Clarke County Democrat.

VOL. XVIII. GROVE HILL, ALA., TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1874. NO. 50.

The Democrat.

ISAAC GRANT, Proprietor.

TERMS:

For One Year, in advance, $2 00
Advertisements inserted as follows:
Per square, for first insertion, $1 50
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For Letters of Administration $6 00
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By the year, per square of ten lines or less, $12; six months, $8; three months, $5.

Lower rates for long notices.

Professional Cards.

THOMAS J. FORD,
Attorney at Law,
GROVE HILL, ALA.

Will practice in the courts of Clarke county, and faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his care.

April 22, 1873, y

H. C. GRAYSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GROVE HILL, ALA.

Will practice in Clarke and the adjoining counties, and faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to his care.

Feb 24 40y

JOHN Y. KILPATRICK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Camden, Wilcox County, Alabama.

Will practice regularly in all the Courts of Clarke, Monroe and Wilcox counties; in the Supreme Court of the State and in the United States District Courts.

June 24, 8y

JAMES S. DICKINSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
GROVE HILL, ALA.

Will practice in the various Courts of Law and Equity in the Counties of Clarke, Wilcox and Monroe; and in the Supreme Court of the State.

He will promptly and faithfully attend to all business entrusted to his care. June 24, 1869 8y

JOHN W. FORTIS,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
SUGGSVILLE, CLARKE CO., ALA.

Dec. 9, 1869, v

WALTER H. GRANT,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
AND
SOLICITOR IN CHANCERY.

Will practice in the Courts of Marengo and the adjoining counties, and in the Supreme Court.

Office, Linden, Marengo co., Ala.

ORR'S GINS.

I HAVE accepted the agency of these excellent gins, believing them to be superior to many gins now offered to the public. On a test trial they have set aside gins sold at a higher price. I will take old gins, having saws not damaged by rust, as part payment. All gins warranted and those not giving satisfaction will be replaced by others that will. J. F. Orr & Co., of Orrville, Dallas county, Ala., pledge themselves to give entire satisfaction.

Those interested will address me at this place. ISAAC GRANT.

Grove Hill, Ala., July 29, '73tf

Notice of Administration.

M. S. York, deceased, Estate of.

LETTERS of administration, upon said estate having been granted to the undersigned, by the Probate Court of Clarke county, on the 18th day of April, 1874, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them legally authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred, and those indebted to the estate will make payment to the undersigned.

J. O. YORK,
April 21, 1874, 6w Adm'r.

Marion Lodge, No. 12, meets at Suggsville, on the 2d Saturday in each month.

Coffeeville Lodge, No. 122, meets the 4th Saturday in each month.

Patrons of Husbandry.

OFFICERS OF STATE GRANGE.

W. H Chambers, Russell co., M.
Dr. R. H. Ervin, Wilcox, O.
S. J. Harrington, Colbert, L.
R. O. Thornton, Bullock, S.
Dr. W. A. O'Hara, Shelby, A. S.
Rev. I. G. Smith, Greene, C.
John H. Harris, Lee, T.
Gen. E M Law, Macon, S.
Mrs. L. G. Jenkins, Calhoun, C.
Mrs. A. C. Mitchell, Russell, F.
Mrs. E. D Connor, Marengo, P.
Mrs. D H. Odom, Clarke, L. A. S.
T. H. Furguson, Coosa, G-K.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

S. S Scott, Russell, three years.
Dr. F. A. Bates, Perry, two years.
W. B. Jones, Madison, one year.

DISTRICT DEPUTIES.

1st district—J. J. Roach, Wilcox.
2d district—W. C. Mentlee, Pike.
3d district—W. S. Gordon, Russell.
4th district—G. D. Johnson, Perry.
5th district—W. B. Jones, Madison
6th dist.—I. S Harrington, Colbert.

CLARKE COUNTY COUNCIL.

Master—E. P. Chapman,
Overseer.—R. D. Hudson.
Lecturer.—F. N. Winn
Chaplain.—Jesse P. Chapman.
Steward.—F. W. Dahlberg,
Ass't Steward—R. S. Armistead,
Treasurer—S. T. Noble,
Secretary—John W. Henson,
Gate-keeper—Robert G. Hearin.

Meets 2d Friday in January, April, July and October, at 11 A. M.

CLARKE COUNTY GRANGES.

Grove Hill.

Jas. S. Dickinson, Master,
Jas. W. Dickinson, Secretary.

Choctaw Corner.

W. H. Slade, Master,
A. Glen, Secretary.

Gilmore.

Stephen M. Gilmore, Master.
A. P. Gilmore, Secretary.
Postoffice, Rural.

Suggsville.

James Odom, Master,
Dr. T. J. Krouse, Secretary.

Bashi.

H. C. Grayson, Master,
Wm. E Tyson, Secretary
Postoffice, Choctaw Corner.

Jackson.

P. A. Savage, Master,
Isham Kimbell, Secretary.

Salem.

Dr. Bryan Boroughs, Master,
G. Wash. Cobb, Secretary.
Postoffice, Grove Hill.

West Bend.

John W. Henson, Master,
William H. White, Secretary.
Postoffice, Coffeeville.

Coffeeville.

Dr. S. A. Saltonstall, Master,
Marion S. York, Secretary.

Airmount.

William Carmichael, Master;
Robert W. Atkinson, Secretary.
Postoffice, Choctaw Corner.

Tallahatta Church.

James W. Armistead, Master,
Stephen P. Noble, Secretary.

Gosport.

Kenneth King, Sr., Master,
Samuel H Forwood, Secretary.
Postoffice, Gosport.

Dead Level.

J H Perry, Master,
William Finch, Secretary.

County Line.

William L Spinks, Master,
J S Vaughn, Secretary.

Oak Grove.

J S Trawick, Master,
J B Robinson, Secretary.

New Prospect.

W S Norris, Master,
J M Agee, Secretary.

Winn's Mill.

Frank N Winn, Master,
D P Ford, Secretary.

Gainestown.

James M Jackson, Master,
Henry G Davis, Secretary.

Tallahatta Springs.

T B Harwood, Master,
M M Danzey, Secretary.

The Grand Trunk Railroad, we are pleased to announce is not damaged to the extent supposed, before the water receded, and the injury will soon be repaired. Trains are already making daily trips to Jackson.

We are glad that President Grant has suppressed the disgraceful war in Arkansas, and that he has decided the question in favor of Baxter, the representative of the conservative party. A Little Rock despatch of the 15th says "the President's proclamation causes crowds of men, women and children to throng the streets. The stores are reopening, flags are waving, and bands are playing. Hundreds of people are visiting Baxter's headquarters to congratulate him."

The person of a little white girl of Mobile was violated on the 10th inst., by a fiend called Frank Williams, and on Monday a mob of two or three thousand men collected, battered down the wall around the jail, then obtained the keys of the jail, took Williams out and hanged him to the first tree. The little girl is only four years and one month old. Justice cannot await the delay and uncertainty of the law in such cases as this.

A TRIP TO MOBILE.—With a number of friends of this place and of other portions of the county, we had quite a pleasant trip to Mobile and back last week. We arrived at Jackson Tues. morning, expecting to meet the steamer Victoria about 12 M., but from high water and heavy freight she was just twenty-four hours behind that time. But at the hotel of Mr E. J. Doty, the time was passed so pleasantly that little regret was felt for the delay. About 12 o'clock Wednesday the Victoria came and at 10 o'clock P. M., we were in Mobile. The boat had quite a good list of passengers but only 61 bales of cotton.

We found the city quite dull, but not more so, we think, than it was two months ago. Unfortunately for the country, the grocery merchants were doing a lively business in corn, meat and flour—the four or five boats on the river getting just as much of these articles as they would take.

It is a disparaging commentary on the industry and agricultural intelligence of our people that such vast sums of money should annually be expended for articles which every farmer might raise for himself on his own plantation. When will we learn to produce these necessary articles to which our soil and climate are so well adapted?

In Mobile, with one or two exceptions, our party stopped at the Campbell House, the conveniently located and popular resort of the country people who visit Mobile. Mr. Campbell knows how to keep a hotel, and the crowds of people who stop at his house sufficiently attest the truth of the statement. The city drummers long since discovered its importance in the prosecution of their business, and here many of their softest words of gas waste their "sweetness on the desert air."

We returned on the Victoria, and found more passengers than on the down trip and the guards in the water with freight. Capt. Frank Stone always gets passengers and freight when any are to be had. He is so well and favorably known as a steamboat commander of judgment, prudence, and gentlemanly qualities that the public give him more than an ordinary share of patronage. Capt. Tim Mathews is with him now in the capacity of first clerk, and is well known as a gentlemanly and competent officer.

We found the river lands below Jackson still submerged, and it will be a week or more before farm operations can be resumed to any extent.

Be prudent and temperate.

A Scalawag.

A Shoe that Fits Many Feet.

The Time for Remembrance and Settlement.

[From the Tuskaloosa Times.]

The probate judge of Tuskaloosa county is a radical. He became one at the close of the late war between the states. The south had been conquered by the federal arms. Her cause had been lost, and her people in chains. Her true sons gathered closer to her side in the sad hour of her darkness and defeat. But, alas! there were some who deserted her when she most needed their sympathy and help. Like Judas, they betrayed her when, like Judas, they could make money by the betrayal. They deliberately bartered principle, honor and their southern manhood, for Yankee gold! They rushed in ravenous crowds to the headquarters of the conqueror, and begged a share in the robber privilege of plundering the helpless people of the south. The flushed and cruel victor, willing to torture the hated south, granted this request of her apostate sons and lo! an army of scalawags swarmed thro' the trodden land, ravenous as wolves for spoils and greedy as vultures in the day of famine.

Among the foremost of the apostate crowd that rushed to Washington to beg for the privilege of afflicting the people of the south, as Satan went up, of old, to ask for the privilege of afflicting the patriarch Job, was the present radical probate judge of this county, then a first-class mechanic of this city. He proved lucky and got his office.—Laying aside the jack-plane and the hand-saw, he descended from the respectable position of a southern mechanic, to the soiled level of a radical office holder, and "tossed" radical jobs in the official workshops of the oppressors of the south.

Having enjoyed the fat perquisites of two federal offices for a season, a more lucrative local one tempted his cupidity. The conquered province of Alabama was to be erected into a state by the manipulation of the federal bayonet. The constitution, framed for her by aliens and apostates, was rejected by her people in conformity with the express provisions of the law of congress submitting it for their ratification or rejection; but it was forced upon her by the fiat of congress, and the elections held under it declared valid. At these elections the people of Alabama neither voted nor had candidates in the field. The negroes, the plunderers from the north, and the traitors at the south divided the offices among them. It was the foulest wrong the direst outrage ever perpetrated by man upon his fellow man. It was the reconstruction era of robbery, pillage, and plunder, when the white men of the south, disfranchised, bound and helpless, were delivered over to the rule of the negro, the spoil of the carpet-bagger, and the Judas-barterage of the scalawag.

The county of Tuskaloosa came in for its full share of the spoliage and degradation. The negroes, banded into a "Loyal League," and engineered by carpet-bag Spencer and his county subalterns, met in the city of Tuskaloosa, in radical conclave, to portion out the offices. It was the vultures and carion crows of radicalism assembled to thrust their hungry beaks into the vitals of the white people of the county. Sutler Spencer was the master spirit of the conclave, and dictated the nominations. In that mongrel assemblage, reeking with African odors, and rank with the foul smell of unwashed scalawags and carpet-baggers, the present probate judge received the nomination for the office which he now holds. It was dictated by Spencer and ratified by the "Loyal League." The mockery of an election, from which the white men of the county absented themselves, was gone through with, and the present incumbent became, by Spencer's manipulation, and the grace of negro votes, probate judge of the county of Tuskaloosa. The coalition of the negro, the carpet bagger and the Federal bayonet made him a judge, not only without the votes but against the will of the white men of the county. It was spoil, ravished from their hands by violence and fraud, and became the fat reward of an apostate, who preferred radical promotion to the honor of his southern manhood, and herded with the negro and his more degraded allies, that he might fill his purse with the wages of apostacy and political shame.

From that day to this, he has kept his radical oath inviolate, and maintained a strict alignment with that satanic party. It is true, he coquetted for a few weeks with Greeleyism, but finding that it would not pay to go with the white men of this section for Greeley, he returned, like the sow to her wallow in the mire, to the cess-pools of radicalism, and voted with the negro for Grant. There were solid reasons why he should be so true to radicalism. It has paid him well for his desertion of people and clime. It found him a bankrupt, and has made him rich enough to become a bank director.—Verily, radicalism is a bounteous paymaster when the plundered white man of the south foot its bills and pay for the music of the robber revel in which cormorant scalawags and ravenous carpet baggers dance to the tune of the jingle of the dimes.

Having grown comparatively rich in the office for which he was originally nominated by the radical 'loyal league' of this county, at the dictation of a carpet bagger, he has the cool effrontery to come before the people whom he deserted the moment desertion would pay, and insulted by a coalition with the radical and the negro, for the sake of the office which he now holds, and ask them to unite with the negroes, who, he boasts, are already a unit in his support, in re-electing him, that he may enjoy the fat privilege of cracking his judicial cat-o'-nine tails over them for six years more. The democrats of the county, forsooth, are invited to take up the radical job of his official promotion and boss it through another term.

White men are solicited to accept and, in effect, to re-endorse by their suffrages his original nomination, although after six years airing before all the winds of heaven, it is still rank with the penetrative odors of its loyal league paternity. The intelligent, patriotic, and self-respecting people of Tuskaloosa county are invited to turn their backs upon the many true and noble men in the county, who stood by them in war, and have not deserted them in peace, and go to the political brothel of radicalism for a first-hour renegade as their choice for probate judge. Verily, if we had not known before that radicalism had for its father the evil spirit that tempted the Saviour of mankind in the wilderness, we might infer it from the brazen audacity of its leading disciples. A simon-pure radical, the original nominee of a radical loyal league, asking white democrats to vote for his re-election to an office which he got by apostacy, and holds by the dictation of the carpet bagger and the suffrage of the darkey!

COFFEEVILLE BEAT,
April 21, 1874.

MR. EDITOR:—The time is approaching when the people of Clarke will have to elect a representative to the State Legislature, and as I see the name of no one yet mentioned in your paper, allow me to suggest Judge J. W. Henson as in every way suited to the times. I think, in view of all the surrounding circumstances, that the coming Legislature should be composed of true, tried and sober men; coupled with that, men of thorough, practical business habits; men who are not ashamed to labor with their own hands, whose daily occupations and observations show them what are the great wants of the masses. Having for many years known the gentleman above referred to, I underwrite for him as possessing all the necessary qualifications for the position, and throw this out for the reflection of the good people of our county, believing, as I do, that if he will consent to become a candidate, it would meet with the hearty approval of the voters of the county.

PROSE.

Texas Grand Prize Concert.

$140,000 in Gold, Houses and Lands, at Houston, Texas, July 20, 1874: Capital Prize $5,000 in Gold—Tickets $2. Send for circular. Agents wanted. T. U. HOUSE, Treasurer, J. E. FOSTER, Manager, Houston, Texas.

May 19,1t

THE DEMOCRAT.

ISAAC GRAY, Editor.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF CLAY COUNTY.

Grove Hill, Alabama.

PASSED.

Nevermore, nevermore,
When the twilight pale and gray
Veils the golden bow of day,
Shall I looking through the gate
Wait, wait, long and late,
For thy coming—nevermore!

Nevermore, nevermore,
When the breathless trance of June
Glitters in the rising moon,
Underneath a whispering tree,
Shall I wait, wait for thee,
Linger for thee—nevermore.

Nevermore, nevermore,
Where the blossomed branches spread
Dew and odor overhead,
Shall I sit beside thee, dear,
All thy secret heart to hear,
Thy consoler—nevermore.

Nevermore, nevermore,
All that poignant past is fled;
I am living, thou art dead.
I have drained the chalice sweet,
Thy quick heart has ceased to beat;
Life shall vex thee nevermore.

Nevermore, nevermore;
Earth has sung the song to thee;
Heaven returns it unto me.
In thy blessing blessed I go.
Home enfolds thee; thou shalt know
Mortal anguish nevermore.

THE PHILOSOPHER'S BABY.

I had been considering for about a year whether I should marry Winifred Hanway, when I heard that she was engaged to the philosopher. Why did she accept him? It is true that he is both imaginative and critical; but faculties exercised in the incubation of psychological hypotheses, and the laborious destruction of those of one's neighbor, do not usually rouse the sympathy of a bright and beautiful girl, who is more fit to live, than to think about life. He is certainly handsome, but as certainly his clothes are barbarous. His trousers cannot keep their shape for a day; and his hats are never new. If he notices the rain he opens an umbrella which might have served as an ineffectual protection at the time of the deluge; if he finds out that it is cold, he assumes a garment which might have been the every-day garment of Methuselah. His manners are as strange as his appearance. He may often be seen walking in the park at the fashionable hour, with a far-off look in his eyes, and his hat thrust back as if to lessen the external pressure on his active brain; more rarely you may hear him bursting into enthusiasm in Piccadilly, though Piccadilly is the last place in which a man should allow himself to be enthusiastic. In short, though he is a true friend, he is an uncomfortable acquaintance; and his volcanic utterances, after long periods of calm contemplation, cause such shocks to one's nerves as would be conveyed to the Sunday citizen by the eruption of Primrose Hill. But, if it was odd that the beautiful Winifred Hanway should marry my friend, it was yet more odd that he should marry any one. There were no topics more certain to excite an explosion in the philosopher than the excessive population of the country, and the wholesome solitude of the thinker. "How," he would fiercely ask, "can a man think effectually on fundamental subjects who is compelled by the despicable circumstances of his life to exhaust his analytical faculty in considering how to pay his butcher, and when to buy his coals? I tell you, sir, it is better to starve with cold and hunger than to debase one's noblest part to a game of skill with a grasping grocer." Again and again I had heard him declaim in this preposterous fashion; and, after all, he was going to the altar like any other victim, and would doubtless take a house upon his back with the docility of a snail.

I could not solve the problem; I would not give it up. So, full of the determination to drag Diogenes out of his tub, and the secret out of Diogenes, I stepped around the corner to offer my congratulations. My friend was in his study, apparently writing, really eating a quill pen. He rose at me with a rush, wrung my hand till it itched and blushed rather uncomfortably. Congratulations are the curse of the Briton. Whether he is offering them or receiving them, he is obliged to take refuge in intermittent hand-shaking and groans. But on this occasion it was evident that the philosopher had something ready to say and nervously anxious to say it. My dear fellow, I don't know when—I really am so awfully glad, I—it's in every way so, such a satisfactory, you know—I really do wish all possible, and all that sort of thing you know,"—when he burst in with a speech so fluently delivered, that I knew I was not his earliest visitor that morning. "Of course it's taken you by surprise," he said, "as I knew it would; but the truth is that I have been thinking of it for a long time, and I am sure I am right." Here I tried to put in an expression of wonder at his new notion of his duty, but he was bent on being rid of the matter, and hurried on to his reasons. "In the first place," said he, "I am sure that instead of increasing my domestic worries, my marriage will transfer them in a body to my wife; and, secondly, when I consider the vast number of fools who are every day born into the world, I am terrified by the picture of what the next generation will be, if the thinkers of this age are to be without successors." Having discharged his reasons in this wise, the orator stood blinking at me as if he feared dissent; but I was too astounded at his magnificent audacity to reply. Slowly a look of peace stole back into his face, a pleasant light dawned in his eyes, and the promise of a smile at the corners of his mouth. His remarkable fluency was gone, and indeed his voice sounded quite choky when he said, "Johnny, you don't know what an angel she is." A light broke in upon me. "Philosopher," I said, "I believe you are going to be married because you fall in love?" "Perhaps you are right," said the philosopher.

After the wedding the philosopher and his wife went abroad for an indefinite period, and their friends heard but little of them. He wrote to nobody, and she did not write to me. Yet there were occasional rumors. Now they were breathing the keen air of the Engedine, now sinking to the chestnuts and vines of Chiavenna; now he was lashing himself to frenzy over the treasures of Rome; now she was gazing with sweet northern eyes across the growing splendor of the bay of Naples. Then they were in Germany, and about to settle for life in a university town; but anon had fled from it in haste after a long night's dispute, in the course of which my learned friend had well nigh come to blows with the university's most celebrated professor.

At last I heard they were again in London, and, full of enthusiasm, darted round the corner to welcome them home. Nobody was with them but Mrs. Hanway, Winifred's mother. I would enter unannounced and surprise the philosopher. I entered unannounced, and was surprised myself.

Was this the effect of matrimony or of foreign travel? Each occupant of the room was engaged in an exercise wholly unconnected, as it seemed, with those of the rest. My friend's wife, the lady whom I had almost loved, queen of all grace and comeliness, was appearing and disappearing like a flash behind the day's Times, showing at the moments of disclosure a face flushed with excitement, and lustrous coils of hair tumbled into the wildest disorder, while she accompanied the whole performance with strange and inarticulate sounds. Her mother, the same Mrs. Hanway who was so perfect a model of dress and carriage that many of her lady friends were wont to lament among themselves that she gave herself such airs, was seated on the floor, dressed for walking, but without her bonnet. Yes, she was certainly drumming on an inverted tea-tray with the wrong end of the poker. And the philosopher? It was perplexing, after three years' separation, to meet him thus. The philosopher was cantering round the room on all fours, wearing on his head his own waste paper basket. Briskly he cantered round, ever and anon frisking like a lamb in spring time, until he reached my feet, which were rooted to the spot with astonishment. He glanced up sideways, rose with a cry to the normal altitude of man and grasped me by the hand. At the sound of his voice, his wife, dropping the paper from her hands, raised them quickly to her hair; and his mother-in-law, with as much dignity as the effort would allow, scrambled on her feet. Then, in an instant, the cause of their eccentric conduct was made clear. Throned on the hearth-rug, and showing by a gracious smile a few of the newest teeth, sat a fine baby of some fifteen months. In one dimpled fist was tightly clenched the brush which had so neatly arranged the mother's braids, while the other was engaged in pounding the grandmother's best bonnet into a shapeless mass.

We were all somewhat embarrassed except the baby. The ladies knew they were untidy, and I that I was an intruder. As for the learned father, he stood now on one leg and now on the other, while he shifted the waste-paper basket from hand to hand and continued to smile almost as perseveringly as his amiable offspring. Yet it was he who at last put an end to our awkward position by expressing a wild desire to have my opinion of the new curtain in his study. Rather sheepishly I said good-by to the lady of the house, trying to express by my eyes that I would never call again unannounced. I knew that Mrs. Hanway had not forgiven me as I humbly took the two fingers that she offered; and I felt like a brute as the most important member of the family condescended to leave a damp spot by the edge of my left whisker.

When, however, I had been swept down-stairs by my impulsive friend, and was alone with him in his den, my courage returned, and with it some indignation. I confronted him, and sternly asked why I had not been told he was a father? "Not been told?" he echoed; "do you mean to say that you did not know about the baby?" "Not so much as that it was," I replied, gloomily. He was overwhelmed; of course he had supposed that everybody knew it from the queen downwards. Of course fifty people ought to have told me, who of course had told me everything else. At last my curiosity got the better of my indignation, and I cut short his apologies by beginning my questions: "Does the shape of its head content you?" I asked. "The shape of whose what?" cried the philosopher, apparently too surprised for grammar. "Of the baby's head, of course," I replied tartly; "I merely wish to know if the child is likely to be as intellectual as you hoped." "Isn't the hair lovely?" he asked, inconsistently. This was too much, and assuming my severest manner, I delivered myself in this wise: "I thought, though no doubt I was wrong, that the use of a baby to you would be partly to furnish you with raw material for a philosopher, partly to enable you, by constant observation, to gain further evidence on such vexed questions as whether the infant gathers its ideas of space by feeling about, whether it is conscious of itself, etc." "Well," he said, laughing, "I don't expect much help from my infant in these matters, unless I can get inside her and think her thoughts." "Her thoughts?" cried I, in amazement; "you don't mean to say, it's a girl? Good gracious! you are not going to educate a female philosopher?" He looked rather vexed. "Of course it's a girl," he said. "The father of a female philosopher," I gasped. "Dear me!" he said, somewhat testily; "isn't it enough to be the father of a noble woman?"

Now, I have often put up with a great deal from my learned friend, and am quite aware that I have been spoken of as "Bozzy" behind my back. But there is a turning point even for the worm, and nobody will sit forever at the feet which are constantly kicking him. I had been snubbed more than once by this illogical parent, and, assuming my most sarcastic manner, I inquired with an appearance of deference: "Is it not rather early to speak of your daughter as a noble woman?"

"Not at all," said the philosopher.

I had kept aloof from the philosopher for some weeks, nursing my wrath, like Achilles, I said to myself—cross as a bear, I overheard my landlady say in the passage—when I received a hasty note begging me to come to him at once. I fancied myself summoned to a council of chiefs; so, having donned my shining armor, I left my tent with fitting dignity, and descended with a clang into the plain. Yet I could not but be aware of my landlady's eye piercing me through the crack of the parlor door purposely left ajar, and of the hasty flapping of loose slippers which told the startled slavey's flight into the abyss below.

An unusual silence held my friend's house that morning. The door was opened, before I had time to ring, by a melancholy footman, who, walking before me with the elaborate delicacy of an Agag, noiselessly ushered me in the study. It was my lot to be again rooted to the spot with amazement. By the book-case in a shaded corner of the room, with his head bowed low upon his hands, knelt the philosopher. Here was a long step from the siege of Troy, from the simple wrath of a childlike hero to the most complex embarrassment of an heir of all the ages. What should I do? The dismal menial had fled to the shades, without a word, without even a glance into the room. If I retreated, I left my friend unaided, and remained ignorant of the cause of his strange conduct. If I advanced, I was again the intruder on a scene not prepared for my inspection. In an agony of hesitation I fell to brushing my hat with my elbow; but not finding the expected relief in the occupation, I was about to desist, when my hat decided what my head could not, by falling with a crack on the floor. The effect was electrical. Without one glance at the intruder, the philosopher made a grab at the nearest book-shelf, dragged out a volume which had not been touched for half a century, and hunted for nothing in its pages with frantic eagerness. He was still at it when I stood over him and noted without wonder that he held the book upside down; then with the poorest imitation of surprise which I have ever seen, he rose and grasped my hand. "You found me on the track of something," he said; "I was looking it out in—in—"

Here it occurred to him that he did not know the name of the venerable tome which he had so rudely disturbed, and with a heightened color and a sudden change of manner he turned quickly to me and said, "My child is ill." I felt positively guilty. I had been angry with that baby for making my wise friend foolish, for not being a boy, for being called a "noble woman." Was it not shameful that a great hulking brute should sneer at a weak thing that could not answer with a taunt? Were not my clumsy sarcasms enough to crush so delicate a plant? The poor little "noble woman" was in danger, and I could do nothing to help her. There were tears in the eyes which had looked into mine for comfort, but I had nothing ready to say.

"I could not stand being alone," he muttered, after a short silence; "the doctor is with her now, and in a moment I may hear that my little daughter must—in fact may hear the worst."

While he was speaking, I seemed to have fifty consoling remarks to offer; but when he stopped, no one sentence would disengage itself from the rest. What I blurted out at last seems almost ridiculous as I look back on it.

"You must hope for the best," I said; "you know she has youth on her side."

These words where scarcely out of my mouth when I heard a measured step upon the stairs; presently the door was opened by the noiseless footman, and the most famous of London physicians entered the room. My friend leaned heavily on my arm, but he looked at the man of science with seeming calm.

"I am happy to say," said the physician, cheeringly, "that our little friend is going on as well as possible."

"And she is out of danger?"

"She never was in it."

"Never in danger?" cried I, almost disappointed.

"She has nothing the matter with her," he replied, "but a slight feverish cold. I have seldom seen a finer or more healthy child. Good morning."

I never was more annoyed. Here was a waste of my finest feelings. Here was I stirred to the depth, well nigh moved to tears by a baby's feverish cold. Of course I was very glad that it was no worse; but my friend was too absurd, and I could not spare him.

"Won't you resume your studies?" I asked, sarcastically, pointing to the disturbed book, which was lying on the ground at our feet. His humility might have disarmed me. "I am afraid I've been a fool," he said; "but if you had seen her all flushed and breathing hard; and then she was so small and fragile."

"Yes, for a noble woman," I remarked. He received the dart meekly. "Philosopher," said I, suddenly, determined to rouse him at any cost, "when I entered this room you were engaged in prayer." His color certainly deepened. "May I ask," I inquired, with an appearance of deference, whether you were addressing yourself to the Personal First Cause or the Unknowable—but perhaps you were merely bowing to the rational order of the Universe?"

He made a gesture of impatience, but answered, still with studied moderation, "I was alone and in trouble."

"And the efficacy of prayer?" I asked.

"For heaven's sake," cried he, bursting into excitement, "stop your jargon! Nothing shows such ignorance of a subject as having all its cant phrases on the top of your tongue. Can't I speak to God without expecting to be paid for it?"

This was turning the tables. If he was going to take to questions, I knew I should end by admitting myself a fool. So to avoid a Socratic dialogue I put my hand on my friend's shoulder and said: "You are a good man, philosopher; may you and the 'noble woman' live a thousand years."

"Thank you," he said, simply; "and now you must let me go and sing a pæan with the nobler woman, my patient Penelope, my sweet wife."

So he went with long strides over the asphodel meadow, and I betook myself to my tent full of pleasant thoughts.

The Grangers.

It is claimed that one thousand Granges will be established in Georgia by Jan. 1, 1875.

The Grangers of Missouri are following those of Iowa in establishing manufactories for agricultural implements.

Marion, Alabama, is taking steps towards having a cotton factory. The Grangers have the matter in hand, and much interest is manifested.

The Grangers are increasing rapidly in Todd. Granges have been recently organized at Kirkmansville, Sharon Grove and other points in the county.

The State Grange of Nebraska is putting in machinery at Plattsmouth for the manufacture of plows, cultivators, headers, harvesters, and other agricultural implements. The building is a two-story brick, 40 by 140 feet. Thirty heads of families are employed to commence with. Steam and blast power of the necessary quantity will be furnished.

Up to the 1st of January there were 325 granges organized in Tennessee. Since that time the number has been increased to 700. It is estimated that there will be not less than 50,000 to 75,000 Grangers in the state before next fall.

The order is experiencing a wonderfully rapid growth, and it will soon be the case that there will not be a farmer in the state who will not be a member of some grange.

The Kansas State Grange, says the Wathena Reporter, has refused to recognize any paper as an official organ. This was a wise action. Should any particular paper be designated as such, others equally friendly to the order, and conducted with as much ability, would have reason to feel aggrieved, and stop striving to advance the cause of the Patrons. As it is all will do their best, and it is much better to have the influence of many than but one.

Big Trees—The Yosemite Eclipsed.

The Brisbane (Australia) Courier publishes the following official telegram from Mr. Walker Hill, the government botanist, dated from Cardwell on the 27th, and received by the Queensland secretary for lands: "Since the 20th of November we have examined the banks of the Mulgrave, Russell, Mossman, Daintree, and Hull rivers, and have been more or less successful in finding suitable land for sugar and other tropical and semi-tropical productions. The ascent of the summit of Bellenden Kerr was successfully made by Johnston, Hill, and eight troopers. At 2,500 feet in height we observed an undescribed tree with crimson flowers, which excels the Poinciana regia, Colvillia racemosa, Lagersstroma regia, and the Jacaranda mimosifolia. At 4,400 feet a tree fern, which will excel in grandeur all others of the Alboreous class. A palm tree at the same height which will rival any of the British-India species in gracefulness. On the banks of the Daintree we saw a palm tree cocoa, which far exceeds the unique specimen in the garden of the same genera from Brazil, in grandeur and gracefulness. While cutting a given line on the banks of the river Johnstone, for the purpose of examining the land, an enormous fig tree stood in the way, far exceeding in stoutness and grandeur the renowned forest giants of California and Victoria. Three feet from the ground it measured 150 feet in circumference; at 55 feet, where it sent forth giant branches, the stem was nearly 80 feet in circumference."

Wild Goose Shooting.

The season for wild goose shooting on Long Island has commenced. As the birds are very shy, it requires a good deal of skill on the part of the sportsman to come near enough for a shot. The method generally employed is to obtain from fifteen to twenty wild geese, by "winging" them on their passage north or south—the old fashioned "stoolers" being regarded as entirely behind the age. These are tamed so that they can be "lined" to stakes, when they are taken to the bars where wild geese usually stop to feed, and fastened to stakes put down in the sand out of sight, while the gunner conceals himself in a box sunk in the sand, and partially covered by sea-weed or meadow-grass. When flocks of wild geese are passing, these partially tamed ones will call them, and usually they will fly near by, or alight, when the gunner rises and shoots. Experts have killed as many as twenty-five at a shot. The flocks of tame geese are regarded as very valuable.

The Stage.

A writer in the New York Times has been devoting some inquiry into the variety business, and has brought forward rather interesting statistics. We find that Misses Alice Dinning and Lizzie Wilmore, now accepted comediennes of the legitimate stage, earned their first notoriety upon the variety boards. To these are added the names of Lingard, McKee Rankin and J. C. Williamson. Some curious facts as to the salaries are also given. Song and dance men, who were once glad to get $8 or $10 per week, now command $75. Comic and ballad singers have sprung from $20 to $25 per week to $100 to $150. Irish and negro comedians who were paid $25 per week, are now receiving from $125 to $150. Acrobats and trapeze performers are paid the highest salaries. The Times writer's figures are: Leona Dare and her husband get $150 a week in New York, and $200 outside of it; the Jackley family, $350; Lulu, $1000; Ala, $150; the Wilsons $150, and the Mathews family $190. At least the last named were engaged in England three years ago by Mr. Butler for $190 a week, and after they made their appearance here he let them out to other managers at $500, making by the transaction over $200 a week himself. The Berger family of bell-ringers get about $800 a week, and other specialists receive all the way from $100 to $500 weekly.

STATISTICS show that of the thousands who die annually, a large proportion are destroyed, not by old age, or by the natural exhaustion of vitality, but through intemperance, or disregard either on the part of the sufferer, or his parents, of the simplest laws of nature. Such being the case—and figures cannot misrepresent facts—the conclusion is that were the causes of intemperance, its kindred vices, and a disregard of natural laws, removed, the average length of the human life-time would be extended proportionately. What agent most rapidly, harmlessly and certainly will eradicate these vices, or the tendency to them, is the question which has been as thoroughly and persistently agitated as has the search for the philosopher's stone. The discovery has been made by Dr. Joseph Walker, whose widely known Vinegar Bitters are accomplishing wonders which the old fogy doctors never dreamed of. Try them and judge for yourself, as thousands are doing all over the country.

—The Protestant Episcopal communion in the United States comprises 41 dioceses and 9 missionary jurisdictions, 25 bishops, 3,095 priests and deacons, 2,700 parishes, and 260,000 communicants. The most populous diocese is that of New York, which has 26,282 communicants; next is Pennsylvania, with 19,109; next Maryland, with 17,055, and the fourth in number is Connecticut, with 15,316. The contributions of all kinds for the year are reported at $7,315,149.

THE ORGAN as a houshold instrument has been rapidly growing in favor, and the yearly sales are now enormous. A good Organ remains in tune, is easily kept in order, and blends naturally with the quality of the voice. The advertisement of the Smith American Organ Co., in another column, is referred to the consideration of our readers. This house has an enviable reputation for good work and fair dealing.

—A good lady of Columbus, Ga., was "struck all of a heap" by an old colored woman she met the other day. She beamed all over her face as she said, in the most approved Georgia style: "Howdy, Aunt Maria!" The aged negress raised herself erect, placed her arms akimbo and remarked, loftily, looking sideways, "I ain't yer ant, and I ain't yer uncle; I'se yer ekal!"

A GOOD REMEDY

FOR CURING

CONSUMPTION, COUGHS, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND CROUP.

As an Expectorant it has no Equal.

IT is composed of the active principles of roots and plants, which are chemically extracted, so as to retain all their medical qualities.

ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM.

This Great Medicine was first Offered for Sale Ten Years Ago.

Its good qualities were soon made known at home; and very soon its fame was noised far and near; now it is sold in nearly every Drug Store in the United States. No similar medicine stands higher.

Please Read the Following.

COLUMBIA, Henry County, Alabama, March 8, 1873.

Messrs. J. N. HARRIS & Co., Cincinnati, O.

DEAR SIRS—I want you to send me six bottles of Allen's Lung Balsam. Since last May I have bought and taken about twenty bottles of the Lung Balsam for disease of the lungs of thirteen years' standing. Before that time I had bought and used nearly every lung remedy recommended, and your Lung Balsam is the only thing that has given me permanent relief. I believe it saved my life last spring when I commenced its use. I do not expect that anything will cure me entirely, but the Balsam keeps me up so that I can attend to business. It gives me immediate relief, and I am greatly improved in general health.

I remain, gratefully yours,

D. D. POOL.

What better proof of a remedy for Consumption do you want?

HAYES' STATION, Ala., April 7, 1873.

Messrs J. N. HARRIS & Co.

GENTS—I take great pleasure in writing you to say that I received the Allen's Lung Balsam. I used it according to directions, and it has done me great good. It is the best medicine I ever used for colds and coughs, and I know if I follow the directions it will cure my consumption.

With these few remarks I remain, yours truly,

WATSON GRAVES.

The Lung Balsam never fails to do good for those afflicted with a cough.

It is harmless to the most delicate child.

It contains no opium in any form.

It is sold by medicine dealers generally.

CAUTION.

Be not deceived. Call for ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM, and take no other.

Directions accompany each bottle.

J. N. HARRIS & CO., Cincinnati, O., Proprietors.

For sale by all medicine dealers.

The Great American Trotter, Golddust.

Golddust was one of the most illustrious horses ever bred on this continent, and in many respects, stands without a rival. For peerless beauty, magnificent style, lofty mein and splendid action, he has never been surpassed. He was bred by the eminent stock-grower, L. L. Dorsey, Jr., of Eden Farm, Jefferson county, Kentucky, a gentleman who has devoted a long and active life in developing, advancing and promoting the stock-growing interests of our country, and who has contributed more in that respect, as regards trotting horses, than any man of the present time. Golddust was foaled in 1853. He was sired by Vermont Morgan, he by Bernard Morgan and out of Chase's noted Morgan mare. The dam of Golddust was a thoroughbred mare, sired by the imported Arabian horse Zilcadie, out of a thoroughbred mare by the imported English race horse Barefoot. The pedigree of Vermont Morgan runs back directly to the renowned True Briton, an imported horse.

Golddust was full sixteen hands high, and weighed, in good condition, 1,275 pounds. His head was a model of beauty and symmetry, eyes very prominent, well set and wonderfully large, bold and brilliant; his ears admirably set; throttle large and well let down; neck long, well proportioned and beautifully shaped and let down on shoulders wonderfully long that played well up to the withers and down to his long, beautiful and muscular arms; his knees very broad and short from the knee to the ankles, which were long, sinewy and elastic, set in deep, small and beautifully shaped feet. His backbone was exquisitely shaped and wonderfully large back of the shoulders and tapered as it ran forward or back from this point. The muscles of the back were large and well thrown up above the bone, his loins smooth, hip and thigh bones large and fully supplied with muscles. His color at the age of three years was that of gold, from which he derived his name; but as he advanced in years he gradually grew darker, and at his death, was a deep, rich, red chestnut.

Golddust was the first three-year old that ever won a trotting race in Kentucky in as fast time as three minutes. At that age he was broke to harness and was handled the summer and fall, and exhibited at the State fairs at of that year in Illinois and Indiana, and in Kentucky at Louisville, Henderson and Bardstown, and won the speed rings every time. The first time he made three minutes was just after he had returned from a six weeks' tour in the West, and three days before the trot, was driven thirty-eight miles in one day. At four years old he made a short season for his owner, and sired nine or ten colts; at five years old, about twenty more; at six he was trained and beat all the best stallions in Kentucky eleven seconds, among them Iron Duke, who was matched against him for $10,000, which he won with ease, leaving him a distance behind. He sired but few colts during each year of the war, and after that time, until his death, at the age of seventeen, he sired yearly from twenty-five to forty colts—in all about two hundred and fifty. The youngest, now about two years old, like all the rest, are so strikingly marked in shape, form, style, manner and action, that they can at once be recognized.

Golddust was the sire of the first two-year old that ever trotted a mile in Kentucky in less than three minutes. Last year, at Louisville, one of his colts, Rolla Golddust, distanced his opponent, and made the time in 2:25, being the best time ever made in Kentucky. The same horse, five years before, distanced his opponents at Albany, New York, and jogged home in the remarkable time of 2:21, and could have made it in 2:16 had he been pressed. The same horse was winner at three and four years old, distancing his opponents at Woodlawn. But few of his colts—from two to four—have been handled yearly, as he was kept almost exclusively for his owner; but with even the few handled they have been able to win at least nine out of ten races against colts from three to five years old. At Chicago there were sixty-eight entries at these ages, and the Golddust furnished all the winners! Last year in the grand Colt Stakes at Buffalo and Utica, New York, not a single Northern colt could be found to start against Glencoe Golddust. Four years ago they won at Boston. They won also in Iowa, for stakes for two, three, four and five years old. In New York, in Hiram Woodruff's stakes, but one Northern colt could be found to enter the race, and that one was distanced. For thirteen years Mr. Dorsey has trotted his Golddusts and repeatedly defeated all other breeds at long or short races, and has won in nine-tenths of all the matches he could get, and been successful in three-fourths of all the colt purses in which they have started, from Boston south to Alabama, and west to St. Louis, Chicago, Iowa and Michigan. They have trotted against such horses as Dexter, Billy Boyce, Pilots, etc., etc., and beaten more than three times as many races as all other breeds ever won over them, at even ages. The great and inestimable value of this breed is that they are fast at from two years old up to the oldest, and do not go back or cease to improve as do coarser breeds. The record the Golddusts have made should inspire us as Americans with a just pride, and especially should we exult when we can claim such horses for a sister State. Mr. Dorsey deserves the thanks and gratitude of our whole people for introducing this noble and justly famous breed of horses into our country.

There is an old adage, like sire like son—and another equally true, like produces like; and is not this fully proven by Golddust and his get? He beat all the best colts at three years old, and in the best time that had been made by a colt of his age, and at six he beat the best horses of Kentucky, native raised, or imported from the East. He produced the first two year old that ever trotted below three minutes, and a second of his colts out of ten, distanced his opponents at three, four, five, seven and eight years of age, and at thirteen did the same, marking the best trotting time ever made in the greatest of all breeding States, Kentucky. Willy Golddust, a third one of these ten, distanced Bob Johnson, the best six-year old in Kentucky, when five years old. After these showings, will that lover the horse, will say, if properly bred, he cannot be used at all ages from three to fourteen, or even to twenty or twenty-five years of age? Rolla Golddust has been trotting for eleven years, and won all the way from three years old up, and now his owner desires to match him against any horse, at one and two miles. At six years old he challenged Dexter, and at seven he distanced Locky in 2:25; at eight years he distanced the pacer, Billy Boyce, in a jog, in 2:21; at thirteen he distanced his opponent at Louisville, beating any time ever made in Kentucky.—*Rolfe S. Saunders.*

JOHNSON'S Anodyne Liniment may be administered to children with perfect success, in cases of croup, whooping cough, influenza, and almost any of the diseases to which they are liable.

—There was something pathetic in the position of the German florist, who, in the bitterness of his heart, exclaimed: "I have so much drouble mit de ladies ven dey come to buy mine rose; dey vants him hardy, dey vants doubles, dey vants him fragrant, dey vants him nice golour, dey vants him aberyding in one rose. I hopes I am not vat you call one uncallant man, but I have sometimes to say to dat ladies, 'Madame, I never often see ladies dat vas beautiful, dat vas rich, dat vas good temper, dat vas youngs, dat vas clever, dat vas perfection, in one ladies, I see her much not.'"

Warranted.

Four to six bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery are warranted to cure salt rheum or tetter and the worst kind of pimples on the face. Two to four bottles are warranted to clear the system of boils, carbuncles and sores. Four to six bottles are warranted to cure the worst kind of erysipelas and blotches among the hair. Six to ten bottles are warranted to cure running of the ears and corrupt or running ulcers. Eight to ten bottles are warranted to cure scrofulous sores and swellings. Two to six bottles are warranted to cure liver complaint.

A WONDER TO HERSELF.
TANKTOWN, Delaware county, Ohio, March 20, 1873.

DR. R. V. PIERCE:
Your Discovery needs only a fair trial and it will do all you recommend it to do and more too. When I was fifteen I caught cold and for twenty-eight years I have been a perfect wreck of disease, and all the medicines and doctors' bills have run up at times to two and three hundred dollars, and never any better but worse, when I give up all hope last spring of living the summer through. I received one of your Account Books and told my husband after reading it that it was never too late. He went and bought two bottles and I found it was helping me very much. Since 1841 I was troubled with catarrh and sore throat, and was almost entirely deaf in one ear and my voice was as dull as could be. There was constant pain in my head. Now my head is as sound as a dollar, my voice is clear, and I have used ten bottles of your Discovery. It has cured me of catarrh, sore throat, heart disease, spine affection and torpid liver. My liver was very bad. My skin was rough. When I put my hands on my body it was like fish scales. Now it is as smooth and soft as a child's. In conclusion, I will say I have been well for three months. I am a wonder to myself and friends. This is but an imperfect statement, half has not been told. Yours with respect,
HESTER LACKEY.

Great Sale of Golddust Trotters.

The Eighth great sale of Golddust Trotting Stock will come off May 6th, at Eden Farm, near Louisville, Ky. Fifty-four head of this world-renowned Trotting Stock will then be sold without reserve to the highest bidder, including Zilcadie, Rolla Golddust, Emerson, and Glencoe Golddust, three of the finest trotters on the continent. It is the best opportunity ever offered stock-growers to supply themselves with this celebrated breed, which stands unrivalled among American horses. Brood mares and colts will also be offered low at private sale. Send for catalogue to L. L. DORSEY, jr., Louisville, Ky.

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As AN evidence of the popularity of Procter & Gamble's Extra Olive Soap, we state upon good authority that the sales of this one brand of soap exceeded one hundred thousand boxes [of sixty pounds each], or six million pounds, the past year, and the demand is increasing daily. A superior article and full weight tells in the end.

OPPRESSION after eating, headache, nervous debility, are the effects of indigestion. One, or two, at most, of Parsons' Purgative Pills will give immediate relief.

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BEST AND OLDEST FAMILY MEDICINE.—Sanfords Liver Invigorator—a purely vegetable Cathartic and Tonic—for dyspepsia, constipation, debility, sick headache, bilious attacks; and all derangements of the stomach and bowels. Ask your druggist for it. Beware of imitations.

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from no other cause than having worms in the stomach.

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will destroy worms without injury to the child, being perfectly WHITE and free from all coloring or other injurious ingredients usually used in worm preparations.

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Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health and comfort to mother and child. We believe it to be the best and surest remedy in the world in all cases of dysentery and diarrhœa in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper.
Sold by all medicine dealers.

HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT.

HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT.

Why Will You Suffer?

To all persons suffering from rheumatism, neuralgia, cramps in the limbs or stomach, bilious colic, pain in the back, bowels or side, we would say the Household Panacea and Family Liniment is of all others the remedy you want for internal and external use. It has cured the above complaints in thousands of cases. There is no mistake about it. Try it. Sold by all druggists.

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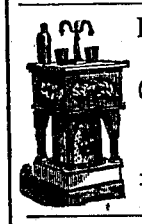

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Sent postpaid on receipt of the price. Agents wanted in every city and town. Address LEE & SHEPARD, Boston.

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Possesses qualities that no other dye does. Its effect is instantaneous and it is so natural that it cannot be detected. It is harmless and easily applied, and is in general use among the fashionable hairdressers in every large city. Price $1.00 a box. Sold everywhere. Office, 48 Cortlandt street, N. Y.

AGENTS wanted to sell our justly celebrated articles for ladies' wear. Indispensable and absolutely necessary. 10,000 SOLD MONTHLY. They give comfort and satisfaction. NO FEMALE CAN DO WITHOUT THEM. Sample sent on receipt of $2.00 FREE. Send for Illustrated Circular. LE PERLE RUBBER CO., 50 Chambers street, New York.

Dr. SAM'L S. FITCH'S
FAMILY PHYSICIAN
Will be sent free by mail to any one sending their address to 714 Broadway, New York.

TEA. TEA AGENTS wanted in town and country to sell TEA, or get up club orders for the largest Tea Company in America. Importers' prices and inducements to agents. Send for circular. Address ROBERT WELLS, 43 Vesey street, New York. P. O. box, 1287.

NEW BOOK.
Nothing Like it in Literature.
AGENTS wanted for Science in Story by Dr. E. B. Foote. Select your territory etc. Address Murray Hill Publishing Co., 129 East 28th St., N. Y.

LEGS and ARMS. Satisfaction Guaranteed. Pamphlet Free. CHAS. M. EVANS, Manuf'rer, 76 Fourth Street, LOUISVILLE, KY. 152 West Fourth Street, CINCINNATI, O.

AGENTS make more money selling SILVERS' PATENT BROOM, than any other article. One agent made $702 in 31 days. Recommended by American Agriculturist and over 100,000 families using them. Circulars free. CLEGG & CO., 20 Cortlandt street, New York.

AGENTS WANTED for our RECEIPT book, "25,000 Wants Supplied." RECEIPTS FOR EVERYTHING. A book that EVERYBODY WANTS. Splendid Chromo FREE with every book. Continental Pub. Co., St. Louis.

WHY NOT? Send 25 cts. with addresses of 5 others and receive postpaid a Fine Chromo, 7x9, worth $1.50, and instructions to clear $20 a day. PLUMB & CO., 108 S. 8th st., Phila., Pa.

THIS PRINTING INK was manufactured by W. D. WILSON & CO., Harper's building, New York. It is for sale by the Southern Newspaper Union, Nashville, in 10 lb. and 25 lb. packages. Also a full assortment of Job Inks.

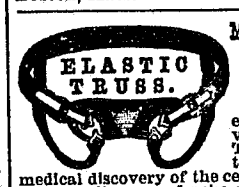
THE SMITH
AMERICAN ORGAN COMPANY.
ESTABLISHED
Nearly a Quarter of a Century.
50,000 ORGANS SOLD!!

THE policy of this company is to use the best material without regard to cost. Its employes, especially those in leading positions, have been familiar with the manufacture of reed instruments from the infancy of the business.
The cases are solidly constructed, and from NEW and ELEGANT DESIGNS.
The manufacturers claim that they have succeeded in producing the *most satisfactory harmony ever heard from Reeds;* while at the same time their Organs have *never been equaled in power.*

AN ORGAN LEADING 3000 SINGERS!

The following letter from the most eminent organist in the United States, refers to an Organ now used in the Rev. Dr. Talmadge's church. The Organ formerly used, made by another house, had proved insufficient.
DEAR SIR—I owe you personally my best thanks for sending to us [the Brooklyn Tabernacle Congregation] one of the Smith American Reed Organs to the Academy of Music. It is perfectly wonderful that so small an instrument in size should have sufficient power to lead a congregation of so many thousand people. The trustees, as well as myself, are much pleased with it. The quality of TONE is also all that can be desired. It speaks for itself; and all I have met with, who attend the services, speak of it as most satisfactory. Accept my thanks, and believe me to remain most respectfully yours GEO. W. MORGAN,
New York, February 4, 1873. Organist.

New Instruments of a Refined Quality of Tone for Private Houses.
Catalogues sent to any address on application.
Tremont street, (opposite Waltham street,) Boston, Mass.



Most Important Announcement to Ruptured Persons.
New and perfect remedy for Hernia. The invention of the Elastic Truss is without doubt the most important medical discovery of the century. The results of this new discovery for the certain relief and cure of Hernia are most astonishing and gratifying. This new Truss is worn with perfect comfort *night and day.* It yields to every motion of the body, always retaining the rupture during the hardest exercise or severest strain, and if the directions are followed a permanent cure will soon be effected. No well informed person will now wear any of the old fashioned metal spring trusses that were formerly used, but now discarded. This new Truss is sent by mail or express to all parts of the country with full directions for fitting. A full descriptive circular will be sent free if requested by mail. The Elastic Truss will be supplied through the Surgeon General's office on request, to any pensioner who are entitled to a Truss from the Government. *Age* or the length of time a patient has been ruptured will not prevent a cure.
From the numerous testimonials in our possession we append the following:
"After the experience of months, patients testify strongly to its *efficacy*, as well as to the *ease* and freedom from inconvenience with which the instrument is worn. With superior advantages, the Elastic Truss possesses in a high degree ALL requisites and qualifications claimed for other inventions. I have no hesitation in regarding it as an important means for the relief and cure of Hernia." J. M. CARNOCHAN, M. D.
"Ex-Health Officer of the Port of New York, Surgeon-in-Chief of New York State Hospital," etc.

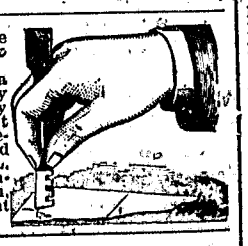
NEW YORK, March 10, 1874.
GEO. V. HOUSE, M. D., Supt. Elastic Truss Co.
Dear Sir—After suffering for thirty years, in my own person from the use of every form of Metallic Truss procurable in this country, and in Europe, I two years ago applied your Elastic Truss, and since that time I have experienced comfort and satisfaction, and been taught the truth, that the Elastic Truss is the only instrument that should be used for the relief and cure of Hernia; and now after more than thirty years continuous practice, and having adjusted many hundreds of Trusses, [and for the last twenty months yours exclusively] I gratefully declare it to be my deliberate opinion, that your Elastic Truss is the only one entitled to the confidence of the public; that elasticity is the only power at all adapted to the requirements of a Truss or Supporter, and am convinced that your Elastic Truss actually cures a large proportion of all cases to which it is applied, not only among children, but in numerous cases within my own knowledge of patients from fifty to seventy-five years of age. W. H. BURNHAM, M. D.
Professor of Anatomy and Surgery, N. Y. E. Medical College. Address
THE ELASTIC TRUSS CO.,
683 Broadway, New York.

FARM ENGINES.
LANE & BODLEY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
The Best Portable Farm
ENGINE,

EIGHT, TEN, AND TWELVE-HORSE power, mounted on a strong wagon and ready for use.
Our Improved Spark Arrester is the best in use. Send order direct. Illustrated catalogues furnished on application to
LANE & BODLEY,
John and Water Streets, Cincinnati, Ohio.

THE SHORTEST ROUTE TO FORTUNE!
$450,000 GIVEN AWAY!
$100,000 FOR ONLY $2.50!
A GRAND LEGAL GIFT CONCERT
In aid of a Juvenile Reform School at Leavenworth, Kan.
DRAWING APRIL 30, 1874.
One Prize guaranteed in every package of 11 Tickets. Single Tickets, $2.50; 5 for $12; 11 for $25. But few tickets left; and, as our sales are rapid, purchasers should order at once. Any money arriving too late will be returned. Good, reliable Agents wanted everywhere. For full particulars, address
SIMON ABELES, Leavenworth, Kan.

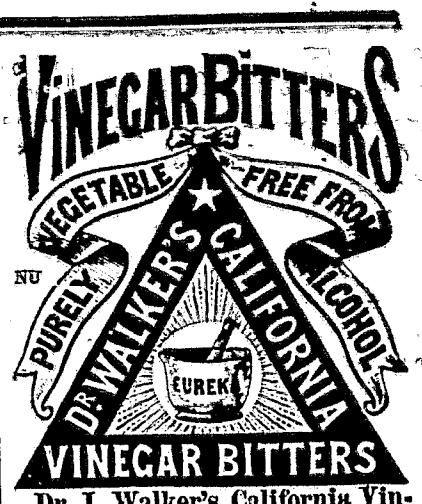
CINCHO-QUININE
is as effectual a remedy
FOR FEVER & AGUE
as the Sulphate in the same doses, while it *affects the head less*, is more palatable and *much cheaper.*
Send for descriptive Circular with *Testimonials of Physicians* from all parts of the country.
☞ Sample packages for trial, 25 cents.
Prepared by BILLINGS, CLAPP & CO., Chemists, Boston, Mass. New York Office, 8 & 9 College Place.



LOVEJOY'S new style GLASS CUTTER & PUTTY KNIFE. Cuts glass better than a diamond. Everybody should have one. Any child can use it. Sent to your address on receipt of fifty cents and stamp by ALVAN L. LOVEJOY, 229 Washington street, Boston, Mass. Liberal discount to storekeepers.

COSTAR EXTERMINATORS AND INSECT POWDER FOR
Rats, Mice, Roaches, Ants, Bed-bugs, Moths, &c.
J. F. HENRY, CURRAN & CO., N. Y., Sole Agents.

MARRIAGE GUIDE. An interesting illustrated work of 250 pages, containing valuable information for those who are married or contemplate marriage. Price fifty cents, by mail. Address Dr. Butts' Dispensary, 12 North Eighth street, St. Louis, Mo.



Dr. J. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters are a purely Vegetable preparation, made chiefly from the native herbs found on the lower ranges of the Sierra Nevada mountains of California, the medicinal properties of which are extracted therefrom without the use of Alcohol. The question is almost daily asked, "What is the cause of the unparalleled success of VINEGAR BITTERS?" Our answer is, that they remove the cause of disease, and the patient recovers his health. They are the great blood purifier and a life-giving principle, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the system. Never before in the history of the world has a medicine been compounded possessing the remarkable qualities of VINEGAR BITTERS in healing the sick of every disease man is heir to. They are a gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, relieving Congestion or Inflammation of the Liver and Visceral Organs, in Bilious Diseases.

The properties of DR. WALKER'S VINEGAR BITTERS are Aperient, Diaphoretic, Carminative, Nutritious, Laxative, Diuretic, Sedative, Counter-Irritant, Sudorific, Alterative, and Anti-Bilious.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Druggists and Gen. Agts., San Francisco, California, and cor. of Washington and Charlton Sts., N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists and Dealers.

CONSUMPTION
And Its Cure.
WILLSON'S
Carbolated Cod Liver Oil
Is a scientific combination of two well-known medicines. Its theory is first to arrest the decay, then build up the system. Physicians find the doctrine correct. The really startling cures performed by Willson's Oil are proof.
Carbolic Acid positively arrests Decay. It is the most powerful antiseptic in the known world. Entering into the circulation, it at once grapples with corruption, and decay ceases. It purifies the sources of disease.
Cod Liver Oil is Nature's best assistant in resisting Consumption.
Put up in large wedge-shaped bottles, bearing the proprietors signature, and is sold by the best Druggists. Prepared by
J. H. WILLSON, 83 John St., New York.

$20 SAVED FLORENCE $20 SAVED
The Long-contested Suit of the FLORENCE SEWING MACHINE CO. against the Singer, Wheeler & Wilson, and Grover & Baker Companies, involving over $250,000, *Is finally decided by the Supreme Court of the United States* in favor of the FLORENCE, which alone has *Broken the Monopoly of High Prices.*
THE NEW FLORENCE
Is the ONLY machine that sews backward and forward, or to right and left. Simplest—Cheapest—Best.
SOLD FOR CASH ONLY. SPECIAL TERMS TO CLUBS and DEALERS.
April, 1874. *Florence, Mass.*

DUNHAM PIANOS.
Dunham & Sons, Manufacturers,
Warerooms, 18 East 14th Street,
[Established 1834.] NEW YORK.
Send for Illustrated Circular and Price List.

MITCHELL'S
ATLAS of the WORLD!
The BEST AND CHEAPEST ever Published. AGENTS WANTED—to whom the Largest Commissions will be paid. For full particulars, address the Publishers.
BRADLEY & COMPANY,
No. 66 North 4th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
☞ Also Publishers of Standard Religious Works, Illustrated Family Bibles, &c., &c.

WOMAN to the RESCUE.
A STORY OF THE "NEW CRUSADE."
T. S. ARTHUR'S latest and greatest book, on the most remarkable uprisings of modern times a fitting sequel to his "MAN TRAP" and "TEN-NIGHTS," *will arouse the people like a trumpet blast*, and sell like wildfire. Published at a low price to insure rapid sales and immense circulation. Friends of temperance, help to circulate it. Complete agent's outfit mailed on receipt of $1.00.
QUEEN CITY PUBLISHING CO., Cincinnati, O.

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HAPPY RELIEF. Don't despair! Read the cream of medical literature! Thirty years among the afflicted; thousands saved from an early grave; lost vitality; nervous weakness; who may marry; why not; lost memory; impaired health. Thirty lectures delivered at Chicago Medical Institute, price 50 cts. Consultation free. Cures guaranteed. Address or call on Dr. A. G. OLIN, 187 Washington st., corner State, Chicago, Ill. Pleasant home for patients. All correspondence confidential.

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Course of study short, practical, thorough! Session perpetual! Rates reasonable, board cheap and society good advantages first class. SITUATIONS GUARANTEED to worthy graduates, or half the tuition refunded. For particulars or specimens of penmanship address the principal, THOMAS TONEY, Lebanon, Tennessee.

WHEN writing to advertisers please mention the name of this paper. No 16, S. N. U.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, St. Louis, Mo. Longest engaged and most successful physician of the age. Consultation or pamphlet free. Call or write. Just published for the benefit of young men who suffer from Nervousness, Debility, &c., a treatise of 36 pages, for 2 stamps; a book, 250 pages, illustrated, for 50 cents.

BUY J. & P. COATS' BLACK THREAD for your MACHINE.

The Democrat.

GROVE HILL:

TUESDAY : : : : : : : : : : MAY 19

COUNTY NEWS.

☞Capt. Frank Stone, of the elegant steamer VICTORIA, will please accept our thanks for a late Mobile *Register*.

The Court of County Commissioners was in session yesterday—regular term.

Crops are still growing very slowly and the nights are still cold and the weather dry. Showers were passing about last week and on Monday of this week, but none of them fell in this vicinity to an extent to benefit crops.

RESIDENCE BURNED.—We regret to learn that the valuable residence of Maj. Wm. J. Hearin, near Gosport in this county, was burned last Thursday night. It is supposed the fire originated from a stove. We know nothing as to the loss or as to insurance.

MILLS BURNED.—The saw and grist mill at Tallahatta Springs, this county, and the property of Mr. Mathew Goodman, was burned on the night of the 8th inst. It is thought the property was fired by an incendiary.

The saw mill at Nanafalia, Marengo county, was burned the same night. Incendiarism also.

The warehouse at Jackson fell down Saturday night just as Mr. Dahlberg finished the heavy freights which were landed Saturday afternoon. The long inundation had so softened the ground that the blocks sank on the side next to the river, precipitating the sill to the water. A small portion of the freight was thrown into the water but was not seriously damaged.

CHANCERY COURT.—The regular term of this court commenced on yesterday, Chancellor A. W. Dillard presiding. The docket is light and the work of the court will be finished today. Judge Dillard is an able and reliable officer and gives general satisfaction in the discharge of his duties. It would be well for the State if she had more officers of his ability, patriotism and honesty.

Judge Gibbons, of Mobile; Judge Torrey, of Claiborne, and Capt. Kilpatrick, of Camden, and J. M. Davison, of Monroeville, were the only legal gentlemen present, excepting, of course, those of our own county.

A Proclamation.

Whereas, Certain turbulent and disorderly persons, pretending that Elisha Baxter, the present Executive of Arkansas, was not elected, have combined together with force and arms to resist his authority as such Executive, and other authorities of said State, and

Whereas, said Baxter has been declared duly elected by the General Assembly of said State, as provided in the Constitution thereof, and has for a long period been exercising the functions of said office, into which he was inducted according to the constitution and laws of said State, and ought by its citizens to be considered as the lawful Executive thereof.

And, whereas, it is provided in the Constitution of the United States that the United States shall protect every State in the Union on the application of the Legislature, or of the Executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, against domestic violence.

And whereas said Elisha Baxter, under section 4 of article 4 of the Constitution of the United States, and the laws passed in pursuance thereof, has heretofore made application to me to protect said State and the persons thereof against domestic violence.

And whereas the General Assembly of said State, convened in extra session at the capitol thereof on the 11th inst.; pursuant to a call made by said Elisha Baxter, and both houses thereof have passed a joint resolution also applying to me to protect the State against domestic violence; and

Whereas, it is provided in the laws of the United States that in all cases of insurrection in any State, or of obstruction to the laws thereof, it shall be lawful for the President of the United States, on application of the Legislature of such State, or of the Executive when the Legislature cannot be convened, to employ such part of the land and naval forces as shall be judged necessary for the purpose of suppressing such insurrection or causing the laws to be duly executed; and

Whereas, it is required that whenever it may be necessary, in the judgment of the President, to use military force for the purpose aforesaid, he shall forthwith, by proclamation, command such insurgents to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective houses within a limited time; therefore I, Ulysses S. Grant, President of the United States, do hereby make proclamation and command all turbulent and disorderly persons to disperse and retire peaceably to their respective abodes within ten days from this date, and hereafter to submit themselves to the lawful authority of said Executive and the other constituted authorities of said State, and invoke the aid and co-operation of all good citizens to uphold law and preserve public peace.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

U S GRANT.

THE MARKETS.

COTTON AND MONEY.

In Mobile on the 16th inst., cotton was quoted as follows:

Good Ordinary	16c
Low Middlings	17c
Middlings	18c
Good Middlings	a18½c

Sales of the week 1,725 bales.
Gold 12a13 Silver 5a7.

GROCERY MARKET.
[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

MOBILE, May 16, 1874.

Merchants and Planters can have their orders filled at the following prices:

BAGGING—		
Western,	pr yd	15a16
India,	pr yd	13a14
ROPE—		
Western,	pr lb	10a—
Manilla,	pr lb	22a24
IRON TIES,	pr lb	7a8
BUTTER		
Western,	pr lb	30a35
Goshen,	pr lb	45a50
BACON—		
Sugar cured hams	pr lb	15a16
Plain Hams,	pr lb	—a—
Sides, Clear,	pr lb	-10a11
Sides, Ribbed,	pr lb	-a-
Shoulders,	pr lb	8a9
BEEF, Dried,	pr lb	27a28
CHEESE,	pr lb	18a22
COFFEE, Java,	pr lb	40a42
Rio,	pr lb	28a32
Havana,	pr lb	—a—
CANDLES, Sperm	pr lb	37a40
Star,	pr lb	21o22
CORN MEAL,	pr bush.	90a95
CORN,	pr bush.	105a110
FLOUR,	pr bl	7a11½
LARD,	pr lb	12a13
MOLASSES—		
Louisiana,	pr gal	50a80
Syrup,	pr gal	90a1 25
MACKEREL,	pr bl	13a17
OIL—Kerosene,	pr gal	40a45
PORK, Mess	pr bl	19a20
POTATOES, Irish	pr bl	2a3
PEPPER,	pr lb	30a35
RICE—Clean	pr lb	9a10
Rough,	pr lb	3a4
SUGAR, Crushed,	pr lb	12a14
Louisiana,	pr lb	9a11
SALT, Liverpool	pr sack	1 50a1 55
SOAP—Northern,	pr lb	6a8
Saponine,	pr lb	15a—
Soft,	pr lb	6½a7
SODA,	pr lb	9a10
STARCH,	pr lb	8½a11
TOBACCO,	pr lb	55a90
TEAS, Gunpowder	pr lb	1 50a1 57
VINEGAR,	pr gal	50a75

Preaching and Lecturing.

I will preach at Grove Hill (Baptist Church) on 2d Saturday in June, at 11 o'clock; lecture at night in interest of I. O. of G. T. Lecture the children of the Sabbath School Sunday at 9 A. M., and preach at 11 A. M.

I will preach at 11 A. M. and lecture at night in interest of the Order of Good Templars, as follows:

Salem Church, Monday, June 15th
Choctaw Corner, Tuesday, " 16th
New Prospect, Wednesday " 17th
Uniontown, Thursday, " 18th
West Bend, Friday, " 19th
Bladon Springs, Saturday and Sunday, 20th and 21st.

Friends will please give publicity to the above appointments.

H H. STURGIS

CLARKE COUNTY OFFICERS.

JACK R. WILSON, Probate Judge.
THOMAS CARTER, Sheriff.
J. C. SAVAGE, Clerk Circuit Court.
MIEL EZELL, Superintend't Education.
H. C. GRAYSON, County Surveyor.
H. C. GRAYSON, County Solicitor.
JAS. C. SAVAGE, Register in Chancery.
THOS. J. FORD, County Treasurer.
SETH J. PARKER, Tax Collector.
THOMAS J. COWAN, Tax Assessor.

LOUIS TOUART, Mobile. JOS. TOUART, Mobile.

L. & J. TOUART,
COTTON FACTORS
—AND—
General Commission Merchants,
NO. 12 COMMERCE ST.,
Mobile, Alabama.

☞Particular attention paid to any business entrusted to our care.
March 5, 1874 44tf

CANDIDATES.

County Treasurer.

☞We are authorized to announce W. FRANK WOODARD a candidate for the office of County Treasurer in the next November election.
March 2.

Tax Assessor.

☞The friends of MATHEW HARPER will support him for the office of Tax Assessor in the next November election, subject to the rules of the Democratic party. March 21, 1874.

☞We are authorized to announce THOMAS J. COWAN a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax-Assessor of Clarke county at the next November election. May 19.

Probate Judge.

GROVE HILL, March 30, 1874.

In answer to inquiries from many persons living in different parts of the county, I will say that I am a candidate for the office of Probate Judge at the next election.

JACK R. WILSON.

☞We are authorized to announce ALEXANDER CARLETON a candidate for the office of Judge of the Probate Court of Clarke county, at the next election. April 28.

Collector.

☞We are authorized to announce E. J. DOTY a candidate for the office of Tax Collector at the November election. March 27.

☞We are authorized to announce SETH J. PARKER a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax-Collector at the next November election. Ap 6.

☞We are authorized to announce W. D. COUNCIL a candidate for the office of Tax-Collector of Clarke county at the next November election. May 12.

Circuit Clerk.

☞We are authorized to announce JAMES C. SAVAGE a candidate for the office of Clerk of the Circuit Court of Clarke county at the election in November next. Apr 21.

Sheriff.

☞We are authorized to announce THOMAS CARTER a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Clarke county, at the next November election. May 5.

New Advertisements.

Tax Collector's Sale.

ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN JULY, 1874, within legal hours, in front of the Courthouse door of Clarke county, I will sell the following described real estate or as much thereof as may be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes thereon for the year 1873, to-wit:

Assessed to Snyder & Hickey—the nw¼ of ne¼, e½ of ne¼ se¼ of sw¼ n½ of nw¼, nw¼ of sw¼ n½ of ne¼ sec 28; se¼ of ne¼ se¼ of se¼, nw¼ of se¼, ne¼ of nw¼ sec 29; sw¼ of se¼ of se¼, sw¼ of nw¼, se¼ of ne¼ sec 20; se¼ of ne¼ sec sec 19; nw¼ of sec 29 T 6 R 2 east—taxes and expenses $40 10

Assessed to Montgomery Carleton—e½ of sec 16; se¼ of sw¼ sec 15; e½ of sec 21; w½ of nw¼, ne¼ of nw¼, sw¼, w½ of se¼ sec 22; n½ sec 28; n½ and n½ of se¼ sec 27; nw¼ of sw¼ sec 26 T 11 R 2 east—tax and costs, $54 99

A. J. Lungley—sw½ of se qr, sw¼ of ne¼, nw¼ of se¼ ne¼ of sw¼ sec 26 T 12 R 1 east—taxes and costs $8 67

SETH J. PARKER,
May 19. 4s Tax Collector.

STATE OF ALABAMA—CLARKE COUNTY.
Probate Court, April 29, 1874.
Estate of John M. Pugh, dec'd—Final Settlement.

THIS DAY came Enoch S. Cobb, the administrator of said estate, and filed his accounts and vouchers for a final settlement of the same:

It is therefore ordered by the court that the 24th day of June, 1874, be appointed for making such settlement, when all persons interested can appear and contest the same if they think proper.

J. R. WILSON,
May 5 w3 Judge.

Macon Lodge, No. 7, meets in Grove Hill the 4th Saturday in each month.

Job work neatly and expeditiously executed at this office, and for which prompt payment must be made on the delivery of the work. Pay as you go, is now the watchword.

MONTGOMERY ADVERTISER.

A DEMOCRATIC and CONSERVATIVE NEWSPAPER published at the Capital of Alabama,
DAILY AND WEEKLY.
Contains full reports of
LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS AND FULL
SUPREME COURT REPORTS.
It offers unusual attractions as a
FAMILY NEWSPAPES,
in the quantity, variety and general interest of its matter.
Every issue contains the
LATEST TELEGRAMS, the best MARKET REPORTS, and a variety of EDITORIALS and other ORIGINAL ARTICLES, selected NEWS, domestic and foreign, AGRICULTURAL ARTICLES, LOCAL and STATE NEWS.
No citizen of Alabama should be without a paper published at the Capital, the fountain-head of political and State news.

TERMS, CASH IN ADVANCE.

Weekly, one year	—	$ 2 00
Weekly, Clubs of Ten,		17 50
" Clubs of fifteen,		22 50
Daily, one year,	— —	10 00
" 6 months,	— —	5 00
" 3 months,	— —	2 50

It is not necessary that club subscribers live at the same postoffice. Send money by registered letter, postoffice order or express, to
THE ADVERTISER,
Montgomery, Ala.

Notice of Administration.

George Walker, dec'd, Estate of.

THE undersigned having been appointed administrator, of said estate on the 26th day of March, 1874, by the Probate court of Clarke county:

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said estate to present them duly authenticated within the time prescribed by law or they will be barred, and those indebted to said estate will make immediate payment to the undersigned.

E S. COBB,
April 7, 1874 w6 Adm'r.

Notice of Administration.

Estate of W. J. Taylor, dec'd.

LETTERS of Administration, on the above Estate, having been granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of Clarke county, Ala., on the 9th day of March, 1874:

Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against said Estate to present them properly authenticated within the time prescribed by law, or they will be barred, and those indebted to the Estate will make immediate payment to the undersigned.

M E. TAYLOR,
March 24, 1874w6 Adm'x.

OPPOSITION TO MONOPOLY.

The Planters'
COTTON TIE ASSOCIATION.

Home Office } No. 31 CARONDELET STREET, NEW ORLEANS.

This Associatio is now fully organized, and will be operated (as provided in the charter,) upon the basis of furnishing Iron Bands and Ties to Planters and the trade, at the lowest price consistent with the safe conduct of its business.

The price of its Bands and Ties for the season of 1874 is now fixed at seven cents (7c) per lb.—being a reduction of two cents (2c) per lb. from the price charged by the foreign company heretofore *monopolizing the trade*, previous to the organization of this Association, the

Lightning, Victor, Planters'
And BUTLER TIES.

All simple, strong and practical, and far superior to any others, will be furnished at the above reduced price

Full information, with cuts, and descriptions of the ties, etc., will be furnished promptly by mail upon application to

The Planters' Cotton Tie Association,
31 Carondelet St., New Orleans.
May 5 4t

☞The Grove Hill Grange meets the 2d and 4th Saturday in each month at 2 o'clock P. M.

Oliver Lodge No. 334, meets at Choctaw Corner the 1st Saturday in each month.

Grove Hill Female Academy.

THE exercises of this Academy will be resumed on Monday, the 8th day of September, 1873, under the control of the undersigned, and will continue until the 30th of June, 1874.

Tuition $2 50 per scholar, payable monthly.

No deduction made, except in cases of protracted sickness.

CLARA S. POWE.
Sept. 1, 1873.

Campbell House,
J. W CAMPBELL, Proprietor,
SOUTH SIDE OF CONTI STREET,
Between Royal and Water Streets,
Mobile, Ala.
TRANSIENT BOARD PER DAY $ 2 50.
☞Its location is conveniently near all places of business or amusement, as well as the New Orleans, Mobile and Texas Railroad Depots and all the Steamboat Landings.
Aug 10, 1872 12tf

SELMA TIMES.

GREAT REDUCTION OF TERMS.

In order to reach the people, the tax-payers of this State, I shall furnish the SELMA WEEKLY TIMES to clubs at the following extremely low rates:

Ten copies, to one address, with one copy of the New York Sun, gratis to the getter up of the club $15,00
Twenty copies, to one address, with one copy of the DAILY TIMES for six months gratis to the getter up of the club, $25.00
Forty copies, with one copy of the DAILY TIMES for one year, gratis to the getter up of club, $40.00

Address, SEABORN J. SAFFOLD,
Selma, Ala.

MOBILE WEEKLY REGISTER.

This paper, one of the very ablest of the country and one of the oldest and largest in the Southern States, should be taken and read by every farmer and conservative voter in the country. It contains twelve six-column pages of matter—political, agricultural, literary and news. Its editorials are able and interesting and its selections are made with much care and taste.

Hon. John Forsyth, editor-in-chief of the Register, possesses a national reputation as a political writer and as a gentleman of sound and well-matured political opinions.

Prof. J. P. Stelle, the agricultural editor, gives much ability and interest to his department of the paper.

The Weekly Register is issued expressly for country circulation.

The price of this large, able and useful paper is only $3 a year.

MAIL ARRANGEMENTS.

The Linden Mail arrives at Grove Hill on Tuesays and Fridays, at 10 p. m. and closes early on Wednesday and Friday mornings.

The Lower Peach Tree mail arrives on Tuesdays at 12 o'clock M., and closes immediately.

The Coffeeville mail arrives at 12 M. on Thursdays, and closes immediately.

The Evergreen mail arrives Tuesdays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M. and closes early on Wednesday and Saturday mornings.

The Post Office is kept at the store of S. T. Woodard.

H. C. DAFFIN,
Jan 9 1873 Postmaster.

A REGULAR WEEKLY PACKET
The new, elegant and fast running steamboat,
VICTORIA,
FRANK STONE, Master,
R. W. MATHEWS, Clerk.

The VICTORIA leaves Mobile every Saturday evening at 5 o'clock, and passes Jackson and Coffeeville early Sunday morning, and Wood's Bluff near the middle of the day.

RETURNING:
Passes Wood's Bluff, Wednesday at 5 P. M.
" Coffeeville, Thursday, 8 A. M.
" Jackson, " 12 M.
" Carney's Bluff, " 1 P. M.
April 18, 1874 tf

COMMISSIONERS' COURT.

The Court of County Commissioners of Clarke county meets as follows:
1st Monday in January,
2d Monday in February,
3d Monday in May,
2d Monday in August,
3d Monday in November.

Jack R Wilson, Judge; Thos. I. Kimbell, Jas W. Armistead, James M. Jackson and W. L. Williams, Commissioners. JACK R. WILSON,
May. 20, 1tf Judge.

Blanks and posters neatly printed at this office.