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ruined barrier shows that the flood must have  
struck with a volume of 175 feet wide, and  
85 feet deep.

New York is experimenting in com-  
pulsory education. A law has just gone into  
effect requiring the parents and guardians of  
children between eight and fifteen years of  
age to give them annually at least fourteen  
weeks of elementary instruction. Probably  
the most practical feature of the law is that  
which forbids the employment of any labor of  
children within the above ages during the  
time the public schools are open.

WEST.

Northampton, Mass., lost nine bridges  
nearly new by the mill dam flood.

Henri Rochefort, who was a passenger  
on the Mikado from Australia, has arrived  
at San Francisco.

A Chicago packing house was burned  
last week, consuming 600 live hogs and 1,000,  
000 pounds of dead hogs, 870,000, distributed  
among 40 companies.

The bulkhead of Granger dam, in  
upper Wolf river, Wisconsin, gave way last  
week, and the water rushed over the dam, raising  
others. Four men were instantly killed and  
others badly injured.

Forty crusading ladies were arrested  
and taken before the mayor of Pittsburg, Pa.,  
last week, who dismissed them with a threat  
of punishment if they did not discontinue their  
long motor procession and disband.

Accounts from the south-western  
parts of Minnesota represent that the ground  
is literally alive with young grasshoppers  
which have already commenced eating vegeta-  
tion. If they remain the prospects of the crops  
are hopeless.

A Northampton, Mass., dispatch says  
there are now in Mill river valley twelve  
hundred destitute and homeless people to  
feed and clothe, not for one day only, but  
until their future, which is dark and gloomy,  
can be ascertained. At least one hundred thousand  
dollars are needed for immediate use. The women as usual ex-  
hibit more fortitude than the men, and in-  
stead of yielding to their sorrows put forth  
unflinching efforts to improve their general  
condition.

At a meeting of the United States  
Centennial commission at Philadelphia, a  
financial statement was made showing the  
total subscription to be \$4,405,200; total ex-  
penditures to May 1, including plans and work on  
grounds, \$14,712, and estimate of total cost of  
buildings according to designs \$2,750,000. The  
report of the executive committee says: "Without the government aid which has been  
requested it will be impossible to render the  
celebration creditable to the nation and to the  
occasion. The responsibility, therefore, for  
success for the centennial exhibition now  
clearly rests with congress."

One of the most remarkable sales of  
landed stock ever held in this country took  
place at Dexter Park, Chicago, last week, being  
that of the celebrated Lincoln herd of short-horn  
cattle, belonging to W. G. King, of Minn-  
neapolis. Fifty-eight oxen and twenty-one cows  
were sold, the former aggregating \$101,015,  
and the latter \$25,375, being an average of  
\$1,092 each for the bulls. Buyers were pre-  
sent from every part of the United States,  
from Canada, and one, Mr. Robbins, from  
England, who made the most notable pur-  
chase of the day, that of the bull Duke of  
Falmouth, for which he paid \$45,000. A large  
number of the finest animals sold went to  
New York, Kentucky, Iowa, Illinois and Mis-  
souri.

At a recent meeting of workmen  
at Columbus, Ohio, resolutions were adopted  
declaring favor of the nation and of ad-  
ministration for strikes by a law which en-  
joins both to employer and employee; favor-  
ing the enactment of an equitable apprentice  
law; for the enactment of a law to compel  
distilled spirits to be sold at retail prices  
at least once a month in full, and for a law  
giving mechanics and laborers a first lien on  
their work; recognizing in the ballot box the  
great agency through which their wrongs can  
be redressed, and the abrogation of all laws  
that do not bear equally upon capital and la-  
bor; denouncing Superintendent Archibald Mc-  
Lellan for extending the contract of parties who  
do not observe the eight hour law, and de-  
nouncing the system of convict labor; favor-  
ing the enactment of a law to compel the  
stores by the industrial classes; denounc-  
ing all political workings; and favoring a pre-  
fectorial tariff which will better protect the iron  
interests of this country.

SOUTH.

Alligators five foot long are retailed  
in Perry, Georgia, at a dollar apiece.

The president has nominated Mrs.  
Susan H. Durbin as postmistress of Hop-  
kinton, Ky.

Golden Chisholm, charged with the  
murder of Penn. Bell, in Atlanta, Georgia,  
has been acquitted.

The darky immigration into Missis-  
sippi from the Carolinas are turning their  
eyes homeward again.

Andy McLaughlin, a boy of fourteen,  
killed his father with a rock, a few days since,  
in Madison county, Ky.

Wm. Fry, a Louisville negro, seventy-  
four years old, has received a life sentence for  
murdering his young wife.

Mrs. Wreath, proprietress of a beer  
saloon at Memphis, indicted by hanging her-  
self from the transom of a door with a clothes-  
line.

G. W. Smith, of Georgia, has resided  
until June 10, Henry Jackson, the negro who  
was to have been hung in Louisiana last Fri-  
day.

A man named Jordan, and his three  
sons, arrested in Columbia, Ga., for coun-  
terfeiting nickels, have been sent to Savannah  
for trial.

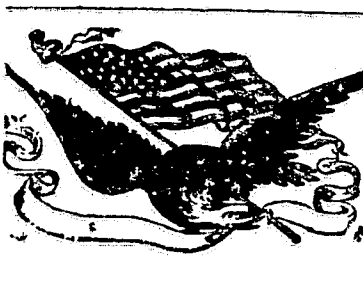
The supreme court has decided that  
quarantine fees, imposed by states, are un-  
constitutional, and a law at New Orleans  
has been issued ordering the quarantine  
board of health from collecting such fees.

The Memphis Cotton Exchange has  
appointed the following delegates to the con-



## The Athens Post,

TERMS CASH IN ADVANCE.

Wm. S. NELSON, Editor.  
FRIDAY, MAY 29th, 1874.FOR CONGRESS.  
From 6th Congressional District;  
HON. L. R. DAVIS,  
OF LIMESTONE.LIMESTONE COUNTY.  
Democratic Executive Committee,  
May 28th, J. McClellan, Chairman,  
M. C. Ramsey, Gaines C. Smith,  
Wm. R. Christopher, George Gilbert,  
Jas. Yarbrough, Porter Bibb,  
T. J. McClellan, Dr. Wm. Millhouse,  
J. M. Townsend, J. N. Malone,  
Hugh W. Tisdale.For the Athens Post.  
Mr. Editor: We, a portion of the  
crowd present on the occasion of the  
meeting on Thursday at French's  
Mill, learn that Capt. Raiser, in his  
speech, states the result of the  
speaking different from our recollection;  
and, after consultation with al-  
most the entire crowd there assembled,  
deem it due to justice and the  
Democratic party to give our  
impressions of the discussion be-  
tween Capt. Raiser and Judge Mc-  
Clellan.We only regret that the entire Dem-  
ocratic party of the county was not  
present, and as expressed, requested  
by gentlemen present, insisted that  
Judge McClellan should make the  
canvass of the county with Capt. Raiser,  
in order to obtain perfect har-  
mony and concert of action among the  
voters of the Democratic and conser-  
vative party. Judge McClellan ar-  
rived on the ground when Capt. Raiser  
was about half through his speech,  
the burden of which was attacks up-  
on the action of the Executive Com-  
mittee, the ignorance of the country  
people in County Conventions, &c.  
Judge McClellan being called upon,  
answered the Captain's remarks,  
charging him with desertion of the  
Democratic party, aiding and abet-  
ting Radicalism, many inconsistencies,  
and in short with being a thorough  
disorganizer, intent on mischief.  
The Judge also explained clearly and  
fully the course of the Executive  
Committee of the county, to the en-  
tire satisfaction of the crowd. Capt.  
Raiser, in his rejoinder, so far from  
answering the grave charges made  
against him, did not even attempt to  
do so—and in the opinion of the as-  
sembled company stood up used and  
whipped.

(Names if wanted.)

## UNIVERSAL SUFFRAGE.

We cannot refrain from giving our  
readers the following, which we find  
in that excellent paper, the Mont-  
gomery Advertiser, and from the  
Chicago Tribune, which was once the  
leading organ and one of the most  
influential Journals of the Radical  
party in the North West. "Such a  
contestation from such a source will  
carry its own weight."Universal suffrage has cheapened  
the ballot. It has taught ignorance  
that the franchise belonged to a man  
of right, was his property, instead of  
a trust committed to him by the State  
to be used for the State's benefit.  
Such a belief is the parent of vote-  
selling. It has driven our highest  
type of men from public life, and has  
brought into prominence the dema-  
gogues who can stoop to enjoin the  
masses. Massachusetts rejects Chas.  
Francis Adams and elects Benjamin  
F. Butler. New York City sent Boss  
Tweed, detected and exposed, to the  
State Senate, and would send him  
again. Universal suffrage has made  
the Southern State House a den of  
thieves, a beer garden, in which the  
gathered youths diversify stealing by  
fighting.In buildings taxed more than the  
rents they yield, in farms sold for  
taxes, in paralyzed business and a  
crushed industry, in a carnival of  
robbery and riot, we read the lesson  
universal suffrage teaches in South  
Carolina. Its results elsewhere have  
been almost as baneful. It has re-  
duced Louisiana to a worse condition  
than if she were a province of Spain.  
The logic of facts shows the danger  
of granting the ballot to everybody.  
Democratization is the inevitable re-  
sult. We cannot take the franchise  
away from its present possessors, but  
we can shut the gate through which  
the future victims of ignorance and  
crime will hurry to the polls. The  
suffrage should be the prize of knowl-  
edge, and should be forfeited for crime,  
and education should be made com-  
pulsory. In some such ways we must  
purify our court of last resort, if we  
would save the Republic or even  
make it worth saving.The Alabama and Chattanooga  
Railroad was sold by Governor Low-  
ell on Tuesday last, to a  
party of New England capitalists, so  
we hope the trouble and annoy-  
ance this road has given to the state  
of Alabama, is at an end.

## The Civil Rights Bill.

The Republican party have been whipped  
into the traces and driven up to their work  
most gallantly. Notwithstanding the actual  
or pretended opposition of certain Senators to  
certain features of the Civil Rights Bill, the  
whole body of Republican Senators have en-  
dorsed it. It is to run the gauntlet of the  
House. It is whether or not, it is ab-  
solutely certain that the Republican party  
avows the bill, and will be held responsible  
for the action of the Senate. The bill is not  
"early sweeping in its character. It provides  
under heavy penalties that negroes shall be  
admitted to the enjoyment of all privileges  
allowed white men by institutions supported  
in whole or part at the public expense or un-  
der public license. It includes entrance to  
the dress circle of theatres, to the parlors and  
dining-rooms of hotels, to the sleeping cars  
and to the saloons of steamboats. It provides  
that negro children shall be taught side by  
side with the white children in the public  
schools. It breaks down the public schools  
of Mobile, and turns upon the streets the chil-  
dren of both whites and blacks, simply because  
they do not sit in the same school-room or up-  
on the same bench. It is the most infamous  
bill that ever disgraced a civilized and en-  
lightened people. It attacks honorable prejudices  
which have their birth in the instincts of Na-  
ture, and destroys great charitable institu-  
tions in order to obtain favor for the hour with  
a certain number of voters. Whom the Gods  
would destroy they make first mad." (Mobile  
Register.)[For the "Post."  
Athens, Ala., May 28th, 1874.  
GENTLEMEN OF THE DEM. EX. COM-  
MITTEE,  
Limestone County:Having at a  
meeting of the Dem. Ex. Committee, or  
rather an informal meeting of the  
Chairman of said committee, and as  
there was no quorum present, and  
therefore nobody clothed with power  
to act on my resignation, and having  
since been solicited by citizens of  
different beats of this county not to  
resign, I hereby withdraw my resig-  
nation, and would suggest that if the  
Committee desire to bring any mat-  
ter before said Committee that I will  
take pleasure in calling a meeting of  
the same.CHAS. W. RAISLER,  
Chairman Dem. Ex. Committee of  
Limestone.A Washington letter says: "It  
seems now to be understood that at  
the decoration ceremonies at Arling-  
ton this year, a more tolerant policy  
will be adopted than upon former oc-  
casions, and that the graves of the  
Confederate soldiers will be decorated.  
It is understood, too, that the  
tone of all the exercises on the oc-  
casion will be broad and liberal to-  
wards the opinions and motives of the  
soldiers of the Lost Cause."

## Hon. Daniel Coleman.

The following which explains it-  
self was addressed to the editor of the  
Montgomery Evening Ledger.

DECATUR, ALA., MAY 15, 1874.

MR. BENJ. KIESER—  
Ed. Ledger: In your valuable pa-  
per we have noticed the names of  
many gentlemen of worth and ability,  
mentioned, as suitable to fill different  
offices. We ask space to suggest an-  
other, whose name is well known in  
Alabama, and would give strength to  
the Conservative and Democratic tick-  
et if placed on it.We nominate Daniel Coleman, of  
Limestone, for the office of Attorney  
General. He is a first rate lawyer of  
fine judgment, and excellent char-  
acter, and would be prompt and dili-  
gent in his duties if chosen to the  
office. His noble father was for many  
years on the supreme Court bench of  
Alabama.Now, Mr. Editor, if you want a  
strong man from North Alabama on  
the ticket, we offer him to you. The  
party could not make a better nomi-  
nation.

## STRENGTH.

Governor Moses, of South Caro-  
lina, has been indicted and arrested on  
a charge of grand larceny. Is this  
an evidence of a returning sense of  
justice in a State governed by robbers  
or is it an effort to secure a more  
equal division of the plunder? As  
there is no doubt of his guilt, we pre-  
sume Moses will forfeit his \$6,000  
bond and seek elsewhere, a place  
where he can enjoy in safety the fruit  
of this thievery.—Clarksville Chroni-  
cle.A caucus of the Representatives  
from eleven cotton States was held  
in Washington, a few days since, to  
perfect a bill for the refunding of the  
unconstitutional cotton tax, which  
the Government collected to the a-  
mount of many million dollars. The  
caucus was harmonious and the  
members of the House who were  
present resolved to press the mea-  
sure at this session.The Agricultural Congress, lately  
in session at Atlanta, says the Clarke  
ville Chronicle, was unanimous in the  
belief that water transportation is  
indispensable as a means of cheap  
freight, and demanded of congress  
due encouragement of an efficient  
system of river and canal navigation.  
The same body firmly protested a-  
gainst the authority of the general  
government to assume control of  
railroads within the States or passing  
out of them. The Grangers have a  
deep interest in both subjects, and  
should investigate, with a view to a  
full understanding of their bearings  
upon the interests of agriculture.

## The Cotton Tax.

Forty nine representatives, from  
the States of North and South Caro-  
lina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Miss-  
issippi, Louisiana, Texas, Tennessee  
and Arkansas, says the Montgomery  
Advertiser, were present at the re-  
cent meeting held in Washington for  
the purpose of considering the ques-  
tion of the refunding of the cotton tax.  
Mr. Lamar, of Mississippi, presided.  
Three bills are now pending, but it  
is believed that the bill offered by  
Mr. White, of Alabama, will be agreed  
upon. It provides for the appoint-  
ment of commissioners to determine  
whether the tax has been paid, and  
makes the receipts of the internal  
revenue officials prima facie evi-  
dence of payment. In each provi-  
dence of payment, bonds are to be is-  
sued. The subject was referred by  
the meeting to a committee, who ex-  
pect to report soon. Mr. Cook, of  
Georgia, is the chairman of the com-  
mittee.SOUTH CAROLINA ROGUES.—Some  
of the official plunderers of South  
Carolina have been regularly indicted  
for breach of trust and grand larceny  
and if their offences are as flagrant as  
they have been represented it should  
not be difficult to convict them.  
Would it not be a good notion to try  
the legal remedy in all the Southern  
States against rascally officials?A prominent Southern clergyman  
passed through Louisville a few days  
since enroute home. He stated that  
2,000 German families, who recently  
settled in Wisconsin, have determi-  
ned to pull up stakes and leave for  
Alabama. They state that the climate  
of Wisconsin is too cold for them.—Ex.

## A Washington dispatch says.

The President unequivocally condemned  
the currency bill passed by the Sen-  
ate. He considered the bill as origi-  
nally reported by the finance Com-  
mittee a measure of compromise, and  
though not such a measure as he  
would wish, had been passed to pro-  
vide for specie payment, he would  
have been willing to accept it as a  
compromise with the South and  
West.Almost too Horrible for Belief.  
Baltimore, May 13.—A statement is  
published this morning of a shocking  
outrage perpetrated by two negroes  
on James Henry Woodley [colored],  
aged fifteen, in Howard county, on  
the 15th of April. The boy charges  
that the men scolded and branded  
his limbs with a red hot iron, and  
afterward poured turpentine  
over his naked body and set him on  
fire. In this condition he escaped  
and succeeded in extinguishing the  
flames. Woodley is at the Lombard  
street infirmary. His back and legs  
are roasted to a crisp. His recovery  
is doubtful. It is reported that the  
persons who committed the outrage  
can be arrested.Brooks has reluctantly yielded to  
Baxter the gubernatorial chair of Ar-  
kansas, but it is to be regretted that  
this radical filibuster cannot be  
forced to foot the bill of cost incur-  
red by his lawless violence.

## Summer Politics.

During the ensuing three months several  
important events are looked for occurrence  
that will no doubt shake to some extent the  
Presidential election. The West seems to  
be breaking away from parties and for-  
ming new combinations, while the East seems  
to be awake to the necessity of a complete  
reconstruction of parties. The Virginia  
farmers meet in convention on May 29 to  
consider the political and industrial inter-  
ests; Oregon elects a State ticket June 1,  
there being a fusion between Republicans  
and Democrats; the Illinois Independents  
will promulgate a platform and ticket June  
10; The Indiana and Kansas Independents  
will follow their example on the same day;  
June 17 is the appointed time for the In-  
diana and Illinois Republicans to hold their  
State conventions; the Maine democracy,  
who let the late election go by default, will,  
on June 29, endeavor to galvanize themselves  
into a respectable party on the following  
day. The Iowa Anti-Monopoly Convention  
will be held on July 1; the Indiana and Ohio  
Democrats will hold their State Conventions,  
and on July 29 will be held the Alabama  
Conservative Convention. The hot summer is  
not likely to prevent a warm political  
campaign, especially in the West, where  
the financial question and the farmers  
grievances are the absorbing themes.—(N. Y.  
Herald.)Those who want to know, says the Selma  
"Argus," as exactly as it can be pictured,  
what negro domination and carpetbag-  
ging rule mean, should make haste to  
read the illustrated article on South Carolina  
in the June number of Scribner's Magazine,  
now just out.The Washington correspondent of  
the Louisville Courier-Journal says that  
Gen. Gordon "has written an  
able letter, just published upon the  
currency question. He contends  
that the Government ought either to  
remove the tax on State bank notes,  
or not national bank notes, and  
money of the nation. He opposes  
contraction and the national banking  
system arguing that no relief can  
come under the latter system.""The pen is mightier than the  
sword." Jesse S. Grant's little pen  
just knocked Joe Brooks' battle-axe  
endways, and turned his into prun-  
gling hooks, in the twinkling of a gate  
post.

## MINING WEALTH.

Copper-Great Excitement in Ran-  
dolph County, Alabama—One Ton  
to the Hand Per Day and worth  
One Hundred Dollars Per Ton.From the Carrollton Times.]  
On last Monday there passed  
through this place on their way to  
the terminus of the railroad, four  
two horse wagons, loaded with cop-  
per ore, taken from a mine in the  
upper part of Randolph county, Ala-  
bama, which is said to give every evi-  
dence of being inexhaustible and al-  
so very rich. From the best infor-  
mation we can get upon the subject,  
these mines are in the upper part  
of Randolph county, or where it joins  
Cleburne, in the vicinity of what is  
known as Gold Ridge, which place  
is about twenty miles from this point,  
and about five or six from the line  
of this county.The present works are upon the  
land of a gentleman by the name of  
Dick Woods, who before commencing  
operations, took specimens of the  
ore to Baltimore and had it as-  
sayed. There it was pronounced  
very rich—not surpassed by Corn-  
wall, England. Mr. Woods upon his  
return home, being without means to  
work the Mines properly, managed  
we learn, to get capital advanced to  
him in Atlanta, upon the prospective  
promise of the mines. We have not  
been able to learn the force he has at  
work, but the parties driving the  
teams through here on last Monday,  
state Mr. Woods wants to get about  
twenty more wagons, and with that  
number he could hardly move the  
ore from the mines as fast as it was  
gotten out, and they also stated that  
a hand could get out a ton a day; so  
we infer from this, that he has a pre-  
tly respectable force at work.The ore is said to be worth \$100 per  
ton, and to be very accessible, as it  
lies very near the surface.The direction of Gold ridge from  
this place is due west, and it is quite  
probable that this mine is connected  
with the copper mines of this county.  
Carrollton Station is the nearest rail-  
road point to Gold Ridge, and it is  
the intention of Mr. Woods to haul  
his ore to that point.An Iowa man who was called a  
fraud has recovered thirteen cents  
damages. When a jury pronounces  
that a man lacks but thirteen cents  
of being a fraud, the court ought to  
instruct the sheriff to keep an eye on  
him.

## New Advertisements.

## Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of two writs to me directed from  
the Hon. Court of Law and Equity, at Court-  
land, Lawrence county, Alabama, I will pro-  
ceed to sell to the highest bidder for cash, on  
the 1st Monday in July, 1874, in front of the  
Court House door in the town of Athens,  
Limestone county, Alabama, the following  
described lands to-wit: lying and being in the  
county of Lawrence, Alabama, and known  
as follows: S. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4, sec. 29; the N. 1/2  
of S. W. 1/4, sec. 29; the E. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4, sec. 29;  
the S. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4, sec. 29; the N. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4,  
sec. 31; the S. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4, sec. 31; the E. 1/2 of S. W. 1/4,  
sec. 31; all in T. 3 N. R. 3 E. west containing 720 ac-  
res more or less. Said lands are levied on  
and sold as the property of R. E. Tweedy  
to satisfy said writs in favor of Adams Thrane &  
Co., and Wm. T. Plummer, Trustees, &c.  
J. H. MALONE,  
Sheriff.

May 29 '74 (tds.)

Cash for subscrip-  
tions to the "Post."

Johnston &amp; Nunns.

310 Main St.,  
Opposite PEABODY HOTEL;  
Memphis, Tenn.

## Wholesale &amp; Retail

DEALERS IN

Notions, Fancy Goods, Fine White  
GOODS, and TOYS,  
Hosiery, Embozings,  
Lace and Linen Sets;  
Gloves, Laces, Lace and Linen  
HANDKERCHIEFS;  
Corsets, Trimmings  
Underwear, Gloves, Ribbons;  
Bergman's Berlin Zephyr Wool;  
Fancy Wool Work and Embroidering  
Materials.  
Costumers Goods.  
Gold and Silver Jewelry, Straps,  
Spangles and Fringes.We are daily receiving all  
the novelties of the season, in our  
line—as they appear in the Eastern  
markets.Just received 250 sets Field Croquet, in  
all numbers, commencing at \$2.50 per set.Orders solicited!  
We will sell goods as  
low as any House in the  
South-west!JOHNSTON & NUNNS,  
MEMPHIS,  
Tenn.

## Executor's Notice.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of  
Samuel Tanner, Sr., deceased, having been  
granted to the undersigned, on the 28th day  
of April, 1874, by Hon. Joshua P. Coman,  
Judge of the Probate Court of Limestone  
County, said of Alabama, notice is hereby  
given that all parties having claims against  
said estate will be required to present the  
same within the time allowed by law, prop-  
erly authenticated, or the same will be for-  
ever barred, and all persons indebted to said  
deceased are hereby required to make pay-  
ment to me without delay.JOHN T. TANNER,  
Executor of the estate of Samuel Tanner,  
Sr., deceased.ALL KINDS of JOB  
work done at the office of the "Post."

## B. LOWENSTEIN &amp; BRO'S;

Nos. 242 and 244 MAIN STREET,  
Corner of Jefferson Street;  
MEMPHIS, Tennessee.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

## Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods.

Linen, Ribbons, Silks, Laces, Notions, Furnishing Goods,  
Hosiery, Ladies' Ready Made Dresses, and European novelties  
Buttons, Passamenterie and Fringes.  
Imported direct from manufacturers, and for sale at prices as low as  
any market on this continent.

may 8-74.

## Ayer's

## Hair Vigor

For restoring to Gray Hair its  
natural Vitality and Color.

A dressing which is at once agreeable, healthy, and effective for preserving the hair, or restoring it to its original color, with the gloss and freshness of youth. Thin hair is thickened, falling hair checked, and baldness often, though not always, cured by its use. Nothing can restore the hair where the follicles are destroyed, or the glands atrophied and decayed; but such as remain can be saved by this application, and stimulated into activity, so that a new growth of hair is produced. Instead of fouling the hair with a pasty sediment, it will keep it clean and vigorous. Its occasional use will prevent the hair from turning gray or falling off, and consequently prevent baldness. The restoration of vitality it gives to the scalp arrests and prevents the formation of dandruff, which is often so uncleanly and offensive. Free from those deleterious substances which make some preparations dangerous, and injurious to the hair, the Vigor can only benefit, but not harm it. If wanted merely for a HAIR DRESSING, nothing else can be found so desirable. Containing neither oil nor dye, it does not soil white cambric, and yet lasts long on the hair, giving it a rich, glossy lustre, and a grateful perfume.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer &amp; Co., Lowell, Mass.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

## Final Settlement.

STATE OF ALABAMA—LIMESTONE COUNTY.

PROBATE COURT MAY 7th, 1874.

This day comes Nathan P. Skinner, ad-  
ministrator of Thomas T. Skinner, deceased,  
and files accounts and vouchers for a final  
settlement of his administration.It is ordered by the Court that the 12th  
day of June be a day appointed for making  
such final settlement, and that 2 weeks no-  
tice be given by publication in the "Athens  
Post," a public newspaper, printed in the  
town of Athens, notifying all persons in any  
way interested to appear and contest the  
same if they think proper.JOSHUA P. COMAN,  
Judge P. C.

May 15, '74, 3-w.

## JONES &amp; TURRENTINE

## Attorneys at Law,

(OFFICE, UP STAIRS IN RAISER'S BLOCK.)  
Athens, Alabama.Will practice in all the Courts of this  
State. Special attention paid to  
Probate and Chancery business.  
Jan 10, 1873-14.

## Estray Notice!

Taken up on the 3rd day of May 1874 by  
S. C. Tully on his premises in Limestone  
county Ala 2 certain mules—one a roan  
common size with the middle of tail black—  
one a bright bay low and heavy set, each  
about 19 or 20 years old, and both appraised  
before John L. Nelson Justice of Peace, at  
twenty-five dollars. Given under my hand  
May 7th 1874. JOSHUA P. COMAN,  
Judge P. C.

May 8th.

## Notice.

Insert We will not, under any circumstances,  
insert a foreign advertisement in the "Post"  
unless the money, or its equivalent accom-  
panies the advertisement.Cash for Subscrip-  
tions to the "Post."

ESTABLISHED 1858.

## BARNUM and CO.

JEWELERS,  
No. 265 Main St. Cor. of Court,  
Memphis, Tenn.Offer an unusually attractive stock of Fine  
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry and silver, at  
low prices.

REPAIRING DONE.

May 8th '74.

## COMMENCEMENT WEEK

OF THE

## Athens Female Institute;

Athens—Ala.

—20—

The public is respectfully invited to attend  
the closing exercises of this Institution,  
which will occur in the following order:—Commencement Sermon—  
Sunday, June 7th, 11 A. M., by Rev.  
R. K. Hargrove, D. D.

—20—

Tuesday, June 9th, 8 P. M.

Graduating Exercises

Wednesday, June 10th, 8 P. M.

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Thursday, June 11th, 8 P. M.

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## Mrs. F. E. Reynolds

Has received the largest Lot of Millinery ever brought to Athens,

and solicits an examination of the same.

Embracing in part

Bonnets of every description, Hats of all qualities and sizes,

most elegant; Flowers at any price. Flowers,

all kinds. Toys, Chains, Necklaces, Crosses, Silks, Tissues, Ribbons of

chiefs, now all the rage in larger cities. The new Scarfs, and Handker-

Store. In fact NEARLY EVERYTHING Kept in a First Class Millinery

Store. M. 1, 1f.

## New Drug Store!

## BRITTLE &amp; Co.

—S-T-S-T-S-T—

Having re-fitted and re-furnished the house formerly occupied by

J. H. Hoffman &amp; Co., on the North side of the Public Square, we

have opened up a well selected stock, comprising ev-

erything usually kept in a First Class DRUG STORE.

We will keep on hand the best brands of chewing and smoking Tobac-

cos, Cigars, &amp;c., &amp;c.







