Warehouse,
COLUMBUS, GA.
Liberal Advances made on Consignments.
—46-6m.
W. J. CHAFFIN,
BOOK-SELLER and STATIONER,
And Dealer in
Musical Instruments, Chromos, Picture Frames, Moulding, and Croquet,
No. 22 Broad St., Columbus, Ga.
Feb. 11, 1874. 1y

RAGS! RAGS!!
I WILL PAY THE HIGHEST CASH PRICES FOR
100,000 LBS. COTTON RAGS,
Delivered at the Railroad Depots or Wharf at Columbus.
Parties will find it to their interest to communicate with me, before shipping elsewhere.
DRY HIDES
also purchased, for which the highest market price will be paid.
PRINT AND WRAPPING PAPER,
Always on hand for sale at Mill Prices, or exchange for Rags.
JOHN MEHAFFEY,
21-44, Columbus, Ga.
February 11, 1874. 3m



VINEGAR BITTERS
Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower slopes of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California. The medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient regains his health. They are the great blood purifier and a tonic and invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease, and in restoring to a gentle purgative as well as a tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Disorders.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Cathartic, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter Irritant, Soporific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

Grateful Thousands proclaim VINEGAR BITTERS the most wonderful Sympomatic that ever sustained the sinking system.

No Person can take these Bitters according to directions, and remain long unwell, provided their bones are not destroyed by mineral poison or other means, and vital organs wasted beyond repair.

Biliousness, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, which are so prevalent in the valleys of our great rivers throughout the United States, especially those of the Mississippi, Ohio, Missouri, Illinois, Tennessee, Cumberland, Arkansas, Red, Colorado, Brazos, Rio Grande, Pearl, Alabama, Mobile, Savannah, Roanoke, James, and many others, with their vast tributaries, throughout our entire country during the Summer and Autumn, and remarkably so during seasons of unusual heat and dryness, are invariably accompanied by extensive derangements of the stomach and Liver. In their treatment, a purgative, exerting a powerful influence upon these various organs, is essentially necessary. There is no cathartic for the purpose equal to Dr. J. Walker's VINEGAR BITTERS, as they will speedily remove the dark-colored viscid matter with which the bowels are loaded, at the same time stimulating the secretions of the Liver, and generally restoring the healthy functions of the digestive organs.

Fortify the body against disease by purifying all its fluids with VINEGAR BITTERS. No epidemic can take hold of a system thus fortified.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sourness of the Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Inflammation of the Lungs, Pain in the Region of the Kidneys, and all the numerous other painful symptoms, are the offspring of Dyspepsia. One bottle will prove a better guarantee of its merits than a longer description.

Scrofula, or King's Evil, White Swellings, Ulcers, Erysipelas, Swelled Neck, Gout, Rheumatism, Inflammation, Indolent, Incurable, Mercurial Affections, Old Sores, Eruptions of the Skin, Sore Eyes, etc. In these, as in all other constitutional diseases, WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS have shown their great curative powers in the most obstinate and intractable cases.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Gout, Bilious Remittent and Intermittent Fevers, Inflammation of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys and Bladder, these Bitters have no equal. Such diseases are caused by Mechanical Impurities—Persons engaged in Mines and Minerals, such as Plumbers, Type-setters, Gold-beaters and Miners, as they advance in life, are subjected to purities of the blood, Eruptions of the skin, name or nature, are literally dug up and carried out of the system in a short time by the use of these Bitters.

Pin, Ticks, and other Vermin, lurking in the system, and of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed. No system of medicine, no verminicides, no antiseptics, can do this, as the system from within these Bitters.

For Female Complaints, in young or old, married or single, at the dawn of womanhood, or the turn of life, these Bitters display so decided an influence that improvement is soon perceptible. Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities lurking through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when you find it obstructed and sluggish in the veins; cleanse it when it is foul; your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure, and the health of the system will follow.

Chas. Rosenstihl,
JEXCHANGE BAR,
Montgomery, Alabama.
Would respectfully inform his friends, and the public generally, that he keeps the best Imported Liquors, Wines, Cigars, &c., constantly on hand.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

WITHOUT A RIVAL!
A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY FOR ALL DISEASES ARISING FROM A DISORDERED STATE OF THE STOMACH, LIVER, AND BOWELS.
PREPARED BY
DR. E. C. HOOD,
Columbus, Georgia,
PROPRIETOR.

TESTIMONIALS.
Enon, Bullock Co., Ala., Jan. 10, 1873.
Dr. E. C. Hood, Columbus, Ga.—Dear Sir:—We take pleasure in saying that, after selling your Bureka Liver Medicine for three years, we have not found a single party but what prefer it to any other similar preparation before the public. It is certainly what it purports to be, the best Liver Medicine we know.
BANKS, CALDWELL & CO.,
COLUMBUS, GA., Jan. 22, 1872.

This is to certify that I am using Dr. Hood's Bureka Liver Medicine in my family, with entire satisfaction, and believe it to be superior to any other.
Geo. A. PEARSON.

LUMPKIN, GA., June 10, 1872.
Dr. Hood:—Up to two months ago I was greatly troubled about every month with bilious attacks, and found nothing that acted like the Bureka, although I had taken Simmons' Regulator, Vinegar Bitters, and others. I now have no trouble with biliousness, and unhesitatingly say that the Bureka is the best Liver Medicine in the world.
J. R. CHRISTIAN,
Editor Lumpkin Telegraph.

Having tested the virtues of Dr. Hood's "Bureka Liver Medicine" in my practice, I have no hesitancy in recommending its use in those afflictions arising from a disordered state of the digestive organs.
T. F. BREWSTER, M. D.,
Columbus, Ga., Sep. 4, 1871.

Having used Dr. Hood's "Bureka" for some time, I can recommend it as an excellent medicine.
J. H. HAMILTON.

Dr. E. C. Hood—Dear Sir:—"Bureka" is the best medicine I ever used.
Respectfully,
Mrs. Wm. PERRY.

COLUMBUS, Dec. 1, 1871.
Dr. E. C. Hood—Dear Sir:—Your Bureka Liver Medicine is the best medicine I ever used for sick headache.
Yours truly,
JOHN W. HODG.

DADEVILLE, ALA., May 15, 1872.
Dr. E. C. Hood, Columbus, Ga.—Dear Sir:—Enclosed find \$12 to pay for Hood's Bureka Liver Medicine. Please forward me two doz. large size and 3 doz. small size Hood's Bureka Liver Medicine. It is taking the lead of all other Liver Regulators here.
Respectfully yours,
FRED A. VAUGHAN.

Mr. Isaac R. Waller, of Florence, Ga., says: "Send me two bottles of Hood's Bureka Liver Medicine. I find it to be the best Liver Regulator I have ever tried. It has cured the chills of one month's standing, with one bottle, on myself. I take great pleasure in recommending it to others."

This Medicine is kept for sale at the City Drug Store, by
J. M. LIGHTNER.
July 23, 1873.—3m.
University of Louisville.
MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.
Corner of Eighth and Chestnut Streets,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
The 39th Annual Session.

FAULTY.
G. W. Bayless, M. D., Professor of Principles and Practice of Surgery.
J. M. Bodine, M. D., Professor of Anatomy, and Dean of the Faculty.
J. P. Yandell, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Clinical Medicine.
E. R. Palmer, M. D., Professor of Physiology and Histology.
T. S. Bell, M. D., Professor of Science and Practice of Medicine and Public Hygiene.
John E. Crowe, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
J. W. Holland, M. D., Professor of Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology.
D. W. Yandell, M. D., Professor of Clinical Surgery.
R. O. Cowling, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

FEES.
Professor's Ticket, in full.....\$50.00
Demonstrator's Ticket.....10.00
Matriculation Fee.....5.00
Graduation Fee.....5.00
Hospital Ticket (required by the city).....5.00

The regular session will commence on the first Monday in October, and continue until the first of March. A preliminary course of lectures on the 1st of September will be given on the second Monday in September, and continue until the opening of the regular term.
J. M. BODINE, Dean of Faculty.
For the annual circular, containing full particulars, address
R. E. PALMER, M. D., Secretary of Faculty.
August 6th, 1873.—12 mos.

L. BREWER & CO.,
Wholesale Grocers
DEALERS IN
Northern and Western Produce
RECEIVERS AND DEALERS IN
Domestic and Imported Wines & Liquors
ALSO
COTTON FACTORS,
AND GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS
CORNER COMMERCIAL AND ST. LOUIS STS.,
Mobile, Alabama.
AGENTS OF THE
ORANGE POWDER WORKS,
TROY, N. Y.
TRENCH COGNAC & COGNAC
GOLD-SEAL CHAMPAGNE
September 24, 1873.