

WEEKLY ADVOCATE

Greenville, Thursday, Feb. 5, 1874.

JAMES H. STANLEY,
Publisher & Proprietor.

T. J. PALMER, Editor.

The Fair.

Last week we published the resolution of the Grange, suggesting a meeting of representatives of the Granges in this and adjoining counties, at Greenville, on the 21st of this month to consider, among other things, the propriety of offering premiums for excellent results in farming, &c. We heartily endorse this suggestion as a step towards a practical execution of the recommendation heretofore made by the ADVOCATE, that Butler county should have a Fair, if other counties should desire to unite with us, as they are invited to do by the resolution of the Grange, we presume there would be no objection whatever. In fact, it might be all the better, as it is possible that the Grangers, or the people at large of Butler county, might not feel able to themselves to offer sufficient premiums to induce such a rivalry and display as would make the Fair a real success.

We hope the Grangers and the people generally will think favorably of this matter, as we feel sure that if they will put their heads together, and their shoulders to the wheel, a Fair will be held of which all will justly feel proud.

In order that the contemplated meeting may have something definite to aid it in arriving at a determination, we have opened a list at this office upon which all who feel an interest in the matter may enter their names, and the amount they are willing to subscribe for the benefit of the Fair, in the way of premiums, expenses, &c. Of course we do not expect the showing made by this list to be decisive of the question, but, as we have said, it will serve as a definite point upon which the meeting may act.

Come at once and put your names on the ADVOCATE list. If you cannot subscribe a large sum, put down a small one—one dollar will help some, and five or ten still more.

Important Point.

There are a number of persons in Butler and adjoining counties who occupy the position of "new stockholders" in the Tallapoosa Factory, and they will be interested to know that they stand in a better position than the old stockholders, so far as legal rights are concerned. In *Kerron Frauds and Mistakes*, (a standard legal authority) it is said that when a company asks the public to invest in an enterprise, it is bound to state all the facts connected therewith, in order to enable the purchaser to judge of the value of the investment; that the same rules as to false and deceptive statements which are applicable to contracts between individuals, are also applicable to contracts between an individual and a company; that a representation may be false by reason, not only of positive misstatement contained in it, but by reason of intentional suppression, whereby the information it gives assumes a false color, giving a false impression, and leading necessarily, or almost necessarily, to erroneous conclusions. That if several persons have been induced, by false and fraudulent representations, to take shares in, or subscribe to, an undertaking, each one may institute a suit against the company for a rescission of the contract, or for a return of the moneys which he has advanced. And further, that an incorporated company cannot, in its corporate capacity, be called upon to answer in an action of deceit for false representation made by its directors, unless they have authorized the representations. The company cannot be sued as wrong-doers by imputing to them the misconduct of those whom they have employed. An action of deceit may be maintained against the directors personally, but not against the company.

Commenting on the foregoing extracts, a correspondent of the Montgomery Journal says:

From these statements it would appear that not only the agents, but the president and directors, are each personally liable if any fraud has been perpetrated, but that all the old stockholders may become liable to make good to the new stockholders the amount they have paid in upon stock to the extent of each individual's property. Certainly if it appears a clear case of deception or fraud has been practiced, each director is responsible to the extent of his individual property, and that the new stockholders sustain a position stronger and more feasible whereby to collect the amounts they have paid in, with interest, and perhaps something for damages, than the creditors who met here last week, and had a deed of trust executed to a board of trustees for their special benefit.

As the new stockholders were certainly deceived as to the condition of the affairs of the Factory, the foregoing points are important.

The *Advocate* has laid the Louisiana matter aside for the present.

Money.

Congress seems to have arrived at the conclusion that it is not practicable to inaugurate specie payment at present, and that the best way to relieve the existing financial derangement is to put more greenbacks in circulation.

In the discussion of this matter in Congress, it was noticeable that the members from the South and the North-west advocated an increase of the volume of greenbacks, (if specie could not be had,) while the New England members in a body, and many from other States, opposed it very strongly. The New York papers, too, were bitter opponents of more greenbacks—or inflation, as they called it. Some of those papers, indeed, went so far as to denounce all who favored an increase of the currency as "inflation swindlers." The argument of these opponents of "inflation" was, that they desired to make greenbacks as good as gold, and that an increase of the amount in circulation would depreciate the specie value of the currency. Very likely they did desire to place greenbacks on a par with gold and silver, as they have nearly all of the paper currency in their own pockets; but it is a matter of little interest to the people of the South and West what greenback dollars may be worth in gold, when they do not possess those dollars. Now, we do not mean to say that an increase in the volume of greenbacks was the best conclusion that could have been reached; but we do say that more currency of some description is imperatively demanded by the commercial necessities of the South, and her representatives in Congress have doubtless done what they thought was best under the circumstances.

Gubernatorial.

Some of the Democratic papers of the State having mentioned Hon. Geo. S. Houston, of Limestone county, as our next candidate for Governor, a correspondent of the Birmingham Independent expresses objection to Mr. H., and mentions Hon. R. W. Walker instead. In regard to Mr. Walker the *State Journal*, Republican, says:

Walker certainly has ability of a very high order, and he has, besides, what is quite as essential, honesty, sobriety, integrity, and all the elements that go to make a first class gentleman. We would dislike to have to beat him, and if we had to be beaten, we would just as soon let Mr. Walker should do it as any other Democrat in the commonwealth. We should care a straw about defeating Houston. In fact, we should feel it was a just retribution. But Walker is a man of great ability, eminently qualified, and as able as he is capable and faithful. The State would be well served, we do not doubt, by Walker. But then it is an empty honor which "A Democrat" solicits for him. He could only get a nomination; the Republicans will name the man who will be elected, and by a considerable majority, too. Mark that—20,000!

It is certainly highly important that the Democrats and Conservatives shall have a candidate who will command the support of all the people, and besides have the necessary qualifications for the office of Governor after he gets it. We can elect a good man, if we will try, notwithstanding the *Journal's* boast.

Ozark Grange, Dale county, has adopted the following resolutions:

1st. That it is the duty of each member of this Grange, engaged in agricultural pursuits, to produce all the corn, peas, potatoes, rice, sugar, syrup, oats, turnips, &c., necessary to sustain the farm and all its appurtenances; and that, while cotton is a necessary crop, yet it should be made the last consideration in the "make up" of a farmer's program.

2d. That farming in this country can easily be made self-sustaining, and that the members of this Grange intend to demonstrate it.

3d. That it is no disgrace to live within our means, even though in so doing we may be forced to appear in company less elegantly attired than others.

4th. That each member of this Grange hereby resolves to purchase, during the current year, no articles on credit, unless required to do so by absolute necessity.

A NEW ENTERPRISE.—President Oram, of the Pensacola Railroad, has received several letters from parties in Cuba, enquiring about the price of hoop poles. The immense quantity required there, has made this matter an item of importance. Over a million of dollars worth are used there every year among the sugar manufacturers. We learn that a company has been organized in North Carolina for the purpose of shipping poles to Havana.—*Montgomery News*.

The ship *Pensacola* has loaded for Liverpool with square timber, towed down to the lower bay in rafts. Her freight rates are the same as for Pensacola, and the lighters have reduced their towage down. Timber can be bought cheaper here than in Pensacola, and our supply of pine, oak, black walnut, cypress and cedar, easily accessible by rail and river is immense, while Pensacola exports little besides pine. This is the initial cargo of timber for export, loaded in the lower bay, and the pioneer shippers in this enterprise are Messrs. A. C. Danner & Co., William Otis and Daniel Wheeler.—*Mobile Graphic*.

Alabama News.

(FROM OUR STATE EXCHANGERS.)

Frank Williams, a respected citizen of Elmore county, died on the 24th ult. Montgomery claims to have cleaner streets than ever before.

Tom Sankey, was hung in Montgomery on last Friday.

Henry Beverett, old and respected citizen of Dale county, died last week. The farmers of Dale will not buy much guano this year.

The Grangers are increasing rapidly in Dale county.

The talk is now about a railroad from Montgomery to Talladega.

The idle negroes about Eufaula have all gone to work on the farms.

Some of the Democratic papers speak of Hon. Geo. S. Houston, of Limestone, for next Governor.

The Camden *Vindicator* advocates the formation of a banking association for Wilcox county.

W. R. Dorch, the present incumbent, and W. H. Andrews, are candidates for the office of Intendant of Camden.

The city of Montgomery is issuing the \$80,000 of certificates authorized by the legislature.

Rev. T. C. Boykin has returned from Columbia, to Monticello, but still preaches at the former place.

The Granges of Montgomery county are to have a meeting in the city on the last Tuesday in February, being the 24th.

Negro near Montgomery plowing with a gun on the plowstock; struck a root, gun fired, negro dead.

James Butler, one of the oldest citizens of Henry county, died at Gordon last week.

A wagon load of cotton was brought to Evergreen, last week, from Coffee county.

The Grangers at Burnt Corn, Conecuh county, are reported to be building a new hall.

The whites of Eufaula pay city taxes to the amount of \$13,023, and the negroes and white radicals combined pay only \$924.05.

It requires nearly seven columns of the *Ledger* to advertise the lands of unknown owners in Montgomery county to be sold for taxes.

A negro has been committed to jail in Montgomery on the charge of being implicated in the murder of Mr. Fryer, at McCall's switch.

Judge Keils, Radical, of the Eufaula City Court, took the liberty of releasing a negro charged with attempt to murder, without investigating the charge in court.

Rev. A. C. Barron, formerly of Montgomery and Tuskegee, but lately of Virginia, was married in that State last week.

J. R. Powell has been re-elected President, and W. J. Milner Secretary and Treasurer of the Elyton Land Company, at Birmingham.

The *Ozark Star* says that hard as the times are fancied to be, we have been told of a large number of our Dale county men who have not sent off a bale of cotton.

Col. L. R. Davis, of the Limestone News, announces himself as a candidate for Congress from the 6th District. J. T. Parish, Radical, is out in the same District.

On Saturday of last week a personal rencontre occurred at Pine Level, in Montgomery county, between a Mr. Mordecai and Dr. McLeod, in which the latter was killed.

Judge Peters, of the Supreme Court, has rendered a decision, which, though decisive of the whole case, is yet adverse to the Democratic claimant of the office of Mayor of Mobile. Judge Breckell dissents from that opinion.

C. H. Davis, Radical Postmaster at Union Springs, has been arrested, as a defaulter, in the sum of \$1,800. He passed through Eufaula on Thursday night last, and hot on his trail came United States Deputy Marshal, Alexander.

The Judiciary Committee of the U. S. Senate will take evidence this week regarding Judge Bristed. Articles of impeachment against him were presented by White, of Alabama, on the 2nd, and referred to the Judiciary Committee of the House.

Three pupils of the First Baptist Sabbath School in Montgomery, memorized and recited to their respective teachers 3162 verses in the Bible, during the month of January. One recited 1077, another 1030, and the other 1055. Two fine Bibles and a magnificent gift song book were the prizes awarded.

From the *Hayward Examiner* we learn that the Legislature of Georgia will pass their officers on next Saturday; that the negroes in the jail attempted to break out on Tuesday last week; that Lowndes has three Granges, and wants somebody to organize more; that the farmers are going on vigorously with their work; and that the Grange at Sandy Ridge is flourishing.

The following are the officers of Montgomery Grange:

J. W. Leslie, master; J. T. Russell, Overseer; B. L. Hubbard, lecturer; T. D. Heale, Steward; J. I. Watson, Assistant Steward; T. S. Viggins, Chaplain; T. J. Simmons, Treasurer; J. M. Dalloch, Secretary; T. J. Stevens, Gate-keeper; Miss Sarah McCortey, Clerks; Mrs. T. S. Viggins, Poorman; Miss Carrie Simmons, Flora; Miss B. C. McCortey, Lady Assistant Steward.

The State Grange of Alabama pays its dues, as follows: All the money paid to twenty charter members is retained by the Deputy, except \$45 to be sent by him to the National Grange, and \$3 to be sent to the State Grange. The amount received from the number of members between twenty and thirty is equally divided between the Deputy and the Grange organized. Nor more than thirty nor less than thirteen can be received as charter members.

The *Colombian Enquirer* says: Official returns of the election in the counties of West Florida upon the question of annexing that section of the State to Alabama, have been counted in the Legislature of Florida. The vote stood—for annexation; 1,440. Against annexation 639—total vote, 701. Governor Hart, in his late message, suggests that the vote was not enough for so small a majority to decide the question, and proposes that it be submitted to a vote of the whole State.

General News.

(FROM THE LATEST PAPERS.)

The wheat crop of Cherokee Georgia is said to be looking well.

S. Blijah has been nominated as Postmaster for Pensacola.

Heavy snow storms in different sections of the North and East on the 3d.

Cotton men at Columbus, Ga., claim that they will receive 60,000 bales this year.

Gen. S. B. May, Democrat, has been elected United States Senator from Texas.

The Boston School Committee have refused to grant bursars to ladies elected to the Board.

The Georgia legislature has indefinitely postponed the proposition to hold a Constitutional Convention.

The Illinois Legislature has enacted a law authorizing the use of poison for the extermination of sheep-killing dogs.

The bark *Santa*, from Pensacola for Savannah, was foundered at sea, the crew arriving at New York on the 29th ult.

Both houses of Congress have passed a bill to try Gen. Howard, of the Freedmen's Bureau, for embezzling Government money.

The canvass for seats in the English parliament is now in progress, and a great deal of excitement, and some violence, is exhibited.

The Spaniards in Cuba are depressed by the news from Spain. They do not yet see the end of the Cuban war for independence.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 3.—The Democratic State Convention met here to-day, with Hon. David Clarke, a liberal Republican, of Hartford, presiding.

James M. Harkley, a native of Virginia, has been elected U. S. Senator from Kansas, to succeed the notorious Caldwell.

The Judiciary Committee of the Senate expected to make a report regarding the charges against Drell, U. S. Judge in Louisiana, on yesterday.

Senator Conover, of Florida, presented a memorial from that State, for the removal of obstructions in the bay of Pensacola.

LONDON, Feb. 2.—Later dispatches show that there were fifty-six Parliamentary elections last week, resulting in the return of twenty-five Liberals and thirty-one Conservatives.

At seven o'clock on the morning of the 2d, at Boston, the thermometer ranged from zero to three degrees below zero.

One hundred Germans, seventy-five Irish, and twenty-five Englishmen, arrived in Charleston, S. C., last Tuesday, and others are expected at an early day.

South Carolina is gradually filling up with immigrants.

In Congress, on the 2d, a resolution to pay mail contractors in the South, for services prior to the war, was offered by Young of Georgia, but failed. A resolution instructing the Committee on Appropriations to inquire into the subject was passed.

The National Grange was to convene in St. Louis on yesterday. The principal business of the convention will be a revision of the ritual and perfecting the organization of the Grange. President Adams states that there are between eleven and twelve thousand granges in the country, with nearly a million members.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Cooper's bill, introduced in the Senate to-day, for funding certain internal revenue taxes, directs the remission or repayment of all taxes assessed and collected on or from citizens in the insurrectionary States contrary to the provisions of the Treasury Department Circular No. 10, issued January 21st, 1865.

The female school-teachers of Boston have astonished the advocates of the emancipation of women by objecting to being placed under the control of school boards composed of members of their own sex. They insist that if they are to own the teachers can and do expect nothing but snubbing, and they therefore "prefer to retain under masculine control." This is a severe judgment upon the sex that are taught to believe in the embodiment of gentleness and courtesy.

A New York dispatch of January 31st says: There has been a decline all around in cotton, and stocks are accumulating. Many Liverpool orders have been withdrawn altogether, others have been reduced, thus excluding shippers from the market. Receipts here, but the demand for contracts is good and considerable covering and settling has been done at the low ruling figures. The total sales of the week were 210,116 bales, of which 200,700 were contracts.

The Negro Labor Union Company of Dallas county recently held a meeting, and has published an address in which it discourages the purchase of lands, on a long credit; recommends the strictest economy on the part of its members; and the forwarding of a portion of their wages to be applied to the purchase of a homestead for cash; and discourages foolish expenditures for whiskey, tobacco and lotteries; encourages the raising of the price of necessities of life at home; and avows against two great hates to get rich. The following bit of sensible advice cannot be too highly praised:

"When you buy, be sure you get the price agreed upon, and then, study and protect to your utmost, the interest of your employer, and if you can make your services worth to him an hundred fold the amount you get, do so. Strive to elevate labor, by being faithful, so that he who once employs you, will find it in his interest to retain and trust you."

New Advertisements.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of ADAMS & GRIFIN, on this day dissolved by mutual consent. T. J. Adams assumes all the liabilities of the late firm, and is alone authorized to wind up the unsettled business of the firm. ADAMS & GRIFIN, Greenville, Ala. Jan. 24, 1874.

Our former customers are hereby notified that I will continue in business, and would respectfully solicit their patronage. T. J. ADAMS, Feb. 5

The State of Alabama, Crenshaw County.

Partis & Padgett, In the Justice Court of said County, Jan. Term, 1874.—ATTACHMENT. This day came the plaintiff in person, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the defendant in this cause is a non-resident of the State of Alabama, and a resident of the State of Mississippi, and the writ of attachment having therefore been ordered by the court, this publication be made in the Greenville *Advocate*, a newspaper published in the city of Greenville, Alabama, once a week for four consecutive weeks, notifying the defendant of the pendency of this suit, and of said writ, and to appear at the next term of this court, to answer to the same, and judgment will be rendered against him by default; and the defendant is hereby notified to appear accordingly. A true copy from the files of said court, January 24th, 1874. Notary Public, John C. P. P.

Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between J. H. Gabriel and A. G. Winkler on this day dissolved by mutual consent. Mr. A. G. Winkler will continue in business, and will be continued by A. G. Winkler. Either party will sign in liquidation. All persons indebted to the late firm are requested to make early settlement. J. H. GABRIEL, A. G. WINKLER, Feb. 5

Notice to Grangers.

I HAVE A DOVE OF PINE WOODS, in good condition, which I will sell to Grangers in lots at

Considerable Reduction in Prices. Those wanting Mules in any number would find it much to their interest to communicate their wishes to me. At Penner's Stables, Greenville.

J. C. RICHARDSON, Attorney at Law.

SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY, Greenville, Alabama.

Will practice in the Courts of Butler and adjoining Counties, and the Supreme Court of Alabama. Prompt attention paid to Collections. OFFICE—GREENVILLE, ALA. Jan. 24-4d.

L. D. BROOKS, Attorney at Law.

Solicitor in Chancery, Greenville, Alabama.

(OFFICE OVER THE STORE OF J. H. JOHNSON) Will practice in the Courts of Butler, Crenshaw, and adjoining counties; and in the Supreme Court. Jan. 24-4d.

The State of Alabama, Crenshaw County.

J. C. POXVILLE, as executor of the estate of J. A. Fenwick, deceased, having filed in this court his final account, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court that the said estate is now ready for settlement, notice is hereby given to all concerned, that the 3rd day of March, 1874, has been appointed by me, as Judge of said Court, for said settlement. Witness my hand this 16th day of January, 1874. GEO. W. THAGARD, Judge of Probate.

KEARNEY'S FLUID EXTRACT

Buchu! The only known Remedy for BRIGHT'S DISEASE, And a Positive Remedy for GOUT, GRAVEL, STRICTURES, DIABETES, DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUS DEBILITY, DROPSY, Non-retention or Incontinence of Urine, Irritation, Inflammation or Ulceration of the BLADDER and KIDNEYS, SPERMATORRHEA, Leucorrhoea, or Whites, Discharge of the Prostate Gland, Stasis in the Bladder, Catarrhs Gravel or Bright's Disease, and Mucus or Milky Discharges.

KEARNEY'S EXTRACT BUCHU Permanently Cures all Diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, AND DROPSICAL SWELLINGS. Existing in Men, Women and Children, LET NO MAN WAIT WHAT THE AGE!

Prof. Steele says: "One bottle of Kearney's Fluid Extract of Buchu is worth more than all other Buchu combined." Price, One Dollar per Bottle, or Six Bottles for Five Dollars.

Depot, 104 Duane Street, New York. A Physician in attendance to answer correspondence and give advice gratis. Send stamp for Pamphlets, free. TO THE

Nervous and Debilitated OF BOTH SEXES.

No Charge for Advice and Consultation. D. B. DYOTT, a graduate of Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, author of several valuable works, and has been consulted on all diseases of the Sexual or Urinary Organs, (which he has made an especial study) either in male or female, no matter from what cause originating, or of how long standing. A practice of 30 years enables him to treat all cases with success. Cures guaranteed. Charges reasonable. Those at a distance can forward letters describing symptoms and enclose stamps to repay postage. Send for the *Guide to Health*. Price 10c. J. B. DYOTT, M. D., Physician and Surgeon, 104 Duane St., N. Y.

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IRVINE, WALLACE & CO., Wholesale Druggists,

(SIGN OF THE NEGRO AND MORTAR.)

No. 3 Court Square, Montgomery, Ala.

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Drugs, Medicines, Kerrosens

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Lubricating OILS, Anoline

Colors.

GARDEN SEEDS,

&c., &c.

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WE TAKE PLEASURE in informing the public of Butler and surrounding Counties that we have replenished our Stocks of

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Cloaks, Shawls, Different Colors and Styles, At Reduced Rates.

HATS OF EVERY STYLE, for Ladies and Gentlemen, Remarkably Low!

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COTTON AND COUNTRY PRODUCE TAKEN IN EXCHANGE!

WE ALSO OFFER FOR SALE, VALUABLE PIECES OF LAND!

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oct16

MAMMOTHE STOCK

AT COST!

Good News to the People of Butler and Surrounding Counties!

NOAH FELTON,

(AT SIMS & MORGAN'S OLD STAND) GREENVILLE, ALA.

HAS NOW ON HAND, AND IS DAILY RECEIVING, AN EXCEEDINGLY LARGE STOCK OF

Fall and Winter Goods

CONSISTING IN PART OF A

BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF DRY GOODS!

Ladies' Dress Goods, Trimmings, Notions, Perfumery, Toilet Articles, Medicine.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES.

SADDLERY, HARNES,

HARDWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, GUNS, PISTOLS, &c., &c.

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Dry Goods, Grocery, Hardware, Drug and Notion Store,

ALL COMBINED IN ONE ESTABLISHMENT!

